

Major T. H. B. Brooke, Deputy Commissioner, IV Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, III Class, with effect from the 25th March 1879, the date on which Mr. F. Venning, c.s., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, III Class, received charge of the Jubbulpore Commissionership.

Mr. A. M. Russell, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, IV Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, III Class, with effect from the 9th May 1879, *vice* Major T. W. Hogg, appointed to officiate as Judge, Small Cause Court, and Cantonment Magistrate, Jubbulpore.

Colonel E. M. Playfair, Deputy Commissioner, II Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, I Class, with effect from the 18th May 1879, *vice* Mr. F. Venning, Deputy Commissioner, I Class, officiating as Commissioner of the Jubbulpore Division.

Major H. M. Repton, Deputy Commissioner, III Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, II Class, *vice* Colonel Playfair.

Mr. H. J. MacGeorge, Deputy Commissioner, IV Class, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, III Class, *vice* Major Repton, with effect from the 27th May 1879, the date on which he assumed charge of the Betul District.

No. 473.—Appointments.—Mr. G. E. Barr, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class, 1st Grade, in British Burma, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class, 2nd Grade, during the absence on leave of Moung Shwe Hline, or until further orders:

Moung Toh, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, 1st Grade, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

JUDICIAL.

The 4th August 1879.

No. 862.—The Hon'ble L. P. D. Broughton, an Officiating Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained privilege leave for one month and nineteen days, with effect from the 16th November next, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 5th August 1879.

No. 869.—The Hon'ble J. S. White, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 16th ultimo, of the leave granted to him in Home Department Notification No. 323, dated the 9th May last.

AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE.

The 6th August 1879.

No. 182.—The services of 1st Class Veterinary Surgeon J. Anderson, of the Royal Artillery, which were placed at the disposal of the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce by Military Department General Order No. 455 of the 30th April 1875, for employment in connection with measures for dealing with cattle disease, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 1st proximo.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 8th August 1879.

No. 2087E.-P.—The following despatch from the Government of India to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

No. 160, dated Simla, 7th July 1879.

From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

In our despatch of the 2nd of June, we transmitted to Her Majesty's Government a copy of the Treaty concluded in May last with the Amir of Afghanistan; and we have now the honor to lay before Your Lordship a full report of our proceedings in connection with recent Afghan affairs.

2. Your Lordship's despatch of the 18th of November 1878 briefly recapitulated the leading features of the policy of the British Government toward Afghanistan, and reviewed the course of events and transactions which terminated with the reception of a Russian Mission at Kabul, the deputation of Sir Neville Chamberlain as British Envoy to the Amir, and the repulse of his embassy at Ali Musjid. Immediately upon that repulse being known, a demand for apology and reparation was addressed to the Amir; and, when no answer was received within the period prescribed, His Highness was declared an enemy of the British Government, and the British forces entered his kingdom on the 21st of November.

3. The plan of operations to be followed by the British Army in Afghanistan had received our most careful consideration; and, in its scope and aim, it was strictly limited to the attainment of certain definite objects. We deem it now due, both to ourselves, and to Her Majesty's Government by whom they were approved, to state

and explain those objects before describing the measures adopted for the attainment of them.

4. For some time previous to the immediate occasion of the late Afghan War, the warning course of events beyond the north-west frontier of India had forced upon the anxious attention of this Government certain features in the character of that frontier, which could not but be regarded as defective if judged by the well-known axiom of modern military science,—that the strategic value of any natural obstacle, such as a river or a mountain range, is mainly dependent on the command of the points of issue on both sides, and the consequent power of operating at will on either side of it. Before the war just ended in Afghanistan the north-west frontier of India was drawn along the eastern base of a vast and widely extended system of mountains. With the exception of the southern defiles (recently secured by the Khelat Treaty of 1876) all the passes through that portion of the range which, sloping towards Afghanistan, rises immediately above the plains of India, were in the hands of wild, independent, and more or less hostile, tribes: and the Army of India, if attacked upon this frontier by a skilful and powerful enemy, would have had no alternative between forcing the passes, under conditions of much difficulty and danger, in order to meet its adversary in a hostile country, far from its base, and without any friendly support within reach, or else, with a great, and often almost impassable, river at its back, awaiting his arrival behind a frontier line of one thousand miles in length, pierced by passes open to the enemy at points too numerous to be all effectually guarded. It is needless to dwell upon the serious character of the danger to which India would be exposed in any such eventuality.

5. On the other hand, apart from this serious strategic defect, our late land frontier had much to recommend it from an administrative point of view: and we consider that, when that frontier was first accepted, the adoption of it was justified by a reasonable regard to the political circumstances, and general convenience, of the moment. It was not deliberately selected, on strategic grounds, with a view to contingencies at that time remote; and, even then, there were not wanting eminent advocates for the adoption of the Indus River as a better strategic border than the mountain chain beyond it. But this mountain chain approximately represented the limits of the Sikh power, and of the territories which the Punjab campaigns had transferred to the British Government; and, conquest having been carried thus far, we think it was a wise decision not to carry it beyond the point at which military operations would have become more difficult, and their results less satisfactory. Rich plains, although easily overrun, are easily held; and they remunerate the benefits conferred on them by improved administration. Wild mountain tracts are not only difficult to traverse, and difficult to subdue, but, when subdued, the administration of them is unprofitable. The foot of the mountains offered to India a well-defined boundary; and, although the adoption of this line left our north-west border peculiarly exposed to injury and insult from the hill tribes around it, yet, on the whole, the inconvenience of remaining within it was less than the inconvenience of advancing beyond it. Between this line and the nearest outposts of the Russian power in Central Asia intervened nearly one thousand miles of difficult country, inhabited by warlike populations existing in various degrees of feudal relation to the Amirs of Kabul and the Khans of Khelat. So long as the land frontier of India was unexposed to the pressure of any political or military influences more formidable than those of the marauding tribes around it, and the weak Governments of barbarous States beyond them, its strategic defects might be contemplated without anxiety by the Government of India.

6. But the possibility of the danger was not overlooked; and it is, we conceive, with a view to the prevention of it, that the British Government, both in India and in England, has at all times attached supreme importance to the exclusion of foreign influence from Afghan and Biluch territory. Guided by this consideration, the invariable aim of its policy has been to secure the friendship, the confidence, and, in case of need, the co-operation, of the Sovereigns of Kabul and Khelat. Unfortunately, however, causes, which we need not now examine, rendered fruitless the measures adopted for that purpose; and in 1875 our relations with these two Sovereigns had become almost intolerable. The subsidy given to the Khan of Khelat had been withdrawn. The subsidy offered to the Amir of Kabul had been rejected. The whole of Biluchistan was in that condition of complete anarchy which so frequently precedes the loss of independence; and for the restoration of his authority the Khan was looking, not to his British, but to his Afghan and Persian, neighbours. For some time previous to this, the attitude assumed by the Amir of Kabul towards

the Government of India had been growing more and more unfriendly and mistrustful; whilst the communications between His Highness and the Governor of Russian Turkestan had simultaneously increased in frequency and apparent confidence. In the meanwhile, the distance between the Indian and Russian Empires had been reduced from 1,000 to 400 miles, by advances exclusively on the part of the Russian military power.

7. In these circumstances, the Government of India could no longer afford to contemplate with indifference the strategic defects of its north-west frontier. We felt that strenuous endeavours should be made, without further loss of time, to find in the stability, friendship, and alliance, of the trans-frontier States those sources of security from external danger which were not furnished by the condition of the frontier itself. In Khelat our endeavours were not unsuccessful: and the Treaty signed with that State in 1876 virtually placed in our hands the command of the southern passes, thus giving to India a strong frontier from the neighbourhood of Multan to the sea, a distance of 500 miles. This arrangement, moreover, by restoring order, and reviving trade and agriculture, throughout Biluchistan, has been eminently beneficial to the Khan and his subjects, in whom the Government of India found loyal and useful allies during the late Afghan War. All endeavours, however, to ameliorate our relations with the Amir of Kabul were completely abortive: and the unfriendliness of His Highness was apparently increased by the increasingly critical condition of relations between the British and Russian Governments, until at last it culminated in the open repulse of a British, after the open reception of a Russian, Mission to his capital. From the foregoing summary of the circumstances and events immediately preceding the rupture of our relations with the Amir of Kabul, it will be seen what cause we then had to view with grave anxiety the defective features of our Afghan Frontier. It was not compatible with the policy and principles of this Government to have recourse to the sword for the remedy of those defects: but it was our paramount duty to India not to leave them unrepaired if we were successful in a war which we had made every effort to avert.

8. When, therefore, military operations against the late Amir of Kabul had been necessitated by circumstances already reported, we determined to direct them, not only to the punishment of an unprovoked affront, but also to the prompt and complete attainment of the following objects: *Firstly*, the exclusion of all foreign influence from Afghanistan: and, *Secondly*, such a rectification of our Afghan Frontier as would suffice to render impossible for the future the exclusion of British influence from that State. These, at least, are the results it was our object to secure; those which it was equally our object to avoid were more numerous; and, since they materially affected our plan of operations, we must here indicate the nature of them.

9. When forced to declare hostilities against the Amir Sher Ali, we were warned by several high authorities that a short or a small Afghan war would prove to be impossible: that we should be opposed in overwhelming numbers by the independent tribes whom the Amir (to quote his own words) had threatened to "roll against us like blasts of fire:" that, after forcing passes thus fiercely contested, we should be confronted by a united Afghan nation: that, having once crossed the frontier, we could not safely arrest our progress till we had completed the entire conquest of Afghanistan: that such a conquest could not be abandoned without the risk of renewing, and, perhaps, aggravating, our political dangers, nor yet maintained without heavily augmenting our financial and administrative burdens: and that, in either case, our utmost military success would bequeath to the Afghan people, whether as neighbours or as subjects, memories and sentiments of inextinguishable animosity; leaving to ourselves no practical alternative between the helpless contemplation of the confusion and anarchy created by our own action, and the wholesale annexation of a barren country and a turbulent people.

10. The Government of India would have been inexcusable had it disregarded warnings so numerous, and so authoritative. The dangers thus indicated were not underrated by us: but we had long and fully considered them from every point of view, in direct reference to carefully verified facts; and we were satisfied, by our knowledge of the actual condition of Afghanistan at the time when hostilities were declared, that no such dangers need be incurred if adequate precautions were taken to avoid them.

11. In the first place, for the rectification of our frontier as defined in paragraph 8 of this despatch, no great extension of territory was required. All we needed was the permanent command,—not of passes extending far into the interior of the vast mountain tract beyond our border, but of those which, piercing the extreme eastern

edge of that tract as it rises immediately above the plains of India, constitute the only practicable approaches to our Empire from beyond its northern and western confines. The main defiles of the Mohmand and Afridi hills, converging towards Peshawur, are peopled by independent tribes, and have never belonged to the Amirs of Kabul. For the command of these passes it would probably suffice, after clearing them of the Amir's troops, to resume to ourselves the payment and control of the pass tribes. The valley of the Kuram, rising westward from the Punjab border between Kohat and Thal, terminates at the Shutur-Gardan, a high ridge of the Safed Koh Range: and an army holding that position would command, on the one side, Kabul and Ghazni, on the other, easy access into India. Our southern frontier, as before observed, had been greatly strengthened by our arrangements with Khelat; which gave us a strong position above the Bolan Pass. From Western Afghanistan, however, all the approaches to this position debouch in the fertile district of Pishin, which, bounded by the Kojak-Amran range, constitutes the great natural granary of Quetta. Holding Pishin, and commanding the issues of the Kojak Pass, we could descend at will upon the plains of Kandahar, or advance to meet an enemy in the open field; whilst no enemy could debouch upon our own plains by the Bolan without first besieging and taking Quetta (no easy task), and then forcing a long and difficult pass, of which we hold the issues. For these reasons, we regarded the permanent military command of the Kuram and Pishin districts as essential to the complete rectification of our frontier. But all such objects could certainly be attained without wholesale annexation, and possibly even without any actual acquisition of territory.

12. In the next place, many of the independent pass tribes were not indifferent, either to the Amir's withdrawal of the allowances they had formerly received from His Highness, or to the possible renewal of those they had at one time received from the British Government: and we had been careful to secure the neutrality of these tribes, so far as neutrality could be expected from robber hordes certain, in the event of any conflict between British and Afghan troops, to side with the victorious, and fall upon the vanquished, combatant. In the third place, an all-important change had been silently effected, during the reign of Sher Ali, in the social and administrative character of Afghanistan. This change was peculiarly favourable to our whole plan of operations which had, indeed, been mainly determined by the knowledge of it.

13. During the reign of the Amir Dost Mahomed, the fighting power of Afghanistan was mainly of a tribal and feudal character. From the time of his accession to the throne, however, it had been the aim of the Amir Sher Ali to break up this tribal organisation, and replace it by a mercenary army. The system of internal government thus introduced by His Highness had undermined the national foundations of his power. His standing army was regarded by the local Chiefs as a menace to their independence. The compulsory enlistment of troops, for whose maintenance the nation was severely taxed, had extended the unpopularity of Sher Ali's rule to all parts of his dominions, and all classes of his subjects. The administration, as well as the army, had become denationalised. The chief civil and military offices of the State, to which the custom of the country had given a somewhat family character, were, under the new system, necessarily entrusted to men with no power or influence independent of the Sovereign's favour. By thus centralising his authority, the Amir had isolated himself from his Sirdars; and an administration destructive of popular privileges was naturally unsupported by popular sympathies. Partly by the aid and countenance of the British Government, Sher Ali had gradually brought under his personal sway all the dominions formerly claimed by his dynasty; but for the government of them he was driven more and more, by increasing mistrust of his Sirdars, his subjects, and his neighbours, to expedients which only increased a disaffection they were intended to suppress. The Afghans, in short, had grown weary of Sher Ali's domestic administration; whilst all their national sentiments and prejudices were opposed to that fatal intimacy with Russia which was the final error of his foreign policy.

14. Such being the actual condition of affairs in Afghanistan when war was declared by the British Government against the Amir of Kabul, it was no impossible task to maintain, between the Afghan people and their ruler, that practical distinction proclaimed by the Viceroy in the manifesto which accompanied the declaration of hostilities. We were persuaded that the Sirdars and people of Afghanistan, (if considerately treated by the military and political officers charged with the execution of our orders, which, on this point, were most explicit), would not make common cause with the Amir, or support him in resisting the chastisement he had so recklessly pro-

voked. We were also persuaded that the resources of his country would fail the Amir, no less effectually than the disposition of his subjects, in any attempt to prolong such resistance after the fighting power of his army had been thoroughly broken. By far the most serious embarrassment we had to anticipate was, neither the hostility of the Afghan people, nor the strength of the Afghan Army, but the complete disintegration of the Afghan State, which might not improbably result from the swift and total destruction of Sher Ali's personal power. With this contingency, which had engaged our lengthened and anxious consideration, we felt we must be prepared to deal in case of necessity. It was constantly before our eyes, and in our thoughts, during the period which elapsed between the declaration of hostilities and the signature of peace. As, however, it has not arisen, we need not now say more about it than that it was a contingency which we were at all times anxious to avert.

15. We have recorded, and explained at some length, the importance attached by the Government of India to the prevention, as well as to the promotion, of certain political results during the conduct of the war, and the negociation of the peace, with Kabul, because our entire plan of military operations was directly dictated, and all its strategic combinations constantly restricted, by these important political considerations. From first to last, throughout the recent campaign in Afghanistan, military action has been strictly subordinated to political purpose: and this acknowledgment is due to those able military officers whose discreet exercise of the political powers entrusted to them has greatly enhanced the practical value of their successful achievements in the field. It was necessary to inflict signal and public punishment on the late Amir Sher Ali Khan, and to destroy his fighting power as speedily and completely as possible. These objects would have been most swiftly and simply accomplished by the immediate capture and temporary occupation of Kabul. But we had serious cause to apprehend that, by thus precipitating the downfall of Sher Ali, we might irretrievably shake to pieces all the independent materials of government in Afghanistan; bequeathing to Sher Ali's successor no stable basis of authority, and placing ourselves in a position from which we could not afterwards retire without surrendering to anarchy and civil conflict a State which it was our object to strengthen and consolidate in the manner most conducive to peaceable and friendly relations with it. For this reason, although the capture and occupation of Kabul involved no military difficulty, and offered several military conveniences, to the British columns which routed the Amir's army on the Peiwar, and expelled his garrisons from the Khyber Pass, that measure was deliberately excluded from our plan of military operations for the opening of a war which we hoped to finish in a single campaign. The only advanced movements not originally included in this plan were the occupation of Jellalabad and Gandamak. But these measures were dictated by considerations partly of a sanitary, partly of a political, character, and were undertaken with the certainty that they would not be opposed by any military force. The occupation of those points was intentionally temporary; but, even in the selection of temporary outposts, we were determined that the British troops should not occupy any position which they could not permanently hold, in case of need, without risk to their communications and supplies; or from which they could not be withdrawn, at any moment, without detriment to our political interests, and military reputation. We deem it due, no less to the cause of historical truth, than to the character of our Government, and the right understanding of a policy which has been much misrepresented, to place thus distinctly on record these decisions, and the grounds of them. It remains to explain the further considerations which dictated the more important details of our military action, and guided our constant endeavour to minimise the unavoidable expenditure of blood and treasure in the effectual attainment of its objects.

16. We have already stated the reasons which induced us to regard the Amir's standing army as the only fighting power we should have to deal with in Afghanistan. The known strength of that army was about 60,000 men. Its artillery we believed to be good: and this impression was confirmed by subsequent experience; but, with the exception of the breech-loaders formerly given to His Highness by the Government of India, the musketry of the Amir's army was, of course, much inferior to that of our own. With this army the Amir, according to our anticipations, would have to garrison all his outlying provinces, protect his Persian flank, defend his capital and central districts, and, at the same time, resist our advance. It was, therefore, not difficult to calculate approximately the maximum force he could oppose to us at any given point. We consequently determined to attack him simultaneously on three different lines; thus obliging him to distribute his force, or else to leave one or other of these lines undisputed.

17. The three lines thus selected were those of the Kojak, the Khyber, and the Kuram. These three lines were not only the most suitable for the immediate purposes of our attack; they also included all the advanced positions we had, for the reasons stated in paragraph 11 of our present despatch, determined to hold permanently. The line to which the Viceroy attached special importance was that of the Kuram. His Excellency believed that if the Amir allowed a British force, advancing on this line, to reach the Shutur-Gardan in full strength, both Kabul and Ghazni would remain completely at its mercy. He, therefore, anticipated strong resistance to our advance at some point in the Upper Kuram Valley, where the Amir's troops would command positions of great strength, easy to hold, and very difficult to attack. He calculated, however, that, if Sher Ali's army were thoroughly beaten here, its defeat would immediately be felt in the very heart of the Amir's power, which must be more severely shaken by the loss of a battle in the Kuram than by a similar disaster in any other part of his dominions. Our object, therefore, in despatching a force to the Kuram, was to defeat and disperse any Afghan army which might be found there, and to seize with the utmost rapidity a position directly menacing Kabul and Ghazni, but without advancing beyond the Shutur-Gardan. This force was entrusted to the command of General Roberts.

18. The force operating on the Khyber line was commanded by General Sir Samuel Browne; whose instructions were to capture Ali Musjid, expel the Amir's garrisons from the Khyber, and occupy Lundi Kotal, Dakka, or such other point as might be found most convenient at the head of the Pass; thus threatening Jellalabad, but not advancing further.

19. Our longest line of operations lay in the direction of Kandahar; and it was, therefore, necessary that the force operating on this line should be proportionally stronger; as, whilst its transport and supply were more difficult, the rapidity of its movements was less essential to the primary objects of the campaign than that of the Khyber and Kuram columns. In order to cripple the financial resources of the Amir, it was deemed desirable to expel his authority from the richest districts of Western Afghanistan; and for this purpose the temporary occupation of Kandahar was clearly requisite. Such a measure, moreover, was dictated by two other considerations of a more far-reaching character. In the event of a complete disintegration of the Kabul Power, we could not allow Kandahar to fall into the hands of any Chief or State whose possession of it we had not previously approved on conditions dictated by ourselves: and, in the event of re-established relations with the Ruler of a united Afghanistan, the power of restoring Kandahar to such a Ruler, also on our own conditions, could not fail to give us a most advantageous position from which to negotiate the terms of peace. The permanent retention of Kandahar, however, has never formed part of our political programme; and no endeavour has been spared during the war to render our temporary occupation of it as little burdensome as possible to its inhabitants. The command of the Kandahar Force was entrusted to General Stewart: and his instructions were to carry out a reconnaissance in force as far as the Helmand and Khelat-i-Ghilzai; ascertaining the features and resources of the country in that direction, and attacking any enemy he might find within striking distance, but not establishing himself at any point beyond Kandahar.

20. The Generals Commanding the Forces employed on the above mentioned lines of advance were invested with the chief political authority beyond the frontier. Their instructions were to intercept the collection of the Amir's revenues, and preserve order throughout the country occupied by their troops. They were required to conciliate its inhabitants, and protect them from all avoidable injury. They were also to use their best endeavours to effect a friendly understanding with the tribes in their vicinity; but they were to avoid all unnecessary interference or collision with those tribes. When, in the development of operations opened on the Khyber line, the British troops had advanced to Jellalabad, Major Cavagnari was intrusted with the conduct of relations between the Government of India and the Afghan Sirdars and tribes with whom that movement brought us into contact.

21. We calculated that all the operations thus ordered could be completed before the commencement of the winter; when the passes would be closed by snow, and a suspension of hostilities imposed on both belligerents by the rigour of the season. It was our hope that the previous success of our military operations would then set free at Kabul various political forces and interests specially favourable to negotiations for peace. In any case, the situation might advantageously be left to

develope itself during the period of inaction which must necessarily elapse before the passes were again practicable for the passage of troops. We naturally desired to be spared the necessity for further operations: but we felt that, if forced to re-open the campaign in the spring of the following year, we should then be in a position to do so with every possible advantage on our side. Our advanced bases would have been firmly established, their communications thoroughly secured, the organisation of transport and supply completed for more extended lines of advance, and our political influence pushed far beyond the range of our military posts, upon the three main approaches into the interior of the enemy's country. In short, we considered that the precautions thus taken to minimize both the magnitude and cost of the military operations, and the number of political risks and responsibilities involved in them, were also best suited to facilitate further military action, should such action be unfortunately rendered necessary by the course of events between the close of 1878 and the spring of 1879.

22. Such was the general plan of the campaign opened by the Government of India in Afghanistan on the 21st of November 1878. On that date General Sir Samuel Browne entered the Khyber, and attacked the Fort of Ali Musjid. The fire of the fort was well sustained and directed; and the defence made by the garrison of Ali Musjid for several hours was creditable to its spirit. But the position, having been turned during the night, was precipitately abandoned by the enemy with the loss of all his guns, stores, and camp equipage. Several of the fugitives were captured by our troops, and the remainder were plundered and dispersed by the Afridis. Sir Samuel Browne met with no further resistance on his march to Dakka, which he held unmolested for some weeks: but, this position being found inconvenient for the lengthened occupation of so large a force, the General was, in the month of December, authorised to advance beyond it, and occupy Jellalabad; which he did without resistance, receiving there the unconditional submission of the local officials, and their request for British protection. No attempt was made by the Amir's army, at any subsequent period, to resist the advance of the British troops on this line of operations.

23. On the same day, General Roberts entered the Lower Kuram Valley; and he subsequently occupied, without opposition, the head-quarters of the district, replacing the Amir's officials by his own. He found the people of this district willing to submit to his authority, and furnish provisions for the supply of his troops. Continuing his advance into the Upper Kuram Valley, General Roberts there encountered a large Afghan force, established in a position of great strength, strongly armed with well posted artillery, on the ridge of the Peiwar Kotal; which commands the valley on one side of it, and the road, on the other, towards the Shutur-Gardan. This force he at once attacked. The attack resulted in the sharpest, and most important, engagement that has occurred during the whole campaign. The strategic strength of the enemy's position was very great; but it was quickly turned by our troops, who, under the skilful command of General Roberts, completely defeated and routed those of the Amir. The broken Afghan regiments fled across the Shutur-Gardan, leaving all their guns behind them; and the limit assigned to the advance of our Kuram Force was thus speedily reached and secured without further resistance. General Roberts had been instructed to push his reconnaissances, as opportunity might offer, into the adjoining valley of Khost, with a view to prevent the Amir from drawing either supplies or revenue from that district: and this instruction he successfully carried out in the month of January.

24. General Biddulph, entering Pishin on the 26th of November, found it already evacuated by the Amir's troops. The small, but important, district of Sibi, lying upon our line of communications close to the Biluch border, had, in the meanwhile, been occupied by a British detachment on the 23rd of the same month. Much political inconvenience had been caused by the interposition of this small Afghan district in the midst of Biluch territory, with which it is almost entirely surrounded; and we had, therefore, determined upon its permanent withdrawal from the jurisdiction of the Kabul authority. In December, General Stewart reached Pishin, and, assuming command of the Kandahar Expeditionary Force, crossed the Kojak Range with considerable difficulty, owing to the want of roads. On the 9th of January, after a skirmish with the Amir's outposts, in which the Afghan Cavalry showed itself completely unable to make any stand against our own, he entered Kandahar. The town surrendered quietly. On the 21st of January, his cavalry had pushed as far as Khelat-i-Ghilzai, while Girishk, on the Helmand, was occupied by a force under General Biddulph. On the 26th of February, General Biddulph's cavalry

distinguished itself in the repulse of an attack upon his rear guard when returning to Kandahar. With the exception of these engagements, the occupation of Kandahar, and the reconnaissance of the Helmand, were effected without resistance, or any serious manifestation of national resentment at the presence of British troops.

25. Thus, within two days after the declaration of hostilities, the affront received by Sir Neville Chamberlain's Mission at Ali Musjid was appropriately avenged on the spot where it had been offered. Within two weeks after the same date, the passes of the Khyber and the Kuram were completely in our hands, and the Amir's troops swept clean beyond the range of our operations. Not long afterwards, Jellalabad and Kandahar were occupied without resistance; and, before the end of January (that is to say, in less than three months from the commencement of the campaign) the greater part of Southern Afghanistan, from the Helmand to Khelat-i-Ghilzai, had passed into the possession of the British Government. The rapid success of our military operations completely confirmed the calculations on which they had been based. The Amir's standing army was defeated and dispersed beyond all possibility of recovery; yet his Sirdars had not risen to the rescue of his power. His towns opened their gates without remonstrance to our summons; their authorities readily responded to our requirements; and their inhabitants evinced no disposition to forfeit the pecuniary advantages they derived from the presence of our troops. Nor was the neutrality of the independent tribes less satisfactory than the indifference of the Afghan people. From these tribes our convoys and outposts, especially along the Khyber Pass, were exposed to occasional annoyance: but, generally speaking, all the long lines of communication between our advanced positions and their bases in British India were far more facilitated by the friendly co-operation, than impeded by the occasional thefts and assaults, of the tribes along the tracts they traversed. Three years ago no European British subject could approach the Khyber Pass without serious personal danger. But, during the greater part of the recent campaign, telegraphic communication from Peshawar to Jellalabad was maintained along the entire length of this Pass.

26. In the meanwhile, our anticipations as to the probable political effects of successful military operations on the Kuram line had been justified with startling rapidity and completeness. General Roberts routed the Afghan Army at the Peiwar Kotal on the 2nd of December. Following, as it did, so shortly after the capture of Ali Musjid and the expulsion of the Afghan garrisons from the Khyber Pass, this event completed the destruction of Sher Ali's power, which had already been much weakened by previous reverses. The detailed news of their total defeat was carried to Kabul, with all the rapidity of panic, by the Amir's beaten and demoralised troops. Their discomfiture was contagious: it infected the garrisons of the capital, and the columns on which the Amir was reckoning for the reinforcement of a position already irretrievably lost. Instantaneous and wholesale desertions attested the moral effect of General Roberts' decisive victory. The standing army of Afghanistan had ceased to exist; and, with it, disappeared an authority which had no other support. On the 19th of December we received from Major Cavagnari by telegraph, authentic intelligence that the Amir Sher Ali Khan had fled from Kabul, accompanied in his flight by the remaining officers of the Russian Mission; and that, in the last moment of his hurried departure, he had released from prison, and invested with the regency, his long incarcerated son, Yakub Khan. The Amir announced his departure by a letter addressed to the British authorities. In this letter His Highness informed us that he had abandoned his dominions, with the intention of proceeding to St. Petersburg for the purpose of there laying his case before the European Powers.

27. In these circumstances, we authorized Major Cavagnari to address to Yakub Khan a letter which, though couched in general terms, was friendly in its tone, and such as to afford His Highness an opportunity of separating himself, were he so minded, from the policy which had proved so disastrous to his father. We, at the same time, instructed our authorities upon the frontier to explain to the Sirdars and people of Afghanistan that the cessation or continuance of hostilities now mainly depended on the manifestation of their feelings and wishes in regard thereto. Sher Ali, however, appears to have left Kabul in the hope of promptly obtaining from Russia all the means he required for the renewal of hostilities with the British Government. This, at least, was the hope attributed to His Highness by his son, his Sirdars, and his subjects. Until the reasonableness of such a hope had been practically tested, the dread of the Amir's return to power, and possible reconciliation with

the British Government, sufficed to repress any manifestation of the national sentiment. The Amir had left his capital, but not his country. He halted on the Afghan side of the Oxus, where he was believed to be in communication with the local authorities of the Russian Government. Yakub Khan was not regarded either by himself or his fellow-subjects as a free agent. His reply to Major Cavagnari's letter expressed no desire, on his own behalf or that of his father the Amir, for a reconciliation with the British Government. But at Kabul, where apparently such a reconciliation was not yet regarded as impossible, there seemed to be a prevalent impression that, if it took place, Sher Ali would be restored to power; and that, in that case, his vengeance would fall, without scruple or restraint, upon all who had incurred his displeasure or suspicion during the war. It was obviously the interest, and indeed the necessity, of all concerned in the development of this ambiguous situation, to wait upon events: and we had, at least, the satisfaction of feeling that, from the commanding position we had already secured, we could better afford to wait than either Sher Ali, or Yakub Khan.

28. Towards the end of January, it was reported about our frontier that the Amir Sher Ali had died at Mazar-i-Sharif in the north of Afghanistan. Early in February, we received from Sirdar Yakub Khan a spontaneous communication which contained distinct overtures for a reconciliation with the British Government, and an offer of his good offices, as an intermediary between ourselves and his father, the Amir, for the removal of differences which he regarded as susceptible of adjustment. A few days later, we received from the Sirdar a letter, dated the 28th of February, informing us of the death of the Amir, and his own accession to the throne. These letters were addressed to Major Cavagnari; who was authorised to respond to the latter by a suitable expression of the Viceroy's condolences, and to the former by a plain statement of the terms on which His Excellency in Council was prepared to entertain negotiations for peace.

29. Those terms were in accordance with the essential objects of the war, as described in the preceding paragraphs of our present despatch; and they were subsequently embodied, without modification, in the Treaty of Peace concluded with the Amir of Afghanistan. They required that the foreign relations of His Highness should be placed under the acknowledged control of the British Government; and they provided for the effectual fulfilment of the mutual obligations involved in that condition; *firstly*, by securing to us the command of the principal passes between India and Afghanistan, together with the administration of the three districts since assigned to us by the Treaty; and *secondly*, by the admission of a permanent British Resident at Kabul, with the right to depute British officers, as occasion may require, to any part of the Afghan frontiers. The further commercial and telegraphic clauses of the Treaty are the result of subsequent negotiations opened at Gandamak.

30. The Amir Yakub Khan agreed, without hesitation, to place his foreign relations under British control; he also at once accepted in principle, as a necessary consequence of this arrangement, our condition respecting European British Agencies in Afghanistan. To our territorial conditions, however, His Highness, as might have been expected, evinced considerable repugnance, and for the withdrawal of them he made to us a strong appeal.

31. These conditions could not be waived, without sacrificing one of the essential objects of the war; an object dictated to us by a deep concern for the permanent security of Her Majesty's Indian Empire. We were in a position to enforce them without further reference to the Amir; for we already held a much larger portion of Afghan territory than we had any desire to retain. It was, therefore, at all times open to us to proclaim the permanent extension of British jurisdiction to the Districts of Kuram, Pishin, and Sibi. A similar course had been found convenient by Lord Dalhousie in dealing with the Court of Ava at the close of the last Burmese War. But the circumstances and objects of the second Burmese War were very different from those of the second Afghan War; and, for obvious reasons, we contemplated with great reluctance the adoption of any such course on the present occasion. We conceive that the Government of a powerful civilised State is in no circumstances morally free, because it is practically able, to consult its own convenience without reference to the manner in which the legitimate welfare of its weaker neighbours may be affected by its action or inaction. But special force was given to this consideration by all the circumstances and conditions of the late Afghan War. The efficient, but humane, prosecution of that war involved duties, not only towards the people of India, but also towards the people of Afghanistan; whose country we had not

willingly invaded, and whose legitimate interests we had assuredly no wish, or cause, to injure. We desire the friendship and prosperity of that people, the confidence and stability of their ruler, and a mutual recognition of those peaceful interests which are common to their Government and our own. The withdrawal of our troops from their advanced positions in Southern Afghanistan without reference to the effect of such a measure on the country concerned, would have probably consigned all parts of the Amir's dominions to a condition incompatible with orderly government or tolerable neighbourhood. We had already secured possession of the improved frontier we required: but this was not enough. We had still to secure the exclusion of all foreign influence from the whole of Afghanistan, as well as the good-will and confidence of the Afghan people and their ruler. To the attainment of these objects our policy had been not less steadily directed: for the undisturbed tranquillity of any frontier must necessarily depend, to some extent, upon the peaceable condition of the countries with which it is contiguous, and the satisfactory character of relations with the Governments of such countries. Although, therefore, we could afford, far better than the Amir, to await the result of negotiations for peace, we deemed it our duty to spare no effort, consistent with the dignity of the British Crown, and the just interests of its Indian dominions, for the early establishment of mutually satisfactory relations with the legitimate ruler of Afghanistan.

32. So many and such mischievous misrepresentations of our Afghan policy, more especially in reference to territorial questions, had been propagated after the rupture of our relations with Sher Ali, that the Amir's reluctance to entertain any territorial basis of negotiation appeared to us very probably attributable to exaggerated and erroneous apprehensions as to the real character of the arrangements we deemed essential to the future security of our frontier. We felt, however, that their moderation must be admitted if they were compared with the conditions of a similar character hitherto dictated, at the close of victorious wars, by conquering to conquered Powers; and we believed that, if the object and scope of them were thoroughly understood by the Amir, the last obstacle would be removed from the conclusion of a mutually honourable and advantageous treaty of peace between His Highness and the British Government. For this, it was necessary that there should be between us a frank interchange of views and wishes on the subject of our relative positions. Such interchange of views could not be satisfactorily carried on by formal correspondence, or without personal intercourse: but long and varied experience had convinced us that the policy of a European Government cannot be adequately interpreted or represented by Asiatic Agents, however loyal, and intelligent, they may be. Many of our minor troubles on the frontier have been caused by the employment of Asiatics as mediums of communication between the British authorities and the border tribes; and whatever improvements have been effected during the last three years in our relations with those tribes and the neighbouring tribal States, such as Biluchistan, are due to the personal influence of British officers. Warned by this knowledge, we felt that to entrust the detailed explanation and discussion of our views to any Native Agent, would insure misconception and resistance on the part of the Amir. On the other hand, we reposed complete confidence in the discretion and ability of Major Cavagnari; and, for all these reasons, we were anxious to bring about, if possible, early and unreserved personal intercourse between him and the Amir of Kabul. Having regard to the Amir's position at that time, we did not feel justified in proposing that His Highness should leave his capital for this purpose: and, having regard to our own position, we were fully conscious that our motives in proposing to Yakub Khan a personal conference with Major Cavagnari at Kabul, would probably be misconstrued by the public, and possibly misrepresented to the Amir. We considered, however, that we ought not to be deterred by this consideration from taking the course which we had good reason to regard as most conducive to the early re-establishment of peaceful relations with His Highness upon a thoroughly sound and honourable footing. We, therefore, authorised Major Cavagnari to address to the Amir proposals for a personal conference at Kabul on the subject of our territorial conditions. These proposals having been accepted, the native bearer of them was instructed to arrange with Yakub Khan for the proper reception of Major Cavagnari at the Court of His Highness.

33. In the meanwhile, the suspended activity of our troops upon the Khyber line had begun to exercise a very prejudicial influence upon our political, as well as our military, position in Afghanistan. Although, for political reasons, the capture and occupation of Kabul had been excluded from our plan of military operations, it was obviously most inexpedient to proclaim or avow that decision. The continued

inactivity of our forces, however, in positions so closely threatening the Afghan capital, and the comments made upon it by our own Press, had gradually encouraged the people of Kabul, and the intervening tribes, to attribute their freedom from molestation on our part to our concealed inability to advance any further. We had reason to believe that these impressions were strengthened by questions asked, and opinions expressed, in Parliament; of which the reports, rapidly circulated beyond our frontier, were such as to suggest a conclusion that, rather than incur the cost and inconvenience of further military operations, the British Government was ready to make peace with the Amir of Afghanistan on terms dictated, not by itself, but by His Highness. The result was an apparent disposition on the part of the Amir to assume, towards us, a more reserved and ambiguous attitude, and a recrudescence of petty, but vexatious and harassing, attacks from the surrounding tribes, acting on the instigation of fanatical Mollahs from Kabul. These attacks gave rise to two actions, in which severe loss was inflicted on the Shingwari tribe by Brigadier-General Tytler at Deh Sarak, and on the Khugianis by Brigadier-General Gough at Futtehabad. The tribes thus defeated are among the most restless and warlike of those with whom our troops were brought into contact during the recent campaign: and we cannot doubt that their complete discomfiture, on the occasions above mentioned, contributed to the encouragement of pacific influences in the councils of the Amir. At the same time, the increasing heat of the weather, and the defective sanitary conditions of Jellalabad, had begun to tell injuriously on the health of the large force concentrated in that locality; and due regard to the well-being of our troops necessitated an immediate change of quarters to some higher and healthier ground.

34. We consequently authorised General Sir Samuel Browne to advance a portion of his force as far as Gandamak. This movement was primarily dictated by sanitary motives of an urgent character; but, in authorising it, we were not indifferent to the important political advantages it offered, as a significant corrective to the erroneous impressions referred to in the preceding paragraph.

35. Within a few days after the occupation of Gandamak, a letter from the Amir announced his intention of proceeding to that place, for the purpose of there entering into personal conference with Major Cavagnari. This was, clearly, a more satisfactory arrangement than the deputation of a British Envoy to Kabul. Major Cavagnari was, therefore, instructed to arrange with General Sir Samuel Browne for the honourable reception of His Highness, and was invested with full powers to represent this Government in negotiations, respecting which he had previously been furnished with detailed oral instructions by the Viceroy at Lahore. The Amir reached Gandamak on the 8th of May, and was received there by the British authorities with all possible honour and hospitality. After the formal ceremonies of his reception, negotiations were opened by His Highness, and continued without interruption till the 26th of May; when the Treaty of that date was signed in the British camp by the Amir on behalf of Afghanistan, and by Major Cavagnari on behalf of the British Government.

36. The several Articles of this Treaty were framed in the belief that they fully secure all the objects of the war, which have already been explained. The 3rd Article establishes our paramount position in Afghanistan, and our adequate control over the Amir's external relations. Our obligation to assist His Highness against foreign aggression is the legitimate consequence of this condition: and it is required of us not less imperatively for the security of India than for the independence of Afghanistan. But the British Government could not have undertaken such an obligation, if the means of fulfilling it had not been secured by the 4th Article of the Treaty; which provides for the residence at Kabul of a British representative, and for the right to depute British Agents, as occasion may require, to all parts of the Afghan frontier. The Amir himself had requested that our permanent representative should reside at his capital; and from the opening of the negotiations, he has evinced no disinclination to the admission of British officers within his dominions. Such disinclination would, indeed, have been incompatible with any sincere desire for the advantages of British friendship and support; and the Amir's appreciation of these advantages has been manifested, not only by his conduct during the negotiations, but still more effectually by the alacrity and loyalty with which he is already carrying out his treaty obligations in reference to the Amnesty clause, and other minor matters.

37. Under the 6th and 7th Articles of the Treaty, His Highness engages to take measures for the protection and encouragement of commerce between India and

Afghanistan. This engagement will receive practical development in a special Commercial Convention to be concluded within twelve months from the ratification of the Treaty of Gandamak. Some such interval was required for the arrangement of details connected with the selection and improvement of roads, and for the examination of the nature and circumstances of the trade between the two countries, as well as for the reciprocal adjustment of duties. It is premature to forecast the ultimate results of arrangements now for the first time possible, in reference to the security and expansion of the overland commerce of India with other Asiatic countries. But on our western frontier access to and from India, although far from easy, is not impeded by such great natural barriers as elsewhere interpose almost insuperable obstacles to regular and frequent intercourse, by land, with the rest of Asia. On this part of our border the main hindrances to commerce have always been political; and of late years such hindrances were increased both by the chronic misrule and jealous isolation of the Afghan Government, and also by the inadequacy of internal restraints upon the marauding tribes who hold the passes. When these impediments disappear, we may look for a considerable expansion of the land-borne commerce of Northern India. Afghanistan itself is a country of no great productive resources, but it commands the routes which penetrate into Central and Western Asia; and the commercial classes, not only of that country, but also of those immediately beyond the Upper Oxus, are largely Indian, or of Indian descent. The trade of Afghanistan is principally in Indian hands; and the Russian Governor at Tashkend recently promulgated a severe edict against the Hindu bankers of Turkestan, who are mostly emigrants from the western districts of India. The route by Herat and Kandahar runs through the more open and fertile parts of Afghanistan, connecting the important towns of Herat and Kandahar. The Treaty signed with His Highness the Khan of Khelat towards the close of the year 1876 effected the pacification of Biluchistan, and re-opened the great trade route through the Bolan Pass, which has not since been interrupted. By that arrangement the commerce of Central Asia, after reaching Kandahar, is placed in safe connection with the railway system of India, and the rising seaport of Kurrachi. There is already a noticeable tendency to increase in the number of caravans now annually passing the Bolan: and the merchants of Sind have always been among the most industrious and enterprising of our foreign traders. With proper management, therefore, and under a judicious system of transit duties, considerable expansion may be reasonably expected in the external commerce of India upon this important line. All such considerations will receive our careful attention in the negociation of the Commercial Convention which remains to be concluded with the Amir of Kabul.

38. It may be here mentioned that our political officers who accompanied the columns withdrawn from Kandahar in the spring of this year, have explored much of the country, hitherto almost unknown, which lies on the direct lines between Pishin and the Indian frontier below Dera Ghazi Khan. They have ascertained that the routes through this country traverse elevated valleys and high plateaux, where the climate is at no season of the year very unfavourable, and where supplies and water are comparatively abundant. The tribes who inhabit this region are less unfriendly to strangers than the northern Pathans; and the construction and maintenance of good fair-weather roads present no serious difficulties. There is little doubt that this was the direction taken by the earlier trade routes into India from Persian and Southern Afghanistan; and on commercial, as well as on military, grounds the possibility of restoring those channels of communication deserves further examination.

39. The Treaty of Gandamak provides for the immediate commencement of telegraphic communication between Kabul and India. The advantages of such communication are obvious: and the establishment of it will both illustrate and confirm the character of the change now effected in our relations with Afghanistan.

40. The territorial concessions imposed upon the Amir are light, and involve no permanent alienation of any part of the dominions claimed by his Government. The Khyber Pass has never formed part of those dominions; while the districts of Pishin, Sibi, and Kuram are retained by the British Government under an assignment. For the better protection and security of our frontier, and for the proper maintenance of communications with our advanced garrisons, which will observe and command the three principal passes into India, it was essential that these three districts should remain in our hands. But we have entertained no projects for establishing ourselves permanently in the interior of the country, or for occupying any posts not absolutely required for the defensive purposes explained in the 11th paragraph of this despatch.

Accordingly the towns of Kandahar and Jellalabad are restored by the Treaty of Gandamak to the Amir of Kabul. The passes of the Kojak Mountains will be carefully kept under our own control: and it is probable that the hill skirts of the Pishin country, like the upper districts of the Kuram Valley, will provide fresh and valuable sanitaria for our troops. But the local experience recently acquired by our expedition into Western Afghanistan has fully confirmed our previous impression that the strategic value of Kandahar exists only in connection with a system of frontier defence much more extensive than any we now require, or have ever contemplated. Kandahar is now easily accessible from our advanced position in Pishin, and can, at any time, be occupied without difficulty: but the permanent occupation of it (involving the maintenance of long lines of communication) would have considerably increased our military expenditure, without strengthening our military position. It is, however, mainly on political grounds that the retention of Kandahar was excluded from the conditions of the Treaty of Gandamak. Such a condition would have been extremely painful to the Amir, and detrimental to the strength and credit of his government. Without Kandahar it would be difficult for the central authority at Kabul to maintain any effective hold upon Herat; and the foreign occupation of so important a city, in the interior of his dominions, would have been inconsistent with those relations of friendship and mutual confidence which the Treaty was designed to establish between the British Government and the Amir of Afghanistan.

41. Similar objections applied to the retention of Jellalabad. As a military position that town offers no advantages not better secured by a garrison on the Lundi Kotal ridge. It can, at any moment, be seized by a rapid advance from the Khyber; and to hold it as a permanent frontier garrison would require the prolongation, as far as Gandamak, of a troublesome line of military communications. Such an extension of our frontier, though necessarily increasing our permanent military expenditure, would also, no doubt, increase our permanent political influence over the adjacent tribes and petty Chiefships to the north-east of the frontier thus extended. But the only political advantage thereby acquired would be the means of utilising those tribes and Chiefships as a barrier, in case of need, against the action of any hostile power at Kabul: and for the control or punishment of such action, material guarantees, far more effectual, are provided by the Treaty which secures to us the permanent military command of Kabul from the crest of the Shutur-Gardan. In short, we have framed this Treaty with an earnest desire to render all the conditions of it, not only consistent with, but also conducive to, the maintenance of that friendly and mutually advantageous footing on which it re-establishes our relations with Afghanistan: and from those relations we have laboured to eliminate every appreciable cause of irritation and disunion.

42. The engagements thus concluded, at Gandamak, with the Amir Yakub Khan, represent and attest an important change in the whole condition of Central Asian affairs. The magnitude of this change will be best appreciated when our present position and influence beyond the frontier are compared with what they were during the greater portion of the preceding period between the Umballa Conferences and the recent Afghan War. We do not, however, profess to ascribe any talismanic virtue to written engagements on the part of Afghan Princes. The late Amir Sher Ali, throughout the whole period of his reign, was under a formal Treaty obligation to be the friend of the friends, and the enemy of the enemies, of the British Government; but that engagement in no wise prevented his adoption of a course which led him into inevitable rupture and open hostility with this Government. We regard the present Treaty rather as the commencement, than as the confirmation, of a new and better era in our relations with Afghanistan. It provides for, and facilitates, the attainment of results incalculably beneficial to the two countries concerned. The character of those results, however, will, to a great extent, be determined by the steadiness with which the British Government maintains, and the intelligence with which its local agents carry out, the policy that has dictated this Treaty: a policy which has for its object to substitute co-operation for isolation, and to replace mutual mistrust by mutual confidence. Nor do we disguise from ourselves that the practical value of the Treaty mainly depends upon the character and disposition of the Amir and his successors. Relations established with Afghanistan under the most favorable conditions, and with the most promising prospects, may, of course, be again impaired either by the disloyalty of Afghan Princes, or by the alienation of their unrequited confidence. In either case, complications may arise, against which no present precautions on our part

can completely guarantee our successors in the government of India. But, though anxious to deal considerately with the Amir's susceptibilities, and to take into the fullest account all the reasonable requirements and legitimate interests of his Government, we deem it absolutely requisite that, in countries like Afghanistan, the power of the British Government to punish its enemies and protect its friends should be so generally recognised as to render unnecessary the frequent assertion of it. We have, therefore, been careful to secure, for British interests and influence in Afghanistan, a position substantially independent of the personal caprices of any Afghan ruler: and for the effectual maintenance of that position the Treaty provides strong material guarantees, by the territorial conditions which place the British Power in permanent command of the main avenues from India to Kabul.

43. Your Lordship will, of course, understand that, in thus speaking of British interests and influence in Afghanistan, we mean the interests, only, of our alliance with that State in reference to external affairs; and the influence, only, which is necessary to maintain and direct a common policy on behalf of those interests. We, in no wise, contemplate any system of interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan: and the British Envoy at Kabul will be strictly required to abstain from such interference. The small subsidy which we grant to the Amir will, we hope, strengthen his hands in maintaining his authority.

44. Notwithstanding the conditions it imposes, the Treaty of Gandamak, so far as we can judge, is regarded with satisfaction by the Amir; to whose possession it restores important tracts of territory which His Highness could not have recovered by the sword, and to the peaceful consolidation of whose authority it will, we trust, powerfully contribute. We desire to record our high appreciation of the signal ability with which Major Cavagnari conducted the negotiations to this successful conclusion; and it is, we think, difficult to overestimate the value of his political services throughout the campaign. The political officers, generally, had difficult duties to perform, and they discharged them with great tact and efficiency.

45. We have also much pleasure in mentioning to Your Lordship that, not only the justice of the war, and the humanity with which it has been waged by the British Government, but also the fair and generous terms on which we have concluded it, are now receiving unreserved recognition in numerous communications spontaneously addressed to the Viceroy by Her Majesty's feudatories and Native subjects in all parts of India.

46. By the Khan of Khelat (with whom our relations four years ago had been very unsatisfactory), the cause of the British Government, throughout this war, has been well supported beyond the frontiers of India. It cannot be doubted that the conditions of the Treaty signed with the Amir of Kabul at Gandamak in 1879 have been greatly facilitated by the results of the Treaty signed with the Khan of Khelat at Jacobabad in 1876. Certain it is, that the military difficulties of the war, and the political impediments to the peace, now happily concluded, would have been seriously aggravated by hostile or untrustworthy conduct on the part of the Sovereign and Sirdars of Khelat. For the fidelity with which the Khan has observed his treaty obligations, and for the uninterrupted sympathy and good-will of the Biluch tribes and Sirdars, we are largely indebted to the personal influence of Major Sandeman, and to the ability with which he has discharged his important duties as the Governor General's Agent in Khelat. We shall take an early opportunity of submitting to Your Lordship the measures whereby we propose to mark our appreciation of the friendly and loyal attitude maintained by His Highness Khodadad Khan of Khelat, throughout the progress and settlement of our disputes with the late Amir of Kabul.

47. It now only remains to notice those conditions of the Treaty which have reference to the independent tribes of the Khyber and Michni Passes. We do not, of course, anticipate the immediate or habitual good behaviour of all these wild hill-men, whose tribal organisation is infinitely various, and whose management will doubtless require much skill and patience on the part of the political officers intrusted with that task. But it is a task which presents no difficulties insurmountable by the steady exercise of such qualities. At no time since the annexation of the Punjab has the mountain border of that Province been wholly free from depredation and insult on the part of the surrounding tribes: nor can it be reasonably expected that what successive Governments of India have failed to accomplish in the course of thirty years will now be accomplished all at once. We must be prepared for occasional misconduct (especially during the first two or three years of the new arrangements) requiring from us recourse to punitive measures. But, apart from the indirect advantage of such

increased respect as our authority has acquired from our military successes during the war, our practical power of controlling the border tribes has been greatly strengthened by the Treaty. The Amir of Kabul has now neither the motive nor the means to incite these tribes to acts of hostility against us. The policy applied during the last three years to the pass tribes of Biluchistan has already effected the complete pacification of even their most turbulent sections: and the Bolan Pass, though unguarded by British troops, has been remarkably safe and quiet. These facts justify us in anticipating the most satisfactory results from the judicious and patient application of a similar system to the management of the Khyber and Michni Passes.

48. We cannot close this narrative of the second Afghan War without bringing prominently to Your Lordship's notice the high character maintained by Her Majesty's troops, both English and Native, and their admirable conduct throughout the campaign. The enemy's positions in the Khyber and Kuram Passes were of great natural strength; but, though powerfully armed and vigorously defended, they were rapidly captured. His forces, dislodged from these positions with the loss of their guns and stores, were not merely defeated, but dispersed. In the advance to Kandahar, the superiority of the British Cavalry was established as soon as tested, at the outset of the campaign. Against the valour and steadiness of the British soldier the fiercest assaults of the most warlike mountain tribes were as ineffectual as the organised resistance of the Amir's regular troops. Under conditions more trying than those of actual combat, the strictest discipline has been maintained throughout all ranks of the field forces, and the life and property of non-combatants effectually protected. It would be out of place in this report to specify particular services, or particular regiments: but the Viceroy desires to record his high appreciation, in which we cordially concur, of the good service performed by the Native, as well as the European, regiments of the Army of India in Afghanistan; where their discipline and courage were attested, not only by the uniform success of their arms, but also by the steadiness of their conduct under those trials and privations which are incidental to periods of inaction on the part of an invading army in a wild and inhospitable country.

49. We have also to acknowledge with sincere satisfaction the thoroughly creditable efficiency and patriotic spirit with which the contingents of the Native States have sustained their honourable part in the labours of the late campaign.

By order of the Governor-General of India in Council.

A. C. LYALL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY.

The 5th August 1879.

No. 72G.-M.—The following promotions are made in the Meywar Bheel Corps, with effect from the 16th November 1878:—

Jemadar Lalleea, to be Subadar, *vice* Subadar Megheea, invalided.

Havildar Gobinda, to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Lalleea, promoted.

POLITICAL.

The 8th August 1879.

No. 2084E.-P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated 1st July 1879, is published for general information:—

At the Court at Windsor, the 26th day of June 1879.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.

Lord President.

Lord Privy Seal.

Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart.

Whereas by section 18 of "The Extradition Act, 1870," it is among other things enacted,

that if by any Law made after the passing of the said Act by the Legislature of any British Possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, such British Possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Act in the case of any Foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, either—

Suspend the operation within any such British Possession of the said Act, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such Foreign State, and so long as such law continues in force there and no longer;

Or direct that such Law or Ordinance or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession, with or without modifications and alterations, as if it were part of the Act.

And whereas by an Ordinance enacted by the Legislative of Griqualand West, the short title of which is, "The Extradition Ordinance, Griqualand West, 1879," it is provided that "all powers vested in and acts authorized or required to be done by a Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals in the United Kingdom under 'The Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873,' are thereby vested in and may in the

"Province be exercised and done by any Resident Magistrate in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals under the said Acts":

And whereas it is further provided by the said Ordinance that the said Ordinance shall not come into operation until Her Majesty shall, by Order in Council, direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect within the Province as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870," but that the said Ordinance shall thereafter come into operation as soon as such Order in Council shall have been publicly made known in the Province.

Now, therefore Her Majesty, in pursuance of "The Extradition Act, 1870," and in exercise of the power in that behalf in the said Act contained, doth by this present Order, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect in the Province of Griqualand West without modification or alteration, as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870."

And the Right Honourable Sir Michael Edward Hicks-Beach, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. PEEL.

GENERAL.

The 7th August 1879.

No. 1536 G.-G.—Surgeon O. T. Duke, Medical Officer of the Biluchistan Agency, is granted

three months' privilege leave, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 8th August 1879.

No. 1554 G.-G.—*Erratum.*—In Foreign Department Notification No. 1483 G.-G., dated 29th July 1879, for Lieutenant L. H. E. Tucker, read Captain L. H. E. Tucker.

No. 1557 G.-G.—The following extract from regimental orders, dated 7th July 1879, issued by the Commandant, Mhairwarra Battalion, is confirmed:—

Lieutenant J. A. Bell, Officiating Wing Officer, is appointed to officiate as Quartermaster, *vice* Lieutenant Burn, Officiating Adjutant, from 13th June 1879.

No. 1559 G.-G.—The following extract from Regimental Orders, dated 5th July 1879, issued by the Commandant, Mhairwarra Battalion, is confirmed:—

Surgeon J. H. Newman assumed medical charge of the Mhairwarra Battalion on 4th instant from Surgeon R. Stoker.

No. 1561 G.-G.—Surgeon A. S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muskat, held charge of the Political Agency, Muskat, from the 28th April to 14th May 1879 inclusive, in addition to his other duties, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Miles, on privilege leave.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE—OPIUM.

Simla, the 8th August 1879.

No. 2177.—*Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimate for the year 1879-80.*

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.				FIVE SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND FOUR MONTHS' PASS DUTY ON OPIUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.			
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
Bengal ...	Rs. 52,00,000	Rs. 55,74,100	Rs. 3,74,100	Rs. ...	Rs. 2,60,00,000	Rs. 2,86,02,600	Rs. 26,02,600	Rs. ...
Bombay ...	30,31,000	25,72,875	...	4,58,125	95,18,000	83,53,100	...	11,64,900
TOTAL ...	82,31,000	81,46,975	...	84,025	3,55,18,000	3,69,55,700	14,37,700	...

SEPARATE REVENUE—POST OFFICE.

The 8th August 1879.

No. 2106.—On the 28th July 1879, Mr. E. R. Douglas received charge of the office of Deputy Director General of the Post Office of India, and Mr. G. J. Hynes received charge of the office of Assistant Director General of the Post Office of India.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 1st August 1879.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 708.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 655, dated the 18th July 1879, the undermentioned officer is permitted to retire from the service from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 1 of the 1st January 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

No.	Rank and Names.	Corps.	Ordinary pension.	Annuity.	Capitalized value of annuity.	Date of retirement.	Where to be paid.
11	Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Buttanshaw.	Bengal Staff Corps.	£ s. d. 292 0 0	£ s. d. 258 11 0	£ s. d.	1st August 1879.	England.

The 8th August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 709.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer, having completed twenty years' service, including six years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to the rank of Major from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Henry de Parny Rennick, Bengal Staff Corps,—5th August 1879.

No. 710.—The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed twenty years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain John Barnes Sparks,—5th August 1879.

No. 711.—The undermentioned officers, candidates for the Indian Staff Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Governments of Madras and Bombay, in view to their appointment to the Staff Corps of those Presidencies, with effect from the date of their arrival in India:—

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Presidency to which posted.
Lieutenant A. C. Yate	1st West India Regt.	Bombay,
“ F. J. Tobin	80th Foot	Ditto.
“ J. W. Parker	64th “	Madras.
“ J. H. Jones	31st “	Ditto.
“ T. P. Walsh	38th “	Ditto.
“ A. W. L. Bayley	108th “	Bombay.
“ L. G. Beckham	28th “	Ditto.
“ F. A. C. Claughton	2-25th “	Madras.
“ A. H. Browne	Royal Artillery.	Bombay.
“ F. G. Preston	98th Foot	Madras.
“ W. H. Darby	Royal Artillery.	Bombay.

No. 712.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officer, having completed twenty years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Edward George Newnham, General List, Infantry,—4th August 1879.

No. 713.—UNATTACHED OFFICERS—

The undermentioned officers, having completed twenty years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, under the provisions of clause IV of G. G. O. No. 196 of the 7th March 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain (Brevet Major) John Hopkins, Bengal Unattached List. } 23rd December 1878.
Captain (Brevet Major) Thomas Doyle, Bengal Unattached List.

No. 714.—QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Captain B. A. Combe, 10th Hussars, to be a Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, vice Major H. P. Pearson, 1st Battalion, 12th Foot, resigned.

No. 715.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT—

The acting promotions in G. G. O. No. 570 of 1879, in room of Colonel R. Davidson, proceeded on furlough, are allowed effect from the 4th April 1879.

No. 716.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

G. G. O. No. 636 of 1879, appointing Lieutenant C. T. Becker, 1st Battalion, 25th Foot, to the 4th Punjab Cavalry, on probation for the Bengal Staff Corps, is cancelled.

No. 717.—HYDERABAD CONTINGENT—

2nd Cavalry.

Lieutenant G. Adye, Officiating Squadron Officer, 1st Cavalry, to officiate as Squadron Officer.

4th Cavalry.

Captain R. A. Gilchrist, Squadron Officer, 1st Cavalry, and Officiating Squadron Commander, and 2nd in Command, 4th Cavalry, to continue to do duty, as Squadron Officer, on being relieved by Captain Cummins, and until the return of Colonel E. Hill from furlough.

No. 718.—NATIVE ARMY—

5th Bengal Cavalry.

Ressaidar Gopal Singh, to be Ressaldar, vice Jeewun Khan, invalided,—1st May 1879.

Jemadar Wulledad Khan, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Chungun Singh, invalided,—1st May 1879.

Jemadar Soondur Singh, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Gopal Singh, promoted,—1st May 1879.

Duffadar Khan Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Wulledad Khan, promoted,—1st May 1879.

Kote Duffadar Lujja Ram, to be Jemadar, *vice* Soondur Singh, promoted,—1st May 1879.

The following direct appointment of a Native gentleman is made, with effect from date of joining:—

Sabz Alli, to be Jemadar on probation, *vice* Dowlut Ram, resigned.

No. 719.—1st Goorkha Regiment—

Color Havildar Seetbeer Goorung, to be Jemadar, *vice* Dhunraj Thappa, invalided,—14th March 1879.

Drill Havildar Babootia Khawas, to be Jemadar, *vice* Moosea Khuttree, invalided,—14th March 1879.

Pay Havildar Gungaram Doora, to be Jemadar, *vice* Purtimun Goorung, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar and Native Adjutant Jeetbeer Khawas, to be Subadar and Subadar-Major, *vice* Runbeer Karkie, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Nain Sing Allia, to be Subadar, *vice* Jateram Kawur, invalided, 21st May 1879.

Jemadar Mungul Sing Rajpoot, to be Subadar, *vice* Ram Sing Thappa, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Heema Bohra, to be Subadar, *vice* Luchoo Negie, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Nyn Sing Bohra to be Subadar, *vice* Bheemia Khuttree, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Seetbeer Goorung, to be Subadar, *vice* Wuzeer Sing Newar, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Babootia Khawas, to be Subadar, *vice* Hurkoo Goorung, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Gungaram Doora, to be Subadar, *vice* Tickaram Goorung, invalided,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Agum Sing Rana, to be Jemadar, *vice* Jeetbeer Khawas, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Color Havildar Ruttonbeer Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Nain Sing Allia, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Benee Khawas, to be Jemadar, *vice* Mungul Sing Rajpoot, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Nundbeer Rana, to be Jemadar, *vice* Heema Bohra, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Munnikunt Raie, to be Jemadar, *vice* Nyn Sing Bohra, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Pay Havildar Munbeer Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Seetbeer Goorung, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Matbur Sing Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Babootia Khawas, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Dul Sing Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Gungaram Doora, promoted,—21st May 1879.

No. 720.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

1st Punjab Infantry.

Jemadar Heerah Sing, to be Subadar, *vice* Goordit Singh, invalided,—2nd May 1879.

Havildar Oodmee, to be Jemadar, *vice* Heerah Sing, promoted,—2nd May 1879.

No. 721.—SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

The undermentioned Hospital Assistants having passed their septennial examinations are advanced to the next higher class, with effect from the dates specified:—

Names.	DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF		Date of passing the professional examination.	Date of promotion.		
	14 years' service.	7 years' service.				
WITH ENGLISH QUALIFICATION.						
<i>To be 2nd Class Hospital Assistants.</i>						
Narain Sing	16th April 1874.	15th April 1879.	15th April 1879.		
Mahomed Hossain	21st April 1878.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		
Abdool Mahmood Khan.*	...	12th October 1878.	Ditto ..	15th October 1878.		
Shaikh Shahabood Deen.	...	10th April 1879.	Ditto ..	11th April 1879.		
WITHOUT ENGLISH QUALIFICATION.						
<i>To be 2nd Class Hospital Assistants.</i>						
Purdassy Ram	11th January 1871.	15th April 1879.	15th April 1879.		
Kassam Ally Khan	8th February 1876.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		
Manwar Khan	18th April 1870.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		
Mahomed Yaseen	31st July 1876.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		
Jowala Pershad	21st April 1878.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		
Shaikh Unus	21st April 1878.	Ditto ..	Ditto.		

* The Hospital Assistant against whose name an asterisk is put was prevented, by the necessities of the service, from appearing before the half-yearly Committee convened on the 15th October 1878.

No. 722.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

Administrative Battalion of the British Burmah Volunteers.

To be Honorary Colonel.

C. U. Aitchison, Esq., C.S.I., Chief Commissioner, British Burma.

EQUIPMENT.

No. 723.—It is notified in continuation of G. G. O. No. 310 of 1879, that "Tubs (half casks) for water, with two tin pots attached to each tub by chains" and "tin pots, spare," are supplied to Heavy batteries for stable use, in the same proportion as laid down for Field batteries.

This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 724.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-Colonel M. G. Smith, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 26th (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major C. C. Scott-Moncrieff, Royal Engineers, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, Public Works Department,—(p. a.) for one year and five months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain W. C. Ramsden, General List, Infantry, Wing Officer, 3rd Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—(p. a.) for one year 198 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain M. J. Moore, General List, Cavalry, Squadron Officer, 12th Bengal Cavalry,—(m. c.) under Rule XIV, clause (1), of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain J. Hill, Royal Engineers, Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade, Survey of India,—(m. c.) for 182 days, under Rule XIV, clause (1), of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant A. Burlton-Bennet, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer and Adjutant, 10th Bengal (The Duke of Cambridge's Own) Lancers,—(m. c.) for two years, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 725.—The following extract from list No. 28, dated the 11th July 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Captain H. H. Rankin, General List, Infantry.

Granted extension of leave.

Major D. C. S. L. Carnegie, Cavalry,—six months, medical certificate.

Major T. Dayrell, Staff Corps,—four months, urgent private affairs.

Conductor J. H. Senior, Commissariat Department,—six months, medical certificate.

Deaths.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. M. Ryan, Staff Corps, —12th June 1879.

No. 726.—ARRIVALS—

Captain D. C. Andrew, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Superintendent, 3rd Grade, Survey of India,—Fort William, 12th June 1879. (Date of departure on furlough, 28th May 1878.)

Captain J. R. McCullagh, Royal Engineers, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd Grade, Survey of India,—Fort St. George, 5th May 1879.

Surgeon-Major L. E. Eades, Medical Officer, 17th (The Loyal Poorbeah) Regiment of Native Infantry,—Bombay, 22nd July 1879.

No. 727.—DEPARTURES—

Lieutenant-Colonel D. Macintyre, v.c., Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 642 of 1879,—Mongolia, 27th June 1879, from Bombay.

Captain W. L. Greenstreet, Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 1035 of 1878,—1st January 1879, from Bombay.

Surgeon H. W. Hill, M.B., G. G. O. No. 617 of 1879,—Mira, 18th July 1879, from Calcutta.

ORDNANCE.

No. 728.—STORES—

With reference to G. G. O. No. 541 of 1877, the following entries are to be made in

the "List of materials to be supplied annually for repair of carriages, harness and saddlery, &c.," of Mountain batteries published therein:—

Names of Stores.	NUMBER OR QUANTITY PER BATTERY OF	
	4 guns.	6 guns.
<i>Materials for repair of Harness and Saddlery, &c.</i>		
Webbing for girth yds.	30	50

tentatively for one year.

This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

No. 729.—It having been found that the "Plugs, vent, Hayes pattern," hitherto used for all ordnance exposed to the weather and the vents of which are not protected by aprons, being made of India-rubber, are not suited for this country, the Government of India sanction the adoption of leather plugs well greased with a small head to them for the purpose.

2. Necessary correction should be made in the list of drill stores for Garrison batteries published in G. G. O. No. 104 of 1879, as well as in the list of ammunition and stores for cast iron guns, howitzers and mortars for Fort Armaments authorized by Military Department No. 587 of 19th August 1871.

3. This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

PENSIONS.

No. 730.—First Class Apothecary J. R. C. Hall, Subordinate Medical Department, having been declared by a Medical Board to be unfit for further service, is transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment, on a pension of Rs. 100 per mensem, payable in India.

No. 731.—The undermentioned out-pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea are permitted to draw their pensions in India, from the date they cease to receive regimental pay:—

Garrison Quartermaster-Sergeant Thomas Morgan, late 2nd Battalion, 60th Foot,—two shillings and six pence per diem.

Henry Ritchie, late 63rd Foot,—ten pence per diem.

No. 732.—The permission granted to the undermentioned out-pensioner to reside and draw his stipend at this Presidency, in G. G. O. No. 685 of 1862, is cancelled, he having re-elected to reside in Europe:—

Gunner Thomas Molloy, an out-pensioner from the late East India Company's Regiment of Bengal Artillery.

No. 733.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 556 of 1879, it is notified that Private John Herbert late 1st Battalion, 5th Foot, elected the Indian pension rules.

REWARDS.

No. 734.—GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS—

It is hereby announced that on the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's

Government has been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officer, with effect from the date specified:—

Colonel (Brigadier-General) CHARLES TERRINGTON ATCHISON, C.B., Bombay Staff Corps.

Dates of Commission.

Ensign	... 10th June 1842.
Lieutenant	... 27th August 1844.
Captain	... 16th January 1855.
Brevet-Major	... 19th January 1858.
Major	... 10th June 1862.
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel	... 18th January 1864.
Lieutenant-Colonel	... 10th June 1868.
Brevet Colonel	... 18th January 1869.

Appointments.

Brigade-Major, Persian Expeditionary Force,—from October 1856 to May 1857.
Brigade-Major, Belgaum,—from May 1858 to September 1859.
Fort Adjutant, Bombay,—from September 1859 to January 1860.
Officiating Persian Interpreter to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief,—from February 1860 to July 1860.
Officiating Assistant and Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army,—from October 1860 to February 1863.
(Substantive appointment of Assistant Adjutant-General of Division, 1st January 1862).
Assistant Adjutant-General, Army Head Quarters, Bombay,—from February 1863 to December 1867.
Officiated as Deputy Adjutant-General,—March 1866 to June 1867.
Deputy Adjutant-General, Army Head Quarters, Bombay,—from January 1868 to May 1872.
Officiated as Adjutant-General,—December 1871 to May 1872.
Adjutant-General, Bombay Army,—May 1872 to June 1877.
Commanding the Bombay District,—June 1877 to date.

War Services.

Served in the campaign in the Southern Mahratta Country in 1844-45, as Field Engineer; present at the storm and capture of Samunghur, Boodurghur, Panalla (wounded), Powunghur, Munohur, and Munsuntosh (mentioned in despatches). Served as Major of Brigade, Persian Expeditionary Force, in 1856-57; at the assault and capture of the fort of Reshire, surrender of Bushire, expedition to Borazjoon, and action at Khooshab (mentioned in despatches and received the thanks of the Governor-General in Council, medal and clasp, and Brevet Major). Served with Colonel Malcolm's field force in Southern Mahratta Country during the mutiny 1857-58, in command of 200 Europeans during

From the 18th March 1879, in room of Colonel Sir William Merewether, K.C.S.I., C.B., succeeded to the Colonel's allowance.

the forced march on Shorapore, and at the surrender and occupation of that fortress (Medal.)

No. 735.—ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA—

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native officers to the 1st and 2nd Classes of the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified:—

BENGAL.

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sirdar Bahadur."

Subadar-Major Peer Bux, "Bahadur," 22nd (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry, vice pensioned Subadar-Major Thakoor Persad Misser, "Sirdar Bahadur," deceased,—25th March 1878.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

Subadar Atbul Sing, 11th Regiment of Native Infantry, vice pensioned Subadar-Major Ousan Sing, "Bahadur," deceased, 8th June 1878.

Subadar-Major Chet Singh, 40th (The Shahjehanpore) Regiment of Native Infantry, vice Subadar Sibboo Sing Nagee, "Bahadur," deceased,—3rd October 1878.

Ressaldar-Major Mirza Ewaz Beg, 1st Bengal Cavalry, vice pensioned Subadar-Major Imdad Hoossein Khan, "Bahadur," deceased,—20th October 1878.

Ressaldar Man Singh, 10th Bengal (The Duke of Cambridge's Own) Lancers, vice Subadar-Major Russool Khan, "Bahadur," deceased,—2nd January 1879.

Subadar-Major Seebah Ghullay, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Goorkha Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles), vice Subadar-Major Aziz Khan, "Bahadur," deceased,—5th January 1879.

Ressaldar-Major Prem Singh (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, Cavalry, vice Subadar-Major Wali Mahomed, "Bahadur," deceased,—29th May 1879.

Subadar-Major Bhageeram Goorung, 5th Goorkha Regiment (The Hazara Goorkha Battalion), vice Subadar-Major Peer Bux, "Bahadur," promoted,—25th March 1878.

No. 736.—ORDER OF MERIT—

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following admissions to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit:—

24th Native Infantry,

Havildar Ahmed Khan,
Sepoy Hapur Singh,

45th Native Infantry,

Naick Hakum,
Sepoy Turai Singh,

for conspicuous gallantry in action in the Choora Valley on the 31st January 1879.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 737.—The undermentioned Hospital Assistants and passed Medical Pupil passed the English Qualification Examination according to

the test laid down in G. G. O. No. 945 of 7th October 1868:—

Names.	Date of Rank.	Date of passing the English Qualification Examination.
<i>2nd Class Hospital Assistants.</i>		
Gunnasee Lall	25th Oct. 1856	15th April 1879.
Bishumber Dass	16th April 1871	16th ..
<i>3rd Class Hospital Assistant.</i>		
Mortuzza Khan	21st Feby. 1876	6th Dec. 1878.
<i>Passed Medical Pupil.</i>		
Syud Sujjad Hossein	14th Oct. 1878	15th April 1879.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 738.—The services of the undermentioned officers, lately employed with the Punjab Chief's Contingent, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab:—

Major W. C. Anderson, Squadron Commander and Officiating 2nd in Command, 3rd Punjab Cavalry;

Captain V. Rivaz, Wing Officer, 4th Sikh Infantry;

Honorary Surgeon-Major J. R. Deane.

No. 739.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 283 of 1879, the services of Major H. D. Douglas, Bengal Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 740.—The services of Captain J. A. Little, Bengal Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 741.—The services of Captain E. J. de Lautour, R.A., Commandant, No. 4 (Hazara) Mountain Battery, Punjab Frontier Force, are at his own request, placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 742.—The services of the undermentioned officers, lately employed with the Punjab Chief's Contingent, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—

Captain A. J. Pearson, R.A.

Captain S. D. Turnbull, Squadron Officer, 15th Bengal Cavalry,

Captain F. C. Burton, Squadron Officer, 1st Bengal Cavalry.

No. 743.—The services of Surgeon-Major J. Browne, M.D., Officiating Civil, Jubbulpore, are, with reference to the Notification of the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department, No. 397, dated 10th July 1879, replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 744.—The services of Surgeon G. F. A. Harris, Officiating Civil, Hardoi, are, with reference to G. G. O. No. 399 of the 9th May 1879, and to the Notification of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 871 of the 1st August 1879, placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 4th August 1879.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department from 29th July to 4th August 1879:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Indian Medical Department	Surgeon-Major A. Neil ...	22nd July 1879.	Lahore.	...	...
9th Lancers ...	Quartermaster G. Fuller ...	31st July 1879.	Murree.	...	...

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 29th July to 4th August 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>British Military Service.</i>							
H. V. Willis, (a) ...	Lieutenant	Royal Artillery.	15th January 1879.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 1,348 13 4	...	4th October 1879.
C. S. P. E. Mansergh (b) ...	Captain Brevet Major.	40th Foot.	24th April 1879.	Not known	439 14 3	...	Ditto.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
Walter Robert Hamilton (c) ...	Captain ...	General List Infantry.	12th June 1878.	Testate ...	3,287 10 6	...	Ditto.

(a.)—*Next-of-kin.*—Father, Herbert Valiant Willis, Esq., The Knowle, Bridgenorth Salop, Administrator General administering.

(b.)—*Widow.*—Mrs. Mansergh, Clifford, Castletownroche, County Cork, Ireland.

(c.)—*Widow.*—Frances Rachel Hamilton.

Children.—Herbert Vivian Hamilton, William Frederick Hamilton.

H. A. SAWYER, *Captain,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 8th August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 53.—Sub-Lieutenant A. Gwyn, R.N., Commanding I.G.S. *Hugh Rose*, reported his return to duty on the 2nd August 1879, from the furlough granted him in G. G. O. No. 20, dated 10th May 1879.

Mr. E. H. Fenn, Acting Commander, I.G.S. *Hugh Rose*, to revert to the command of the I.G.S. *May Frere*.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 54.—Mr. E. J. Beaumont, 4th Grade Officer, I.G.S. *Enterprize*, to revert to his appointment as 4th Grade Officer, I.G.S. *Hugh Rose*.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 2nd August 1879.

No. 312.—Captain J. A. Little, s.c., whose services have been replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department, is posted to the Western System of State Railways.

No. 313.—Mr. W. H. Freeman, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Indus Valley State Railway, and Mr. W. E. Hartt, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways, are promoted from Class IV to Class III of the State Railway Revenue Establishment, subject to the sanction of the higher posts by the Secretary of State.

The 6th August 1879.

No. 314.—The following officers who have attained the age of 55, or who will do so, on or before 31st December 1879, will retire from the service on the dates on which they may be respectively relieved of their duties:—

Bengal Provincial.

Mr. W. Smith, Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade.

Mr. W. Barnfather, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. H. Dewes, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.
Mr. J. Fennessy, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Bengal Irrigation.

Mr. G. H. Faulkner, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh Provincial.

Mr. G. H. Howe, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Punjab Irrigation.

Mr. C. S. Rundle, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Mr. J. L. Watson, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Western System of State Railways.

Mr. J. Collet, Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade.

Mr. C. Cheyne, Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. J. R. Scott, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank.

North-Eastern System of State Railways.

Mr. T. M. Vigors, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Accounts Branch.

Mr. F. R. Boyce, Examiner, 1st Class, 1st Grade, Bengal.

Mr. P. Phillips, Examiner, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade, Hyderabad.

No. 315.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 314 of this date, Mr. A. C. Cregeen, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, and Mr. H. C. D. La Touche, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, are placed in charge of the current duties of the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Northern Section, Western Rajputana Railway and Sindia Railway, respectively, in addition to their own duties.

No. 316.—The services of Dr. H. Warth, temporarily at the disposal of the Public Works Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

The 7th August 1879.

No. 317.—With reference to Military Department Notification No. 702, dated 1st August 1879, Captain W. A. J. Wallace, R.E., resumed his duties as Officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, Railway Branch, on the forenoon of the 24th July 1879.

The 8th August 1879.

No. 319.—Mr. C. C. Harold, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from such date as he may be relieved of his duties.

Mr. J. W. Wilkinson, Deputy Examiner, Public Works Accounts, 1st Grade, temporary rank, attached to the office of the Accountant General, Public Works Department, will perform the duties of Deputy Examiner of Accounts, State Railway Stores, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Harold, or until further orders.

TELEGRAPH.

The 7th August 1879.

No. 318.—The services of Lieutenant A. W. Stiffe, late I. N., Engineer and Electrician, Persian Gulf Telegraph, are placed at the disposal of the Military (Marine) Department.

ALEX. FRASER, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Nº 33.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT NO. 33.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 13th August 1879.

No. 481.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant G. S. Eyre, Bengal Staff Corps, to be a Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner in British Burma.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 401, dated the 13th June last.

No. 483.—The Hon'ble G. C. Paul, B.A., C.I.E., Advocate-General for Bengal, is granted furlough for eight months, with effect from the 17th March last, under Rule 7, Supplement C, of the Civil Leave Code.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 105, dated the 20th February last.

MEDICAL.

The 12th August 1879.

No. 422.—The services of Surgeon S. H. Browne, M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

POLICE.

The 14th August 1879.

No. 243.—*Appointment.*—Mr. J. W. Olive, District Superintendent of Police, 4th Grade, in British Burma, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, 3rd Grade, during the absence on furlough of Mr. T. W. Wood, or until further orders.

EDUCATION.

INDUSTRY, SCIENCE AND ART.

The 12th August 1879.

No. 187.—Mr. James Wood-Mason resumed charge of his office of Deputy Superintendent of the Indian Museum on return from furlough on the forenoon of the 26th ultimo.

Mr. Wood-Mason is allowed four days' subsidiary leave from the 22nd to 25th ultimo, both days inclusive, to enable him to join his appointment.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 14th August 1879.

No. 272.—The following list of Chaplains belonging to the Bengal Establishment and absent on furlough or other leave on the 30th June 1879, is published for general information:—

No.	Names.	Rank.	Date of commencement of furlough or other leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or other leave.	REMARKS.
FURLough.					
1	Rev'd. T. Moore, M. A.	Senior Chaplain	21st November 1878	20th November 1879	Medical leave.
2	" B. Sharpe, M. A.	Ditto	5th February 1877	4th February 1879	Granted extension of leave for six months and subsequent extension for three months.
3	" P. J. Jarbo, M. A.	Ditto	.....	.....	Allowed one year's furlough with subsidiary leave from 1st April 1877. Has obtained extension of leave till August 1879.
4	" G. D. Symonds	Ditto	1st January 1878	31st December 1879.	
5	" G. F. P. Blyth	Ditto	22nd February 1878	21st February 1880.	
6	" B. M. Behr	Ditto	4th April 1878	3rd April 1880.	
7	" J. R. Baldwin	Ditto	1st July 1878	30th June 1880.	
8	" A. Quinlan	Ditto	1st November 1878	31st October 1880.	
9	" W. C. Bromhead	Ditto	4th .. 1878	3rd November 1880.	
10	" A. Horsburgh	Ditto	1st March 1879	28th February 1881.	
11	" J. W. Young	Ditto	.....	.....	Entitled to eight months' furlough on medical certificate, leave dated 30th May 1879.
12	" W. A. Duke	Ditto	28th April 1879	24th October 1880.	
13	" C. A. Tollemache	Junior Chaplain	12th January 1878	11th December 1879.	
14	" A. Ramsay	Ditto	3rd February 1879	2nd February 1881.	
15	" W. Brock	Ditto	8th March 1879	7th December 1880	Medical leave, inclusive of subsidiary for one month.
16	" J. F. Scobell	Ditto	.....	.....	Entitled to 20 months' furlough on medical certificate, leave dated 12th May 1879.

ON LEAVE OTHER THAN FURLough.

Nil.

Total absent	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
Sanctioned number of Chaplains in the Bengal Presidency	...	...	...	...	...	...	90
Percentage of Absentees	...	...	...	...	...	...	17%

FORESTS.

The 12th August 1879.

No. 673F.—Mr. G. Greig, Conservator of Forests of the Central Circle in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, to act as Conservator of Forests of the Oudh Circle, during the absence of Captain E. S. Wood on three months' privilege leave.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 11th August 1879.

No. 211I.-J.—Under the provisions of Section 3 of Act II of 1869, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant A. P. Thornton to be a Justice of the Peace for the whole of British India.

No. 213I.-J.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to invest Lieutenant A. P. Thornton with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class, to be exercised within the limits of the Morar Cantonment.

No. 215I.-J.—Lieutenant A. P. Thornton, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Morar, is in-

vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes, as provided in Section 9 of XXII of 1864.

The 15th August 1879.

No. 225I.-J.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to extend Act No. I of 1878 (The Opium Act, 1878) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, subject to the modifications hereinafter specified.

1. For the last two clauses of section one, the following clause shall be substituted:—

and it shall come into force in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts on the 21st day of August 1879.

2. Section two, and the last paragraph of section twenty-two, shall be omitted.

3. In section three, in the definition of "Magistrate," the words "in the Presidency

towns, a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere" shall be omitted.

4. In section twelve, in the third paragraph, the words "Collector of the District of"; in sections nineteen and twenty-four the words "Collector of the District"; and in section twenty-four the word "Collector" and the words "Collector, Deputy Collector or other," shall be omitted.

No. 227I.-J.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend Act No. III of 1879 (an Act to authorize the Destruction of Useless Records) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, subject to certain omissions and modifications which are requisite to adapt it to those districts.

The Act, as adapted to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is as follows:—

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the destruction or other disposal of useless records, books and papers in Courts and Revenue Offices; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title.
Commencement.

2. The Resident at Hyderabad may, from time to time, make rules respecting the disposal,

Power to Resident, Hyderabad, to make rules for disposal of records, &c.

Civil and Criminal jurisdiction subordinate thereto, as he may consider useless or unworthy of being permanently preserved.

3. The Resident at Hyderabad may, from time to time, make rules respecting the disposal,

Similar power to Resident, Hyderabad, with respect to documents in Revenue Courts and Offices.

he may consider useless or unworthy of being permanently preserved.

4. All rules made under this Act shall, after being sanctioned by the Governor-General

Rules when to have force of law.

in Council, be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

5. All rules and orders heretofore made by the Resident at Hyderabad for the destruction

Validation of rules as to destruction of documents.

of any Court or Revenue Office shall be deemed to have had the force of law from the date on which they were made, and all such rules now in force shall continue to have the force of law until they are rescinded by rules made under this Act; and no suit or other proceedings shall

Bar of suits.

be instituted, maintained or continued against any person for the disposal, by destruction or otherwise, of any records, books or papers in accordance with any such rules or with any order made by the Resident at Hyderabad.

6. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the destruction of any docu-

Saving of documents kept under provision of law. ment which, under the provisions of any law for the time being in force, is to be kept and maintained.

No. 229I.-J.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend Act No. III of 1879 (an Act to authorize the Destruction of Useless Records) to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, subject to certain omissions and modifications which are requisite to adapt it to that Cantonment.

The Act, as adapted to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, is as follows:—

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the destruction or other disposal of useless records, books and papers in Courts and Revenue Offices; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title.
Commencement.

1. This Act may be called "The Destruction of Records Act, 1879": and it shall come into force at once.

2. The Resident at Hyderabad may, from time to time, make rules respecting the disposal,

Power to Resident, Hyderabad, to make rules for disposal of records, &c.

the Courts of Civil and Criminal jurisdiction subordinate thereto, as he may consider useless or unworthy of being permanently preserved.

3. The Resident at Hyderabad may, from time to time, make rules respecting the disposal,

Similar power to Resident, Hyderabad, with respect to documents in Revenue Courts and Offices.

as he may consider useless or unworthy of being permanently preserved.

4. All rules made under this Act shall, after being sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council, be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

5. All rules and orders heretofore made by the Resident at Hyderabad for the destruction or other disposal of useless records, books and papers belonging to or in the custody of any Court or Revenue Office shall be deemed to have had the force of law from the date on which they were made, and all such rules now in force shall continue to have the force of law until they are rescinded by rules made under this Act; and no suit or other

Bar of suits.

disposal, by destruction or otherwise, of any records, books or papers in accordance with any such rules or with any order made by the Resident at Hyderabad.

6. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the destruction of any document which, under the provisions of any law for the time being in force, is to be kept and maintained.

POLITICAL.

The 14th August 1879.

No. 2133 E.-P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated 4th July 1879, is published for general information:—

At the Court at Windsor, the 26th day of June 1879.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.
His Royal Highness Prince Leopold.
Lord President.
Lord Privy Seal.
Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart.

WHEREAS by the second section of an Act passed in the Session of the 29th and 30th years of Her Majesty's reign chapter 115, entitled "an Act to provide for the Government of the Straits Settlements" it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty by order or orders in Council to be by Her from time to time made, with the advice of Her Privy Council, to establish all such Laws, Institutions and Ordinances, and to constitute such courts and officers, and to make such provisions and regulations for the proceedings in such Courts, and for the administration of justice, and for the raising and expenditure of the public revenue as may be deemed advisable for the peace, order and good government of Her Majesty's subjects and others within the said Settlements, or within any territory which may at any time be part of or dependant upon the same, any law statute or usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

And whereas it is expedient to provide for the surrender by the Governor of the said Settlements to Foreign States in the case of which the Extradition Act 1870 does not apply of persons accused of the commission of certain crimes within the jurisdiction of such States.

Now therefore it is hereby ordered by Her Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council as follows:

1. If requisition be made to the Governor of the Straits Settlements by any Foreign State in the case of which the Extradition Act, 1870, does not for the time being apply or by any person recognised by him as an authorized minister or officer consul or vice-consul of such State for the surrender of a fugitive criminal of such State who is or is suspected of being in any part of the Straits Settlements, the Governor may issue an order un-

der his hand and seal to any Magistrate of the said Settlements directing him to enquire into the truth of the charge.

2. Every such order for inquiry shall signify that the requisition for surrender has been made, shall state the nature of the crime charged, the name or designation (if the name be not known) and any other description that may be thought necessary of the fugitive criminal and shall require the Magistrates to whom it shall be directed or any of them to inquire into the truth of the charge and proceed in pursuance of this Order in Council.

3. The order for enquiry shall be a sufficient proof of the requisition having been made, and a sufficient justification for all acts done in pursuance thereof and upon production thereof to the Magistrate to whom it is directed he shall have the same powers as if the crime charged had been committed within his jurisdiction.

4. If the evidence adduced shall be such as would in the opinion of the Magistrate justify the apprehension of the fugitive criminal named or designated in the order, if the crime charged had been committed within his jurisdiction he shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive criminal. The warrant shall be issued in the same manner as if the crime charged had been committed within the jurisdiction of the Magistrate issuing it and shall contain a memorandum stating that it is issued under this Order in Council.

5. Every warrant for the apprehension of a fugitive criminal issued under this Order in Council may be executed in any part of the Straits Settlements.

6. A fugitive criminal apprehended on a warrant issued under this Order in Council shall be forthwith brought before a Magistrate within whose jurisdiction he shall be apprehended, and such Magistrate shall deal with the case in the same manner as if the fugitive criminal were charged with an indictable offence committed within his jurisdiction.

7. If any fugitive criminal shall, in pursuance of this Order in Council, be brought before a Magistrate other than the Magistrate who issued the warrant for his apprehension, the depositions and documents upon which the warrant was issued, or copies thereof certified under the hand of the Magistrate by whom the warrant was issued, shall, upon the requisition of the Magistrate before

whom the fugitive criminal shall be brought, be forwarded to such last-mentioned Magistrate.

8. Depositions, statements on oath, or affirmations taken in a foreign State, and copies of such original depositions or statements on oath or affirmations may, if duly authenticated, be received in evidence in proceedings under this Order in Council. Such depositions, statements, or affirmations, and copies thereof, shall be deemed to be duly authenticated, for the purposes of this Order in Council, if they purport to be certified under the hand of a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the foreign State where the same were taken, to be the original depositions, statements, or affirmations, or to be true copies thereof, as the case may require; and if they are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of some Minister of State; and all courts of justice and Magistrates in the Straits Settlements shall take judicial notice of such official seal.

9. The Magistrate before whom a fugitive criminal shall be brought, in pursuance of this Order in Council, shall, if such evidence is produced as would, according to the law of the Straits Settlements, justify the committal for trial of the fugitive criminal, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in the Straits Settlements, commit him to some prison in the Straits Settlements, but otherwise shall order him to be discharged: If the Magistrate commits the fugitive criminal to prison, he shall inform such fugitive criminal that he will not be surrendered until after the expiration of 15 days, and that during such 15 days he may appeal to any Judge of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlements.

10. Every Magistrate who shall commit a fugitive criminal to prison under this Order in Council, shall forthwith report the result of his proceedings to the Governor, together with any remarks which he may deem it necessary or proper to make upon the case, and together with a copy of all depositions and documents used before him.

11. Upon receipt of a Magistrate's report of the committal of a fugitive criminal under the provisions of this Order in Council, the Governor may after the expiration of 15 days from the date of committal or after the decision of the Judge before whom the appeal of the fugitive criminal is brought, as the case may be, or after such further period as may be allowed in either case by the Governor by warrant under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may in his opinion be duly authorized to receive the fugitive criminal by the foreign State from which the requisition for his surrender proceeded, and such fugitive criminal shall be surrendered accordingly. Provided always, that no fugitive criminal shall be surrendered under this Order in Council if (1), the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is of a political character, or if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Governor that the requisition for his surrender has been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character, nor (2) unless provision is made by the law of the State from which the requisition for his surrender proceeds or by arrangement that he shall not until he has been restored to Her Majesty's Dominions, be detained or tried in that State for any offence committed before his surrender other than the crime in respect of which he is surrendered.

12. It shall be lawful for the person to whom a fugitive criminal shall be so ordered to be surrendered to receive, hold in custody and convey within the jurisdiction of the Foreign State from which the requisition for his surrender came such fugitive criminal, and if such fugitive criminal escapes out of the custody of such person it shall be lawful to retake him in the same manner as any person accused of any crime against the laws of the Straits Settlements may be retaken upon an escape from lawful custody.

13. If any fugitive criminal committed to prison under this Order in Council, shall not be surrendered and conveyed out of the Straits Settlements within two calendar months after his committal, it shall be lawful for any Judge of the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlements upon application by or on behalf of the fugitive criminal, and upon proof that notice of the application has been given to the Governor or to the Colonial Secretary to order the fugitive criminal to be discharged out of custody unless sufficient cause is shown to the contrary.

14. For the purposes of this Order in Council every Colony Dependency and constituent part of a Foreign State shall be deemed to be within the jurisdiction of such Foreign State.

15. In this Order in Council the term "Fugitive Criminal" means any person accused of any crime committed either before or after the date of this Order in Council, which if committed in England or within English jurisdiction would be one of the crimes described in the schedule to this Order in Council and the term "Fugitive Criminal of a State," means a person accused of any such crime as aforesaid committed within the jurisdiction of that State, and the term "Governor" means the person for the time being administering the government of the Straits Settlements, and words in the masculine gender include the feminine.

16. Every person who is accused of having counselled, procured, commanded, aided or abetted the commission of any such crime as aforesaid or of being accessory before or after the fact to any such crime shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order in Council to be accused of having committed such crime.

17. The schedule to this Order in Council annexed shall be taken to be part of this Order in Council.

C. L. PEEL.

The Schedule.

The following list of crimes is to be construed according to the law existing in the Straits Settlements at the date of the alleged crime:—

Murder and attempt, and conspiracy to murder.

Manslaughter.

Counterfeiting and altering money, and uttering counterfeit or altered money.

Forgery, counterfeiting, and altering and uttering what is forged of counterfeited or altered.

Embezzlement and larceny.

Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

Crimes by bankrupts against Bankruptcy Law.

Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director or member or public officer of any Company made criminal by any Act for the time being in force.

Rape.	of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-eight, "To consolidate and amend the Statute Law of England and Ireland relating to indictable offences by forgery," or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not specifically mentioned in this schedule.
Abduction.	Any indictable offence under the Act of the session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of her present Majesty, chapter ninety-nine, "To consolidate and amend the Statute Law of the United Kingdom against offences relating to the coin," or any Act amending or substituted for the same which is not specifically mentioned in this schedule.
Child stealing.	Any indictable offence under the Act of the session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred, "To consolidate and amend the Statute Law of England and Ireland relating to offences against the person," or any Act amending or substituted for the same which is not specifically mentioned in this schedule.
Burglary and housebreaking.	Any indictable offence under the laws for the time being in force in relation to bankruptcy, which is not specifically mentioned in his schedule.
Arson.	GENERAL.
Robbery with violence.	<i>The 13th August 1879.</i>
Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.	No. 1573 G.-G. —Mr. G. F. Meiklejohn is promoted from the 2nd to the 1st Grade of Assistant Superintendents in the Mysore Revenue Survey, with effect from the 1st June 1879.
Piracy by law of nations.	A. C. LYALL, <i>Secy. to the Govt. of India.</i>
Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.	
Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.	
Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.	
Kidnapping and false imprisonment.	
Perjury and subornation of perjury, whether under common or statute law.	
Any indictable offence under the Larceny Act, 1861, or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not specifically mentioned in this schedule.	
Any indictable offence under the Act of the session of the 24th and 25th years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-seven, "To consolidate and amend the Statute Law of England and Ireland relating to malicious injuries to property," or any Act amending or substituted for the same which is not specifically mentioned in this schedule.	
Any indictable offence under the Act of the session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years	

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th August 1879.

No. 2306.—Privilege leave having been granted to Mr. W. Waterfield, Mr. James Westland has been appointed to officiate, during Mr. W. Waterfield's absence, as Comptroller General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, and Mr. C. R. C. Kiernander, to officiate, *vice* Mr. Westland, as Accountant General, Bengal.

No. 2229.—The following extracts from a Financial Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to the Government of India, No. 261, dated 17th July 1879, are published as being of general interest:—

PARA. 1.—I have considered in Council the following letters from your Government:—

No. 70 B (Financial), dated the 28th of February 1879, forwarding the Finance and Revenue Accounts for 1877-78.

No. 87 A (Financial), dated the 13th of March, forwarding the Regular Estimates for 1878-79, the Budget Estimates for 1879-80, and a copy of your Resolution, No. 1249, of the 13th March, explaining those Estimates.

No. 3 (Separate Revenue), dated the 13th of March, and No. 5, dated the 21st of March, relating to the Notification exempting from Customs duty certain imported cotton goods.

No. 138 (Financial), dated the 22nd of May, dealing with the question of the reduction of expenditure in India.

20. The following is your Budget Estimate for 1879-80 :—	£	
Revenues and Receipts, Ordinary (India and England) ...	57,706,000	
Ditto, from Productive Public Works ...	6,856,000	£
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Expenditure, Ordinary—		64,562,000
In India ...	48,027,500	Comparison of the
In England, Stores for India ...	1,314,000	Budget Estimate for
" other charges ...	8,097,500	1879-80 with the
	<hr/>	Regular Estimate
	57,439,000	for 1878-79.
Ditto, on Productive Public Works ...	8,478,000	<hr/>
	<hr/>	65,917,000
Leaving an estimated deficit of ...	1,355,000	<hr/>
The capital expenditure on Productive Public Works is estimated at ...	3,500,000	<hr/>

21. In the total Ordinary Revenue you anticipate a decrease of 412,888*l.* as compared with the Regular Estimate for 1878-79. The principal headings under which you expect an increase are the following :—Forest, where an improvement of 78,005*l.* is expected after the depression of the previous year; Excise, 150,000*l.*, from a general recovery in most of the provinces; Assessed Taxes, 27,000*l.*, due to the collection of arrears in Bengal; Provincial Rates, 60,000*l.*, in consequence of the imposition of the Famine Cess in the North-West Provinces and Oudh during three-fourths of the year, which is estimated to produce 82,500*l.*, while less arrears will be obtained in Madras than in 1878-79; Salt, which is estimated to realize 100,000*l.* more than in the previous year, notwithstanding the loss of 150,000*l.* expected as the result in 1879-80 of the reduction of duty in Northern India on the 25th of July 1878; and Post Office, the increase of 73,000*l.* under which heading is balanced by an additional expenditure of about the same amount. On the other hand, there is a decrease of 293,000*l.* in Land Revenue, owing to the collection of arrears being expected to be less in Madras and the North-West Provinces; of 192,000*l.* in Customs, in consequence of the remission of duty on the importation of certain classes of cotton goods at an eventual loss of 200,000*l.*, though the sacrifice in 1879-80 is estimated not to exceed 150,000*l.*, and of the revision of the tarif valuations at a further loss of 42,000*l.*; of 347,000*l.* in Opium, as the unusually large receipts of 1878-79 are not anticipated in the year 1879-80; and of 156,628*l.* in Receipts in aid of Superannuation Allowances, &c., the balances at the credit of several of the Military Funds being now exhausted. From Productive Works an increase of 286,948*l.* is expected, a considerable improvement being hoped for in the receipts from State Railways.

22. The Ordinary Expenditure is estimated to be higher than that of 1878-79 by 2,453,676*l.*, of which above half, namely, 1,306,810*l.* occurs in the Army, and is more than accounted for by the provision of 2,000,000*l.* for the Afghan war. Under Opium the increase of expenditure is estimated at 737,062*l.*, the charges in the previous year having, as already mentioned, been abnormally low. The increase of 83,306*l.* under Land Revenue is caused chiefly by Survey and Settlement Operations, and by a payment in Madras for village services; that of 75,867*l.* under Telegraph is due to an increased charge for Stores in England, and to the frontier operations; an additional expenditure of 76,035*l.* under Allowances and Assignments is attributable to the payments made to Native States in Rajputana in connection with the arrangements regarding Salt. The increase of 123,488*l.* for interest on Debt, together with that of 182,000*l.* under the head of Productive Works, is due to the necessity under which you were placed of borrowing a further sum of 5 crores of rupees in India; an increase of 47,000*l.* for Police is mainly attributable to the wants of British Burma; the increase of 39,246*l.* for Education is due to demands generally throughout India, as is also that of 36,976*l.* for Stationery and Printing, to the necessity for retrenchment in which I am glad to perceive that you have drawn the attention of the Local Administrations. An additional charge of 552,000*l.* is estimated under Loss by Exchange, the rate at which bills will be drawn on India having been only taken at 1*s.* 7*d.* on the average. Of the excess of 222,272*l.* in Public Works Ordinary, 100,000*l.* is due to the transfer of establishments in excess of requirements from the heading of Productive Works, and the remainder arises from the fact that in 1878-79 the outlay of the Local Governments was much curtailed. The increase of 156,000*l.* under Irrigation and Navigation, Ordinary, is due to a large outlay from local funds contemplated on the Calcutta canals and other works in Bengal. The decrease of 36,000*l.* in the charges for Salt arises from the abolition of the Customs line, which, excepting only the Trans-Indus portion, was removed on the 1st of April 1879, involving a reduction of 60,000*l.*, part of which, however, would be needed for establishments at the salt sources acquired from the Native States in Rajputana. The reductions of the Marine and Political Charges and of Superannuation Allowances are due to those in 1878-79 having been swollen by special payments; the saving of 545,597*l.* under Famine Relief is attributable to the fact that the condition of the crops appears fairly satisfactory throughout India, the only provision needed being 10,000*l.* for the North-West Provinces and Oudh. The Provincial and Local Accounts are estimated to be reduced by 437,000*l.*, as some of the

Administrations hope to lay out a portion of the considerable balances in the hands of your Government. Under Productive Works, apart from the charge for interest which has been already noticed, there is estimated to be an increase of expenditure of 45,013*l.*, the decrease in the charge for Guaranteed Railways being more than counterbalanced by the additional charge of working some of the State lines. The outlay of Capital on Productive Public Works has been reduced to 3,500,000*l.*, or 1,039,369*l.* less than in 1878-79.

23. The principal causes of the excessive charges that have arisen in recent years have been famine, war, and loss by exchange. As regards the first of the three, the sum expended in famine relief in Bengal and the North-West Provinces from 1873-74 to 1875-76 was 6,611,087*l.*, while the famine in Madras, Mysore and Bombay, from 1876-77 to 1878-79 (to which I have already adverted), coupled with the scarcity in certain parts of Northern India during the same period, involved a direct expenditure for famine relief to the amount of 8,046,803*l.*, to which it appears from the 131st

	£
* Net direct cost of famine estimated at ...	9,400,000
Actual famine relief ...	<u>8,046,803</u>
Balance from other causes ...	<u>£1,353,197</u>

and construction of public works primarily

	£
† Famine relief ...	14,563,031
Other expenditure estimated at ...	<u>1,353,197</u>
	<u>£15,916,228</u>

paragraph of your Resolution, that about 1,350,000*l.** more must be added on account of loss of revenue, payments to the troops arising from the high price of provisions, &c.; so that in the six years, from 1873-74 to 1878-79, the direct charge on the revenues of India, excluding loans to Native States undertaken in consequence of the famine, was little less than 16,000,000*l.*† There is, it may be hoped, good reason to believe that the distress in these years has been exceptionally severe; but your Government came to the conclusion last year that it was necessary to provide for an average expen-

diture of 1,500,000*l.* annually for famine relief, and for this purpose special taxation was imposed. The manner in which the money thus raised is to be disposed of for the prevention of undue charge on account of famine is fourfold, as explained in my Despatch of the 20th of February last, No. 62, namely, by reduction of debt in England, by reduction of debt in India, by direct expenditure for relief in years when it is needed, or by the construction of protective works calculated to avoid future outlay in such relief. Unfortunately, the impossibility of remitting to this country the necessary amount, coupled with other exceptional demands, has prevented you from carrying into full operation the policy initiated by you in 1878.

24. Your Excellency rightly declined to place in a separate Fund the money specially raised for famine insurance, for it would have been useless to set apart sums which you might have been unable to spend in the manner intended, while you might, at the same time, have been forced by temporary pressure to impose extra taxation for the other expenditure of the year.

In the year 1878-79, the first in which these arrangements came into operation, there is an estimated surplus of 1,451,629*l.*, after expending 555,597*l.* on famine relief. For the current year, owing to the estimated expenditure exceeding the income, there will be no surplus to apply as you had proposed. Your Government, however, has announced that this failure has been unavoidable, and that you will without delay take such measures as will restore the desired surplus of about two millions.

Of this resolution I entirely approve.

25. The expenditure for the war in Afghanistan is estimated at 2,670,000*l.* in the years 1878-79 and 1879-80, to which must apparently be added about 15,000*l.* for the construction of telegraphs on the frontier mentioned in the 221st paragraph of your Resolution.

26. In my despatch of the 23rd of January, No. 23, I desired that the whole of the charges on account of the expedition, including those relating to telegraph construction, might be shown under a separate head; and I request that in the preparation of the accounts this instruction may not be overlooked.

27. The amount of expenditure under the head of Loss by Exchange, in the three years from 1873-74 to 1875-76, was 3,814,066*l.*; in 1876-77 it was 2,181,611*l.*; in 1877-78 1,653,377*l.*; and in 1878-79, it will, according to the Regular Estimate, be 3,400,000*l.*, so that in the six years it has amounted to 10,549,054*l.*, while for 1879-80 it is entered in the Budget Estimate at no less than 3,952,000*l.*, or, as it is stated in the 276th paragraph of your Resolution, 3,947,368*l.* This estimate is based on the supposition that bills will be drawn upon your Government to an amount of 15,000,000*l.* sterling during the year, at an average rate of 1*s.* 7*d.* the rupee. It is probable that this loss will be diminished, partly from an improvement in the rate at which bills will be drawn, and partly from the extreme difficulty of drawing during the present year so large an amount of bills; but it is as yet impossible to estimate the total loss with any approach to accuracy.

28. The gravity of this question led Your Excellency last year to suggest certain measures which would, in your opinion, enable you to avoid in the future all such loss. In another Despatch I shall communicate to you the reasons which have prevented me from acceding to your proposals.

29. While this subject was under my consideration, Your Excellency had to determine whether the financial difficulties of the year were such as to prevent any effort from being made to remove hindrances to trade, even at some present loss of income. The questions

which were urgently in need of a settlement were the reduction of the import duty on cotton goods and the reform of the salt revenue.

30. It is unnecessary for me to enter at length into a discussion of the need for a remission of duty on cotton manufactures. The views of Her Majesty's Government were fully explained in Lord Salisbury's Despatches of the 31st of May 1876, No. 9 (Separate Revenue), and the 30th of August 1877, No. 136 (Statistics and Commerce). On the 11th of July 1877, a Resolution was passed by the House of Commons, declaring that those duties were protective in their nature, and contrary to sound commercial policy, and that they ought to be repealed without delay, so soon as the financial condition of India would permit. A first step in this direction was made by the Notification of your Government, dated the 18th of March 1878, exempting from duty certain classes of manufactures. Complaints were, however, made that the relief thus afforded was insufficient, and you accordingly appointed a Committee to examine the question and ascertain whether relief could be afforded without undue loss of revenue. The Committee reported that the exemption of all cloths, containing no yarns of a higher number than 30, was the only effective remedy against existing direct protection. The loss of revenue to be anticipated from such an exemption is variously estimated at from 150,000/- to 200,000/- a year; and Your Excellency, considering that it might safely be assumed that for the present it would not exceed the smaller sum, determined to carry out the recommendation of the Committee. Objections to the measure were raised by the majority of your Council, for reasons explained in the Minutes which accompanied your letter, dated the 21st of March last, No. 5 (Separate Revenue). Her Majesty's Government concur in your opinion that it was not possible to leave the tariff on cotton manufactures in the condition in which it was placed by the Notification of the 18th of March 1878, and they, accordingly, approve of the action taken by Your Excellency.

31. The same view is held by the House of Commons, which, on the 4th of April last, passed a Resolution "that the Indian import duty on cotton goods, being unjust alike to the Indian consumer and the English producer, ought to be abolished, and this House accepts the recent reduction in these duties as a step towards their total abolition, to which Her Majesty's Government are pledged." Your Excellency will not fail to bear in mind the necessity, when it can be done without imprudence, of taking further measures in this direction.

32. It is not, however, only in regard to cotton manufactures that the reform of the tariff was needed; and I am glad to find that, while revising the valuations on cotton goods, you have taken the opportunity of making alterations in regard to other articles, and have announced your intention of having annual revisions which will prevent the duty from pressing with undue hardship in the case of a fall in the value of any particular class of merchandise. The net estimated loss from the reductions made this year is 42,000/-, of which about 31,400/- appears to be due to the revision of valuation on cotton goods.

33. The series of measures commenced by the Earl of Mayo in 1869 for the reform of the salt duties has now been brought to a successful termination. The arrangements made with the Native Chiefs in Rajputana for the acquisition of the salt sources, and the construction of the railway by which the salt from the Sambur Lake can be conveyed at a small cost to distant places, have been followed by the abolition of the whole of the Inland Customs Line except the Trans-Indus portion. The duty on the exportation of sugar, which has long been a very objectionable feature in the fiscal system of India, has been abolished, and the duty upon salt has been fixed at a uniform rate throughout India of 2½ rupees per maund, with the exception of Bengal, where it has been reduced to 2 rupees 14 annas, and British Burma, where for special reasons it remains at 3 annas. It is very satisfactory to observe the testimony borne by your Government to the smallness of the increase in the retail price of salt in Madras and Bombay, compared with the increase of duty which was necessary in order to equalise the rates. It is estimated that, on the one hand, 47,000,000 of people have had the duty on the salt which they consume raised by 66 per cent., with an increase in price of only 30 per cent.; and that, on the other hand, to more than 130,000,000 of people has the duty been reduced by 16½ per cent., while a diminution of price to the extent of nearly 40 per cent. has been secured to them. I congratulate your Excellency on the accomplishment of those important reforms.

No. 2313.—*Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st July 1879, published as required by Section 23 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1871:—*

	Rs.
Whole amount of notes in circulation	12,24,19,505
Amount of Silver coin reserved	5,38,53,805
" " bullion	85,68,444
" " of Government securities held by the department.	5,99,97,256
TOTAL RESERVE	12,24,19,505

No. 2251.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the Governor General in Council prohibits the bringing or taking by sea or by land into or out of British India of arms, ammunition or military stores, as defined in the Indian Arms Act, 1878, except in accordance with the provisions of that Act and the rules and orders issued thereunder.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 15th August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 745.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant John Franklin Worlidge, 45th Foot, Wing Officer, 7th Regiment, Native Infantry,—2nd January 1878.

No. 746.—The undermentioned officer, having completed twelve years' service, including four years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to the rank of Captain, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant Edward Willock Chalmers, Bengal Staff Corps,—14th August 1879.

No. 747.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain William Graham Smith, General List, Infantry,—11th August 1879.

No. 748.—BREVET—

The undermentioned officer of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service, as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, is promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Matcham Davies, Madras Staff Corps,—15th August 1879.

No. 749.—The promotion to Brevet Major of Captain E. P. Ommeney, Bengal Staff Corps, as announced in G. G. O. No. 172 of 1879, is cancelled.

No. 750.—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Captain (local Major) H. H. F. Gifford, 13th Hussars, Officiating Brigade-Major, Lucknow, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant General on the Establishment, *vice* Major G. W. Smith, 85th Foot, whose tour of Staff service expired on the 9th August.

No. 751.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

Permanent.

Lieutenant-Colonel D. J. Welsh, R.A., is re-appointed to be Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance and Magazines, for a period of three years, with effect from the 23rd July 1879.

Captain S. Murray, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, to be Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, *vice* Captain R. Bazett, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, and Officiating Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, who vacates on the expiration of his tour of service, dated the 14th August 1879.

Temporary.

Major S. Cargill, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, to officiate as Commissary of

Ordnance, 1st Class, *vice* Captain J. A. S. Colquhoun, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, and Officiating Commissary of Ordnance, 1st Class, who reverted to regimental duty on the expiration of his tour of service, and during the absence of Major Eyre on furlough, or until further orders, dated 23rd July 1879.

Captain S. Murray, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, to officiate as Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, *vice* Major Cargill, dated 23rd July 1879.

No. 752.—The following Warrant Officers on probation are confirmed in their present grade, from the dates specified:—

Sub-Conductor Thomas Hindle, from 11th January 1879.

Sub-Conductor William P. Pickering, from 17th January 1879.

No. 753.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

No. 2 Mountain Battery.

Captain A. Broadfoot, Royal Artillery, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Captain G. Swinley, on furlough.

No. 4 (Hazara) Mountain Battery.

Lieutenant E. C. Wace, Royal Artillery, 2nd Subaltern, to officiate as 1st Subaltern, *vice* Lieutenant C. C. Lindsay, Royal Artillery, on furlough.

Lieutenant C. A. Anderson, Royal Artillery, to officiate as 2nd Subaltern, *vice* Lieutenant Wace.

No. 754.—3rd Punjab Cavalry—

Captain J. Davidson, Assistant Adjutant General, Punjab Frontier Force, to be Squadron Commander, *vice* Captain R. B. Lockwood, deceased.

Lieutenant F. Mardall, Squadron Officer, and Officiating Adjutant, to be Adjutant, *vice* Captain C. C. Egerton.

No. 755.—NATIVE ARMY—

13th (The Shekawattee) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Kalloo Thappa, to be Subadar, *vice* Hoolas Sing, invalided; Havildar Deboo Kuthree, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kalloo Thappa, promoted; Havildar Gopal Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Mudun Sing, invalided; Havildar Peer Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kurreem Khan, invalided; Havildar Radha Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Sewdan Sing, invalided,—1st May 1879.

43rd (Assam) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Boodoo Ram, to be Subdar, *vice* Sewpersad Ram, invalided; Havildar Ghumbir, to be Jemadar, *vice* Boodoo Ram, promoted,—1st June 1879.

SPECIAL.

No. 756.—Mr. G. W. Vyse, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Public Works Department, was employed with the Thul-Chotiali Field Force from the 26th February to the 29th April 1879, both dates inclusive.

FUNDS.

No. 757.—With the sanction of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the

following rule is substituted for Clause 2, Article VIII, of the Bengal Military Fund Regulations:—

Surgeons-Major who have subscribed as Lieutenant-Colonels after twenty years' service, will be eligible for enrolment in the grade of Colonels from the date of completing twenty-seven years' service, but if the option be not availed of at the time specified, a health certificate will have to be furnished, and arrears adjusted from the expiration of the said term of twenty-seven years.

The rule as regards Veterinary Officers remains unaltered.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 758.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) A. A. Bruce, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 37th (The Meerut) Regiment of Native Infantry,—(p.a.), for one year, 94 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) H. Forbes, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, Bhopal Battalion,—(p.a.), for one year, eight days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain G. F. Churchill, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, and Adjutant, 1st Goorkha Regiment,—(p.a.), for one year and 277 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain J. T. Wright, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary 3rd grade, Public Works Department,—(p.a.), for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 759.—The following extract from List No. 29, dated the 18th July 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Surgeon B. Evers.

Captain H. J. Peet, Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. K. M. Walter, Staff Corps.

Captain J. W. Ridgeway, Infantry.

Retirement.

Veterinary Surgeon M. J. Marshall,—14th September 1879.

No. 760.—ARRIVALS—

Major F. Gellie, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 39th (The Allygurh) Regiment of Native Infantry,—Bombay, 30th July 1879.

No. 761.—DEPARTURES—

Sub-Conductor G. M. Wray, G. G. O. No. 695 of 1879,—Navarino, 31st July 1879, from Calcutta.

ORDNANCE.

No. 762.—STORES—

The undernoted Clauses of Lists of Changes in War Matériel are made applicable to India:—

Dated 1st May 1879.

§3524. Bag, serge, for bursting charge of rifled M. L. shell, common, 64-pr. (Mark I).

A pattern of this bag has been sealed to govern supplies.

DIMENSIONS.

			Inches.
Width	...	...	7·4
Length to neck	...	...	15·95
Neck	length	...	4·75
...	width	top	3·5
		bottom	2·0

§3528. Derricks, bronze, muzzle, for rifled M. L. guns, 12·5-inch 38-ton, 9-inch 12-ton (§3007).

Loops to be removed from eye-bolts.

In order to prevent the line of sight being interrupted by the fittings of the derricks above-mentioned, when the side tangent sights are employed at certain elevations, the following alterations have been approved, and have been applied to the sealed patterns, *viz.* :—

Derrick for 12·5-inch guns. Loops to be removed from eye-bolts, and present horizontal fixing screws to be replaced by screws with loops.

Derrick for 9-inch guns. Loops to be removed from eye-bolts.

Derricks already issued will be altered by regimental artificers, according to printed instructions which have been prepared to guide the operation.

Officers Commanding Royal Artillery concerned will put forward demands for instructions accordingly, and for "screws, fixing, with eye, rifled M. L. guns, for derrick" (2 for each 12·5-inch derrick to be altered).

No. 763.—The Government of India, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, have been pleased to sanction the substitution of a "milled head" screw in lieu of the screw with projections for clamping the tangent scale of 7-pounder rifled muzzle-loading guns, 200 lbs., the latter having been found liable to break.

2. The necessary alteration will be made to the screws in possession of the Mountain Batteries by the Battery Artificers, the cost, which is not to exceed Rupees 1·4 per screw, being recovered in contingent bills.

3. This order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

ORGANIZATION.

No. 764.—ROYAL ARTILLERY—

Under instructions from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council is pleased, in continuation of G. G. O. No. 593 of 30th June 1877, to lay down the following establishment for the Divisional and District Staff of the Royal Artillery serving in India:—

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Total.
Colonels	9	4	4	17
Lieutenant-colonels	14	7	7	28
Adjutants	8	4	4	16
Riding-masters	4	2	1	7
Sergeant-majors	6	3	2	11
Trumpet-majors	4	2	1	7
Orderly-room clerks	8	4	4	16
First assistant instructor of gunnery	5	3	3	11
Second " "	4	1	1	6

2. The above establishment of colonels and lieutenant-colonels includes the Inspector-General

of artillery, the Deputy Adjutant-General of artillery, Bengal, and the Assistants Adjutant General Madras and Bombay, and may be modified so far that the number of colonels and lieutenant-colonels respectively may be 16 and 29, provided that in no case shall the total number of both grades on the Indian establishment exceed 45, or the number of colonels exceed 18.

3. This commissioned and non-commissioned staff (exclusive of the four colonels and lieutenant-colonels required for the appointments above specified) will be distributed as follows into divisions and districts, subject to such alterations as from time to time may be required by the exigencies of the service:—

Bengal.

	Colonels.	Lieutenant-colonels.	Adjutants.	Riding-masters.	Sergeant-majors.	Trumpet-majors.	Orderly-room Clerks.	ASSISTANT GUNNERY INSTRUCTORS.	
								1st Asst.	2nd Asst.
Peshawar District*	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Rawal Pindi Division*	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Lahore Division	...	1	2†	1	1	1	1	1	...
Sirhind *	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Meerut *	...	1	3†	1	1	1	1	1	...
Oudh *	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Gwalior District	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Sangor	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Allahabad Division	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Presidency District	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Total	...	8	13	8	4	6	4	8	5
									4

Madras.

Centre Districts*	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Mysore Division*	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hyderabad Subsidiary Force*	...	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	...
Nagpore Force	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
British Burmah Division	...	1	2†	1	1	1	1	1	...
Total	...	4	6	4	2	3	2	4	3
									1

Bombay.

Poona Division*	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Mhow	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Northern "	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Sind District	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Aden Brigade	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bombay District	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...
Total	...	4	6	4	1	2	1	4	3
									1

* The sergeant-majors and trumpet-majors of these divisions and districts only to be provided with horses and saddlery, which are to be attached to the batteries at the several stations.

4. The tenure of these appointments by colonels and lieutenant-colonels commanding divisions, districts and stations, and by adjutants, is limited to five years: all appointments to lieutenant-colonels' commands and adjutancies subsequent to the publication of G. G. O. No. 593 of 30th June 1877 will come under the provisions of the present order.

The lieutenant-colonels not holding separate commands will be posted for duty to the several stations under the orders of the Commanders-in-Chief of Presidencies, and changed as may be required in the interests of the service.

5. The colonels and lieutenant-colonels will draw the pay of the branch to which they belong; the remainder of the district commissioned and non-commissioned staff will be classified as follows and draw the corresponding rates of pay:—

Horse artillery.—Sirhind, Meerut and Mysore divisions.

Field artillery.—Rawal Pindi, Oudh, Allahabad, Poona and Mhow divi-

sions, Peshawur, Presidency and Centre districts, and Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.

Garrison artillery.—Lahore and British Burmah divisions—Gwalior and Bombay districts—Aden brigade.

6. The following allowances will be passed to colonels, lieutenant-colonels and adjutants:—

DIVISIONAL AND DISTRICT COMMANDS.

Colonels' Commands.

Rupees 400 per mensem.

Lieutenant-Colonels' Commands.

Lieutenant-colonels commanding three or more batteries in any district not within a colonel's command, Rs. 300 per mensem.

Lieutenant-colonels commanding two batteries in any district not within a colonel's command, Rs. 200 per mensem.

Station Commands.

Lieutenant-colonels commanding two or more batteries at the same station, not being the head-quarters of a colonel's or lieutenant-colonel's command, Rs. 200 per mensem.

Adjutants.

Those attached to colonel's commands, who will be exclusive of the establishment of batteries

* Including Rs. 60 office in India, will draw Rs. allowance and tentage. 200 staff* and horse allowance for two horses.

Adjutants attached to the district and station commands held by lieutenant-colonels will be included in the establishment of batteries as at present, and draw staff pay under existing rules.

7. The above allowances will be passed only to officers actually performing the duties, no portion thereof being admissible on any leave in or out of India, except privilege leave. Command pay is admissible to a major falling temporarily into the command of a division, district, or station.

8. Arrangements will be made in communication with Her Majesty's Government for the early withdrawal or absorption of the commissioned and non-commissioned staff of brigades who will become supernumerary under the new organization, and in the meantime they will continue to receive for a period not exceeding six months from the date of this order, or until absorbed, their present rates of pay and allowances.

9. Beyond the absorption of the medical officers of brigades and of the brigade hospital sergeants, no change will be made for the present in the medical establishments.

The duties of the former will be carried on by the senior medical officer attached to the batteries at the station, and the duties of the brigade sergeant will be performed by the senior battery hospital sergeant, who will receive an allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem, in lieu of Rs. 7-8-0 as at present.

10. The following native establishment will be allowed for the head quarters of a colonel's command:—

- 2 Tent lascars,
- 1 Bheestie,
- 1 Sweeper.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No. 765.—The following Clause (116) of Army Circulars, dated 1st June 1879, is declared applicable to India and republished for general information, with reference to Clause (c), Article 25 of the Royal Warrant published in G. G. O. No. 443 of 10th May 1878:—

Clause 116. Royal Warrant—Deferred pay forfeited by soldiers discharged with ignominy.

VICTORIA R.

Whereas we deem it expedient to amend the regulation which governs the forfeiture of Deferred Pay by a soldier discharged as a worthless and

No. 769.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 708, dated the 1st August 1879, the undermentioned officer is permitted to retire from the service from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 1 of the 1st January 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

No.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Ordinary pension.	Annuity.	Capitalized value of annuity.	Date of retirement.	Where to be paid.
12	Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Thomas Staples.	Bengal Staff Corps.	£ s. d. 456 5 0	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 5,781 0 0	15th August 1879.	England.

incorrigible character, or who is discharged with ignominy;

Our will and pleasure is that paragraph (c) of Article 782 of our warrant of the 1st of May 1878 be cancelled, and that the following be substituted in lieu thereof:—

782 (c). For all periods prior to the discharge of a soldier who is sentenced by a court-martial or ordered by our Commander-in-Chief, or by a General Officer Commanding at a Foreign Station, to be discharged with ignominy, or in consequence of his incorrigible and worthless character, or on conviction by the civil power, or when sentenced to penal servitude.

Given at our Court at Windsor, this 3rd day of May 1879, in the 42nd year of our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
FRED. STANLEY.

No. 766.—PAY CODE.—

With reference to Clause 118 of Army Circulars, dated 1st June 1879, the following revised articles are to be substituted for those of the same number, published in G. G. O. No. 587, dated 28th June 1878:—

“1662 b (1).—The grant of increase of pay after two years' service in their several ranks to non-commissioned officers of the Army and others indicated in Article 1662, will be governed by all service in the particular rank, unless the continuity of the two years' service shall have been broken through misconduct, in which case service for the period prior to date of such misconduct will not be allowed to reckon. It will continue to be issued on promotion when the same rate of additional pay applies to both ranks.”

“1662 b (2).—In calculating the qualifying period of two years as corporal, service in the ranks of bombardier and second corporal will be taken into consideration.”

PENSIONS.

No. 767.—James Shaw, late 9th Lancers, an out-pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, is permitted to draw his pension in India, *viz.*, eleven pence per diem, from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 768.—The undermentioned officer in civil employ is permitted to retire from the service on a pension of £ 456-5-0 per annum, with an additional annuity of £526-8-0, from the 16th August 1879, under the terms of the Secretary of State's despatch in the Home Department, No. 81, dated the 13th July 1876, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

The pension and annuity are payable in England—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Edgar John Spilsbury, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade, British Burma.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 770.—In G. G. O. No. 534 of 1879, for “27th March 1879,” as the date from which Second Class Assistant Apothecary G. Murphy is to be allowed the increased pay of a First Class Assistant Apothecary, read, 27th March 1880.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 771.—With reference to Home Department notification No. 400 of the 8th November 1878, the services of the Rev. James Jollie, of the Madras Ecclesiastical Establishment, Church of Scotland, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George.

No. 772.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 1210 of the 20th December 1878, and to the Notifi-

cation of the Foreign Department, No. 1505G.-G. of the 1st August 1879, the services of Surgeon J. L. Corbett, M.D., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Home Department.

No. 773.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 455 of 1875, the services of 1st Class Veterinary Surgeon J. Anderson, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 774.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Apothecary W. F. Connor are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th August 1879.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department from 5th to 11th August 1879:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Bengal Staff Corps ...	Lieutenant A. R. Murray ...	18th July 1879.	Tret, near Murree.		
Ditto ditto ...	„ P. E. Anderson ...	6th August 1879.	Kandahar.		

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 5th to 11th August 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>British Military Service.</i>							
Nicholas Cuthbert Wiseman.	Lieutenant	1-17th Foot	2nd April 1879.	No will found.	Rs. A. P. 328 11 9	...	11th October 1879.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
Spencer Grant Warde (a)	Lieutenant-Colonel.	Bengal Infantry.	27th April 1879.	Will left	1,589 6 10	...	Ditto.
James Francis Carthew (b)	Captain...	Bengal Staff Corps.	4th May 1879.	Intestate	674 7 6	...	Ditto.

(a)—*Widow.*—Jean C. Warde.

(b)—*Next-of-kin.*—Brother—Reverend J. E. Carthew, Roberrow Rectory, Bristol.

H. A. SAWYER, *Captain,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 9th August 1879.

No. 321.—Mr. W. Mackay, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, Rajputana, is permitted to resign his appointment, under the terms of Resolution of the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079, dated 31st July 1879, with effect from 10th September.

The 12th August 1879.

No. 322.—Lieutenant W. H. Johnstone, R. E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank, is granted two months' special leave in India under the provisions of Military Department Notification No. 249 of 1873, with effect from such date as his services can be spared.

The 13th August 1879.

No. 323.—Mr. J. E. P. Lincké, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, is transferred from the North-Eastern System of State Railways to the Rajputana State Railway.

The 14th August 1879.

No. 324.—In continuation of Public Works Department Notification No. 314 of 6th August 1879, Mr. J. Norman, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, Military Works Branch, who has attained the age of 55 years, will retire from the service from such date as he may be relieved of his duties.

The 15th August 1879.

No. 325.—Mr. P. Heyward, Accountant, 1st Grade, with temporary rank of Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade, attached to the office of the Accountant General, Public Works Department, is permitted to retire from the service under the terms of the Resolution of the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079 of 31st July 1879, with effect from such date as he may be relieved from duty.

No. 326.—That portion of Public Works Department Notification No. 295 of 19th July last which transfers Mr. F. Reilly, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, from the Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railway to the Western System of State Railways, is cancelled.

No. 327.—Mr. W. Watson, Port Storekeeper, State Railway Department, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Public Works Department.

Mr. W. Mellor, Chief Storekeeper, Punjab Northern State Railway, at present employed as Port Storekeeper, Bombay, is appointed to succeed Mr. Watson as Port Storekeeper, State Railway Department at Calcutta.

Mr. T. Wood, Stock Verifier for State Railways, to be Port Storekeeper, State Railway Department at Bombay, with the rank of Storekeeper, 1st Grade.

Mr. G. G. Hiley, Storekeeper, 1st Grade, Rajputana State Railway, to be Stock Verifier for State Railways.

ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

1st Section



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PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

N^o. 34.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 22nd August 1879.

No. 1534.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Statute 33 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 6, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following rules, which have been sanctioned by the Secretary of State in Council with the concurrence of a majority of Members present:—

I.—Each Local Government may nominate persons who are Natives of India within the meaning of the said Act, for employment in Her Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service in India within the territories subordinate to such Government. Such nominations shall be made not later than the first day of October in each year. No person shall be nominated for employment in the said Service after he has attained the age of 25 years, except on grounds of merit and ability proved in the service of Government, or in the practice of a profession.

II.—Nominations under the foregoing rule shall, if approved by the Governor General in Council, be provisionally sanctioned by him. The total number of nominations so sanctioned in any year shall not exceed one-fifth of the total number of civilians appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State to the said Service in such year; provided that the total number of such nominations sanctioned in each of the years 1879, 1880, and 1881 may exceed the said proportion by two. On sanction being given by the Governor General in Council, the nominee shall be admitted on probation to employment in the said Service; such admission may be confirmed by the Governor General in Council, but shall not be so confirmed until the Local Government shall have reported to the Governor General in Council that the probationer has acquitted himself satisfactorily during a period of not less than two years from the date of his admission, and that he has, unless specially exempted by the Governor General

in Council, passed such examinations as may from time to time be prescribed by the Local Government subject to the approval of the Governor General in Council. In case of persons admitted under these rules after they have attained the age of 25 years, the Governor General in Council may confirm their admission without requiring them to serve for any period of probation.

III.—Persons admitted under these rules to employment in the said Service shall ordinarily be appointed only to offices in the Province wherein they were first admitted. But the Governor General in Council may transfer from one Province to another a person finally admitted to employment in the said Service.

IV.—Any person admitted under these rules may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, be declared by the Local Government to be disqualified for further employment in the said Service.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st August 1879.

No. 489.—*Appointments.*—Balwant Rao is confirmed in the appointment of Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, in the Central Provinces, with effect from the 22nd April last, *vice* Syud Hussan Ali, promoted by Home Department Notification No. 379, dated 6th June 1879:

C. Rangia is confirmed in the appointment of Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, in the Central Provinces, with effect from the 20th June last, *vice* Bhargo Rao, whose appointment as Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, announced in Home Department Notification No. 151, dated 27th February 1879, has been cancelled.

MEDICAL.

The 19th August 1879.

No. 434.—The services of Surgeon J. L. Corbett, M.D., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

JUDICIAL.

The 21st August 1879.

No. 932.—The services of third grade Assistant Surgeon Kedarnath Sen are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

FORESTS.

The 21st August 1879.

No. 693F.—Mr. R. H. C. Whittall, Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 3rd Grade, in British Burma, officiated as Conservator of Forests of the Pegu Circle from the 12th May to the

30th June 1879, on which date Major Seaton assumed charge of the Pegu Conservatorship in addition to his own duties.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—MILITARY.

Simla, the 15th August 1879.

No. 78G.-M.—*Promotion.*—The following promotion is made in the Central India Horse, with effect from the 29th June 1879:—

1st Regiment.
Duffadar Fahim Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Ramadin, deceased.

POLITICAL.

The 15th August 1879.

No. 1256G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1107G.-P., dated 29th April 1879, the recognition, by the Government of India, of the appointment of Mr. A. Barckhausen, as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. Scheppelmann, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

The 18th August 1879.

No. 1259G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1130G.-P., dated 12th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. J. G. Grieve, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Bassein, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 23rd August 1879.

No. 2449.—*I.—Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver during the calendar year 1879.*

	GOLD.			SILVER.			TOTAL.		
	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.
In the month of July	17,43,619	2,48,888	14,95,231	20,26,064	3,15,500	17,10,564	37,69,683	5,63,888	32,05,795
First seven months	90,77,118	1,19,44,598	28,67,480	5,77,94,302	1,53,65,164	4,24,29,138	6,68,71,420	2,73,09,762	3,95,61,658

II.—*Silver received and coined in the Mints during the calendar year 1879.*

	COINS AND BULLION RECEIVED (ASSAY VALUE).			COINED AND EXAMINED.		
	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In the month of July	28,010 52,76,434	53,04,444	6,79,933 58,99,220	65,79,153
First-seven months	1,25,30,327 4,94,18,184	6,19,48,511	1,31,25,711 5,03,03,790	6,35,10,601

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 22nd August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 775.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Charles James Orr, 1st Battalion, 14th Foot, Wing Officer, 1st Infantry Regiment, Hyderabad Contingent,—28th June 1878.

Lieutenant Herbert Mansfield, 83rd Foot, Officiating Wing Officer, 1st Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—5th July 1878.

No. 776.—The undermentioned officer, having completed twenty-six years' service, including eight years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Major James Clephane Minto, Bengal Staff Corps,—19th August 1879.

No. 777.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officer, having completed twenty years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain David William Inglis, General List, Infantry,—20th August 1879.

No. 778.—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Major G. A. Way, Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant General on the establishment, *vice* Brevet Major R. Morris, General List, Cavalry, whose tour of staff service expired on the 10th August.

No. 779.—The acting promotions in G. G. O. No. 462 of 1879, in room of Colonel T. E. Gordon, c.s.i., Bengal Staff Corps, who was temporarily employed under the Foreign Department, are to have effect from the 14th April 1879.

No. 780.—MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT—

Surgeon-Major G. A. Watson, Medical Officer, 19th Bengal Lancers, and Officiating Medical

Store-keeper, Mean Meer, to officiate as Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bengal, during the absence on furlough of Surgeon-Major J. Piethall, M.D., or until further orders.

No. 781.—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—

The following promotions in the Warrant Grade of the Public Works Department are made with effect from the 23rd May 1879, *vice* Honorary Captain and Deputy Commissary Patrick Grice, transferred to the Pension Establishment:—

To Deputy Commissary.

Honorary Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary John Roberts.

Honorary Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary Patrick Riordan, *Supernumerary*.

To Assistant Commissary.

Honorary Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary Andrew Connell.

To Deputy Assistant Commissary.

Conductor Michael Moloney.

To Conductor.

Sub-Conductor Philip Justin Ryan.

No. 782.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

The following promotions are made in the Warrant Grade of the Ordnance Department from the date specified:—

Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
<i>Permanent.</i>			
Sub-Conductor (Temporary Conductor) James Combe.	Conductor ...	7th July 1879	<i>Vice</i> Conductor William Traynor, reduced to the rank of Sub-Conductor.
<i>Temporary.</i>			
Sub-Conductor (Officiating Conductor) James Williams.	Temporary Conductor.	Ditto ...	<i>Vice</i> Temporary Conductor James Combe, promoted.
<i>Officiating.</i>			
Sub-Conductor Patrick Wyer.	Officiating Conductor.	Ditto ...	<i>Vice</i> Officiating Conductor James Williams, promoted.
			Or until further orders.

No. 783.—NATIVE ARMY—

7th Bengal Cavalry.

Duffadar Buddrinath, from the 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, to be Jemadar, *vice* Zubber Sing, invalided,—1st May 1879.

No. 784.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—*2nd (or Hill) Sikh Infantry.*Jemadar Sher Baz, to be Subadar, *vice* Amir Buksh, deceased,—15th June 1879.Havildar Sher Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Baz, promoted,—15th June 1879.**VOLUNTEER CORPS.****No. 785.—CALCUTTA VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE BATTALION, PRESIDENCY VOLUNTEERS—**In G. G. O. No. 1083 of 1878, for Major G. F. Graham, Bengal Staff Corps, to be "Commandant," read *Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant*.**EQUIPMENT.****No. 786.—**The following corrections are to be made in G. G. O. No. 598 of 1879:—*For—**"Traces, Rope, Saddlery."*

Breast harness, pairs."

*Read—**"Traces, Rope, Saddlery, breast, Harness, pairs."**Opposite—**"Straps, Trace Breast Harness."*

Tugs Trace " "

*Delete—**"pairs," and substitute "No."***FURLough AND LEAVE.****No. 787.—**The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) H. M. Boddam, Bengal Staff Corps,—(p. a.) for 2 years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major T. F. Bruce, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 6th Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—(m. c.) for 1 year 182 days, 1 year and 2 days under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period under Rule XIV, clause (2) of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant L. S. Peyton, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 14th Bengal Lancers,—(m. c.) for 1 year, under Rule VI of the Regulations of 1875, with effect from the date of embarkation.

Lieutenant G. E. Money, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 1st Regiment, Central India Horse,—(m. c.) for 1 year, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major J. Piethall, M.D., Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts, Bengal,—(p. a.) for 1 year 182 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

First Class Assistant Apothecary C. Archer,—(m. c.) for 1 year, under the Regulations of 1868.

No. 788.—Captain A. G. Yaldwyn, Bengal Staff Corps, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, is granted leave in India for 121 days on medical certificate, under Rule X of the Regulations of 1875, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same. The first two months will be on full staff pay, under subsidiary Rule III of G. G. O. No. 1316 of 1875.**No. 789.—**The following extract from List No. 30, dated the 25th July 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—*Permitted to return to duty.*

Captain A. J. Garrett, Staff Corps.

" T. J. Bailey, "

The permission to return granted to Captain J. W. Ridgeway, Bengal Infantry, has been cancelled.

Granted extension of leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Saunders, Cavalry,—three months, medical certificate.

Major G. B. Stevens, Staff Corps,—two months, urgent private affairs.

Surgeon-Major A. M. Garden,—six months, medical certificate.

NAMES AND DESIGNATIONS.**No. 790.—**Lieutenant C. F. Vice, Bengal Staff Corps, is permitted to assume the surname of *Vyse*, in lieu of that of "Vice."**ORDNANCE.****No. 791.—STORES—**

It is directed that the limber boxes "off" and "near" of the 8-inch mortar ammunition wagon be lined with metal, and that the metal lined case, or "copper magazine," with which some of these boxes are at present fitted, be abolished.

This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

No. 792.—With reference to Military Department letter No. 585 of 22nd May 1876, making Clause 2847 of War Office List of Changes applicable to India, it is notified that one board range for batteries, $22'' \times 17\frac{1}{2}''$, painted black, will be supplied for each battery in a fort, irrespective of the nature of ordnance forming the equipment of the battery.

2. When guns for saluting purposes only are mounted, a board will not be supplied.

3. The painting of the distances of prominent objects within the range of guns mounted in the battery will be done locally, and bills for the cost incurred submitted to the Examiner, Ordnance Accounts.

4. This order is applicable to the three presidencies.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.**No. 793.—**In continuation of G. G. O. No. 1016 of 1878, it is notified that trained Army Schoolmistresses, when travelling without troops, under the circumstances mentioned in the above order, will receive a daily allowance of Rs. 1-12-0, in addition to travelling expenses, pay and rations, or compensation in lieu.**PENSIONS.****No. 794.—**The undermentioned out-pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea are permitted to draw their pensions in India from the date they cease to receive regimental pay:—

Edward Malone, late 1st Battalion, 17th Foot, —one shilling and three pence per diem.

William Scott, late 33rd Foot,—eight pence per diem.

PRIZES FOR SKILL AT ARMS.

No. 795.—With reference to G. G. O. Nos. 515 and 889 of 1870, the following clause of Army Circulars, dated 1st June 1879, is made applicable to India, and published for general information:—

Clause 121.—"Prizes for lance practice."

A prize of £3 for the best lancer in each troop in which at least 30 men shall have competed, will be substituted for the Squadron Prize of the same amount granted in the regulations appended to clause 80, Army Circulars, 1869.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 796.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 769, dated the 15th August 1879, the undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service from the dates specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. 1 of the 1st January 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

No.	Rank and Names.	Corps.	Ordinary pension.	Annuity.	Capitalized value of annuity.	Date of retirement.	Where to be paid.
13	Lieutenant-Colonel Brevet-Colonel) William Henry Lowther.	Bengal Infantry.	£ 5 0	668 12 0	.....	22nd August 1879.	England.
14	Lieutenant-Colonel James Graham.	Bengal Staff Corps.	365 0 0	289 19 0	.....	24th August 1879.	England.

REWARDS.

No. 797.—ORDER OF MERIT—

Store Lascar Chukun Singh, E-4th Royal Artillery, is admitted to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit for conspicuous gallantry in having, when unarmed, opposed and disarmed a fanatic who rushed into the camp at Kandahar on the 6th February 1879.

No. 798.—In G. G. O. No. 736 of 1879, for "Naick Hakum" and "Sepoy Turai Singh," read *Naick Hakim* and *Sepoy Theraj Singh*.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 799.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 375 of 1879, the services of Lieutenant J. W. M. Newton, R.A., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 800.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 904 of 1877, the services of Lieutenant L. J. A. Chapman, R.H.A., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 801.—The services of Lieutenant G. D. King-Harman, 2nd Battalion, 2nd Foot, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, for appointment to the personal staff of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor.

No. 802.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 216 of 1879, the services of Lieutenant W. A. Urquhart, R.A., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 803.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 677 of the 27th July 1877, and to the Notification of the Government of the Punjab, No. 2980, dated 13th August 1879, the services of Surgeon-Major T. Ringer, M.D., Medical Officer, 7th Bengal Cavalry, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

SPECIAL.

No. 804.—DONATION BATTA—

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has much gratification in sanctioning a

donation of six months' full batta to the troops engaged in the late Campaign in Afghanistan, including all who crossed the frontier before the 26th of May, and those in reserve in Beluchistan.

Bills, with nominal rolls, should be submitted for pre-audit to the Pay Examiner of the Presidency to which the troops belong.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 16th August 1879.

No. 328.—The services of Lieutenant H. L. Wells, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Director-General of Telegraphs for employment on special duty in Kashmir.

Lieutenant Wells will hold the temporary rank of Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, during the continuance of this special duty.

The 18th August 1879.

No. 329.—Mr. R. W. L. Tooze, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways, open line, to the Western System of State Railways.

The 21st August 1879.

No. 330.—Mr. J. Conder, Traffic Superintendent, Class II, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the Indus Valley Railway to be Manager and Traffic Superintendent of the Palanpur Section of the Western Rajputana Railway, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 331.—Mr. R. C. Williams, Engineer Apprentice, is transferred from the Rajputana State Railway to Bombay for employment on State Railways.

No. 332.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following permanent promotions in the Engineer Establishment attached to the Railway Branch of the Public Works Department, with effect from the dates specified :—

Names.	Present Grade.	Grade to which promoted.	Date.	
Monk, H. L.	... Executive Engineer, 4th.	Executive Engineer, 3rd	17th Aug. 1878	<i>Vice</i> Mr. Tyndall.
Rammessar Nath	... Assistant Engineer, 1st.	" " 4th	23rd " "	<i>Vice</i> Lieutenant Nicholson, R.E., reverted to Military duty.
Milsom, B. P.	... Tempy. Assistant Engineer, 1st.	Assistant " 1st	23rd " "	
Elston, J. ...	" Assistant Engineer, 1st.	" " 1st	17th Dec. "	<i>Vice</i> Mr. Jowett, deceased.
Baxter, B. ...	" Assistant Engineer, 1st.	" " 1st	18th Mar. 1879	<i>Vice</i> Mr. Birkenshaw, deceased.

The 22nd August 1879.

No. 333.—Mr. W. C. Hutchinson, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is transferred from the North-Eastern to the Western System of State Railways for employment on the Bhopal Railway Survey.

No. 334.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 89 of 13th February 1879, Captain R. A. Sargeaunt, R.E., officiated as Under Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, with the temporary rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, from 24th February to 23rd July 1879 inclusive.

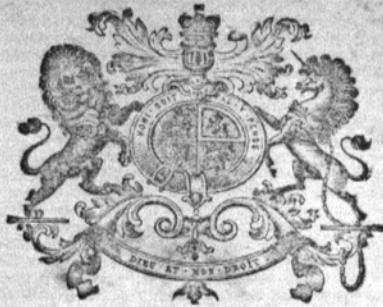
No. 335.—The following officers, not being in active employ, are retired from the service under the terms of Resolution in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079, dated 31st July 1879, with effect from 12th August 1879 :—

Mr. C. J. Shaw, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Western System of State Railways.

Mr. J. L. Gallott, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Western System of State Railways.

ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

1st Section



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 35.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Dept., Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Suptd. of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—(*Nothing for publication*).

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Further Report of Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Pleaders, Mukhtars and Revenue-agents Act, 1865, and the Legal Practitioners Bill, 1879, No. III.

SUPPLEMENT No. 35.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th August, 1879.

No. 19.—Mr. G. T. Spankie, Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, North-Western Provinces, has been granted leave of absence for a period of two and a half months, with effect from the 1st September next.

No. 20.—Bábu Dwarka Nath Banerjee, Pleader, High Court, Allahabad, and Junior Government Pleader, has been appointed to officiate as Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, North-Western Provinces, during the absence on leave of Mr. G. T. Spankie, or until further orders.

D. FITZPATRICK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 29th August 1879.

No. 1572.—Under Section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt from the prohibitions and directions contained in Section 6 of the said Act, such arms, ammunition, and military stores brought into an Indian port, as may be declared under manifest to be consignments, without transhipment, to another port, provided such other port be not situate on the coast of India, between the most westerly point of India and the most southerly point of British Burma, and provided such port be not a foreign port on the eastern sea-board of Africa.

This exemption will become void in the event of any of the articles claiming such exemption being landed at, or transhipped in, the port into which they may have been brought.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 29th August 1879.

No. 502.—The following list of Civil Servants on the Bengal Establishment, absent on furlough, special or subsidiary leave on the 30th June 1879, is published for general information:—

No.	NAMES.	Substantive appointment.	Date of commencement of furlough or leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or leave.	REMARKS.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.					
FURLough.					
1	E. F. Harrison	Comptroller General	March 19, 1877	January 18, 1879	On Special Duty in Europe.
2	C. E. Chapman	Accountant General and Commissioner of the Department of Issue of Government Paper Currency, Bombay.	August 9, 1878	December 4, 1879.	
3	D. M. Barbour	Accountant General, Punjab, and Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Lahore Circle.	May 5, 1879	December 4, 1880.	
4	C. J. Lyall	Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department.	November 25, 1878	April 6, 1880.	
SPECIAL LEAVe.					
<i>Nil.</i>					

LOWER PROVINCES.

FURLough.

1	H. L. Dampier	Member, Board of Revenue	June 3, 1879	November 22, 1879.	
2	J. D. Ward	District and Sessions Judge, Backergunge.	May 12, 1879	December 11, 1879	Has applied to resign the service.
3	H. J. Reynolds	Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General and Revenue Department.	April 19, 1878	November 18, 1879.	
4	A. C. Mangles	Opium Agent, Behar	November 25, 1878	February 24, 1880.	
5	H. L. Oliphant	Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpore	January 28, 1878	September 27, 1879.	
6	C. B. Garrett	Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st Grade.	February 11, 1879	February 10, 1881.	
7	G. S. Park	Magistrate and Collector, 1st Grade	April 19, 1878	October 18, 1879.	
8	W. Kemble	Ditto ditto	September 6, 1878	March 5, 1880.	
9	W. R. Larminie	Ditto ditto	May 7, 1879	November 6, 1880.	
10	C. C. Stevens	Ditto 2nd Grade	August 7, 1878	August 6, 1880.	
11	J. Boxwell	Ditto ditto	April 7, 1879	December 6, 1880.	
12	D. R. Lyall	Ditto ditto	April 25, 1879	November 24, 1879.	
13	C. A. Kelly	District and Sessions Judge, 2nd Grade	January 27, 1879	September 26, 1879.	
14	A. L. Clay	Ditto ditto	July 13, 1877	October 12, 1879	Since returned.
15	F. W. J. Rees	Magistrate and Collector, 3rd Grade	March 22, 1879	November 5, 1879.	
16	E. V. Westmacott	Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st Grade.	January 9, 1878	January 8, 1880.	
17	W. H. Grimley	Magistrate and Collector, 2nd Grade	May 26, 1879	January 25, 1880.	
18	D. W. M. Testro	Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st Grade.	March 11, 1879	December 10, 1879.	
19	T. E. Coxhead	Ditto ditto	June, 1878	August, 1879	Permitted to return to duty.
20	C. C. Quinn	Ditto ditto	April 14, 1879	November 13, 1879.	

No.	NAMES.	Substantive appointment.	Date of commencement of furlough or leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or leave.	REMARKS.
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LOWER PROVINCES,—*contd.*FURLough.—*contd.*

21	C. F. Magrath	Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st Grade.	March 31, 1879	...	January 30, 1880.
22	H. S. Beadon	Inspector General of Registration	March 8, 1879	...	January 7, 1880.
23	A. Manson	Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 1st Grade.	April 9, 1879	...	December 8, 1879.
24	A. P. MacDonnell	Ditto ditto	May 15, 1878	...	September 14, 1879.
25	J. G. Charles	Ditto 2nd Grade	May 6, 1879	...	December 5, 1879.
26	H. G. Sharp	Ditto ditto	October 22, 1878	...	January 21, 1880.
27	J. F. Bradbury	Ditto ditto	March 8, 1879	...	March 7, 1880.
28	C. A. Wilkins	Assistant Magistrate and Collector	March 22, 1878	...	November 21, 1879.
29	G. G. Dey	Ditto ditto	April 20, 1878	...	November 19, 1879.
30	J. Pratt	Ditto ditto	March 11, 1878	...	November 10, 1879.
31	J. Posford	Ditto ditto	May 2, 1878	...	November 1, 1879.
32	R. H. Greaves	Ditto ditto	April 25, 1879	...	December 24, 1879.
33	F. H. B. Skrine	Ditto ditto	April, 1878	...	December, 1879.
34	W. R. Millar	Ditto ditto	June 16, 1876	...	September 15, 1879.
35	D. Norton	Ditto ditto	April 5, 1879	...	December 4, 1880.

SPECIAL LEAVE.

1	E. Grey	District and Sessions Judge, Gya	May 5, 1879	...	November 4, 1879.
2	R. D. Hime	Magistrate and Collector, 2nd Grade	May 3, 1879	...	November 2, 1879.
3	W. H. Page	Assistant Magistrate and Collector	January 30, 1879	...	July 29, 1879.

NOTE.—Total absent 38
 Total of Civil Servants employed in the Lower Provinces 213
 Percentage of absentees 17.8

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES AND OUDH.

FURLough.

1	J. H. Prinsep	Judge	March 24, 1879	...	November 23, 1879.
2	C. J. Daniell	Judge	February 10, 1879	...	December 9, 1879.
3	E. Colvin	Magistrate and Collector	April 22, 1878	...	April 21, 1880.
4	E. G. Jenkinson	Commissioner	December 2, 1878	...	December 1, 1879.
5	J. Sladen	Magistrate and Collector	May 5, 1879	...	December 4, 1879.
6	H. J. Sparks	Commissioner	April 20, 1878	...	November 3, 1879.
7	W. Kaye	Magistrate and Collector	April 8, 1878	...	January 7, 1880.
8	S. M. Moens	Magistrate and Collector	March 11, 1878	...	November 10, 1879.
9	W. H. Smith	Magistrate and Collector	February 23, 1878	...	August 22, 1879.
10	A. Sells	Magistrate and Collector	March 22, 1879	...	February 21, 1881.
11	R. J. Leeds	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	March 1, 1879	...	December 31, 1880.
12	H. C. Barstow	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	May 5, 1879	...	November 4, 1879.
13	W. W. G. Cornwall	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	March 24, 1879	...	December 23, 1879.
14	J. Quinn	Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade	April 14, 1879	...	November 13, 1879.
15	J. Smith	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	April 16, 1879	...	December 15, 1879.
16	R. T. Hobart	Deputy Inspector General, Police, North-Western Provinces.	July 12, 1878	...	October 11, 1879.
17	P. Whalley	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	April 25, 1879	...	October 24, 1879.
18	G. Adams	Deputy Commissioner, 2nd class	May 1, 1879	...	October 31, 1879.
19	A. F. Millett	Assistant Commissioner, 1st Grade	November 18, 1878	...	November 17, 1879.
20	W. Barry	Joint Magistrate, 1st Grade	May 5, 1879	...	November 4, 1880.
21	J. H. Twigg	None	May 20, 1877	...	October 26, 1879.
22	J. Kennedy	Joint Magistrate, 2nd Grade	January 13, 1879	...	January 12, 1880.
23	J. T. Crawford	Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade	April 9, 1879	...	January 8, 1880.
24	J. M. Pears	Joint Magistrate, 2nd Grade	April 18, 1879	...	October 17, 1879.
25	F. W. Porter	Joint Magistrate, 2nd Grade	April 22, 1878	...	October 21, 1879.
26	H. P. Mulock	Joint Magistrate, 2nd Grade	May 1, 1879	...	January 31, 1880.
27	J. J. D. La Touche	District Superintendent of Police, 1st Grade.	February 20, 1878	...	November 19, 1879.

No.	NAME.	Substantive appointment.	Date of commencement of furlough or leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or leave.	REMARKS.
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NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES AND OUDH.—*contd.*FURLough.—*contd.*

28	R. D. Alexander	None	March 21, 1877	September 20, 1879.	
29	R. S. Whiteway	Assistant Settlement Officer, 1st Grade,	April 7, 1879	November 6, 1880.	
30	T. R. Redfern	Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade	April 1, 1879	October 31, 1880.	
31	A. E. C. Casey	Assistant Magistrate	August 2, 1878	November 1, 1879.	
32	W. F. W. Wells	Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade	February 8, 1878	November 7, 1879.	

SPECIAL LEAVE.

1 A. Cadell	... Settlement Officer, 2nd Grade	... April 21, 1879	... October 20, 1879.	
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NOTE.—Total absent 83
 Total of Civil Servants employed in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh 188
 Percentage of absentees 17.5

PUNJAB.

FURLough.

1	A. Brandreth	Commissioner and Superintendent	December 2, 1878	December 1, 1879.	
2	G. R. Elsmie	Civil and Sessions Judge, Peshawar	February 10, 1879	February 9, 1880.	
3	J. D. Tremlett	Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Class	March 1, 1879	October 31, 1880.	
4	W. Coldstream	Ditto ditto	April 7, 1879	November 6, 1879.	
5	J. Frizelle	Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class	February 1, 1879	November 30, 1879.	
6	M. Macauliffe	Judicial Assistant, 1st Grade	May 19, 1879	August 18, 1879.	
7	C. M. Rivaz	Superintendent, Kapurthala State	March 1, 1878	October 31, 1879.	
8	S. S. Thorburn	Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class	February 1, 1879	January 31, 1881.	
9	R. W. Trafford	Ditto ditto	April 6, 1878	October 5, 1879.	
10	H. St. G. Tucker	Ditto ditto	April 28, 1879	April 27, 1881.	
11	R. M. Dane	Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class	April 21, 1879	November 20, 1879.	

SPECIAL LEAVE.

1 | C. P. Bird	... | Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class	... | May 1, 1879	... | October 31, 1879.	
2 | T. Troward	... | Assistant Commissioner, 3rd	... | January 13, 1879	... | July 12, 1879.	

SUBSIDIARY LEAVE.

1 D. C. Macnabb	... Commissioner and Superintendent	... June 9, 1879	... July 8, 1879.	
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NOTE.—Total absent 14
 Total of Civil Servants employed in the Punjab 90
 Percentage of absentees 15.5

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

FURLough.

1	J. H. Morris, C.S.I.	Chief Commissioner	April 14, 1879	November 13, 1879.	
2	R. Logan	Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class	April 12, 1878	January 11, 1879	... | Extended to 11th November 1879 by the Secretary of State.
3	J. P. Goodridge	Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class	April 12, 1878	December 11, 1879.	

SPECIAL LEAVE.

Nil.

NOTE.—Total absent 3
 Total of Civil Servants employed in the Central Provinces 25
 Percentage of absentees 12

BRITISH BURMA.

FURLough.

1 A. R. Birks	... Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade	... November 8, 1878	... November 7, 1879.	
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SPECIAL LEAVE.

Nil.

NOTE.—Total absent 1
 Total of Civil Servants employed in British Burma 26
 Percentage of absentees 3.8

MYSORE AND COORG.

Nil.

HYDERABAD.

Nil.

No.	NAMES.	Substantive appointment.	Date of commencement of furlough or leave.	Date of expiry of furlough or leave.	REMARKS.
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ASSAM.

FURLough.

T. J. Murray	... Assistant Commissioner, 1st Grade.	April 5, 1879	... April 4, 1880.
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SPECIAL LEAVE.

Nil.

NOTE.—Total absent

... Total of Civil Servants permanently employed in Assam (exclusive of supernumerary officers)	... 1
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Percentage of absentees	... 16
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1

6.2

NOTE.—Grand total of absentees

... Grand total of Civil Servants employed on the Bengal Establishment	... 94
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Percentage of absentees	... 613
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94

15.3

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 27th August 1879.

No. 235I.-J.—In supersession of all rules and regulations heretofore issued, regarding the constitution and powers of the Civil Courts in Mysore, and now in force, the Governor General in Council is hereby pleased to direct that the following rules shall come into force in the said territories, with effect on and from the 15th day of September 1879:—

1. Besides the Court of Small Causes at Bangalore, there shall be four grades of Civil Courts in Mysore, namely,—

- (1) The Court of the Munsif;
- (2) The Court of the Subordinate Judge;
- (3) The Court of the District Judge; and
- (4) The Court of the Judicial Commissioner.

The Court of the Judicial Commissioner established in Mysore at the time those rules came into force, shall be deemed to have been established under these rules; and all existing Munsifs' Courts, and the local limits of the jurisdiction thereof, shall be deemed to have been respectively established and fixed under these rules.

2. The number of courts of each of the three first grades shall, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, be fixed, and may, from time to time, with the like sanction, be altered by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore (hereinafter referred to as the Chief Commissioner).

3. The local limits of the jurisdiction of each court of the first, second, or third grade shall, by a Notification in the Local Official Gazette, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, be fixed, and may, from time to time, by a like Notification and with the like sanction, be varied by the Chief Commissioner.

4. The Court of the District Judge shall be deemed to be the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district over which his jurisdiction extends.

The control over all the Civil Courts in such district is invested in the said District Judge, but subject to the general control of the Judicial Commissioner.

5. Subject to the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, Section 15, the jurisdiction of each of the Courts mentioned in the first column of the subjoined table extends to the adjudication of all original suits mentioned in the second column thereof:—

1. <i>The Court of the Munsif.</i>	All suits in which the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed five hundred rupees.
2. <i>The Court of the Subordinate Judge.</i>	All suits in which the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed five thousand rupees.
3. <i>The Court of the District Judge.</i>	All suits cognizable by the Civil Courts.

6. Appeals from the decrees and orders of Munsifs shall, when such appeals are allowed by law, lie to the Subordinate Judge. Provided that when there is no Subordinate Judge exercising jurisdiction within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Munsif from whose decision the appeal is made, the appeal shall be presented to the District Judge.

Appeals from the decrees and orders of Subordinate Judges in original suits and proceedings shall, when such appeals are allowed by law, lie to the District Judge, and appeals from the decrees and orders of District Judges in original suits and proceedings shall, when such appeals are allowed by law, lie to the Judicial Commissioner.

7. Unless with the consent of all parties, no presiding officer of any Civil Court shall try any suit, appeal, or proceeding to which he is a party, or in which he is personally interested, or any appeal against a decree or order passed by himself; or shall adjudicate upon any proceeding connected with or arising out of such suit, appeal, or proceeding.

On any such suit, appeal, or proceeding being brought before such presiding officer, he shall forthwith, unless the parties request him to proceed with the case himself, transmit the record

to the Court to which he is immediately subordinate, with an explanation of his reasons for so doing.

Such Court shall thereupon try the case itself, or transfer it for trial to a subordinate court of competent jurisdiction.

8. The Chief Commissioner may invest, within such local limits as he from time to time fixes, any Subordinate Judge with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts, up to such amount as the Chief Commissioner may think fit, not exceeding five hundred rupees, and any Munsif with similar jurisdiction up to such amount as the Chief Commissioner may think fit, not exceeding fifty rupees.

The Chief Commissioner may, whenever he thinks fit, withdraw such jurisdiction from the Subordinate Judge or Munsif so invested.

9. The Chief Commissioner may direct that the civil appellate jurisdiction of any District Judge shall be transferred to the Court of the Judicial Commissioner either wholly or in respect to a particular class of appeals, and either for a specified time or until further orders.

The Chief Commissioner may also at any time direct that any jurisdiction so transferred to the Judicial Commissioner shall revert to the District Judge.

10. The Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, by order, authorize any District Judge to transfer to a Subordinate Judge under his control all applications then pending or hereafter instituted before such District Judge for certificates under Act XXVII of 1860 ("An Act for facilitating the collection of debts on succession, and for the securities of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons").

The District Judge may withdraw any applications so transferred, and may either dispose of them himself, or, with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, transfer them to any other Subordinate Judge under his control.

11. Applications under the rules in force relative to the custody and guardianship of minors shall ordinarily be made to the District Judge within whose local jurisdiction the greater part of the property of the minor is situate or the minor resides. Provided that the Chief Commissioner may, from time to time, order that all or any of such applications shall be made to such Subordinate Judge as may be mentioned in the order, and may cancel or vary any such order. Such applications shall thereupon be made accordingly.

12. All proceedings pending on the 15th day of September 1879, shall be heard and disposed of by the Courts established under these rules that would have had local jurisdiction if they had been in existence when such proceedings were instituted.

For the purpose of this rule, all appeals pending on the said date shall—

(a) if preferred from the decrees or orders of Commissioners, be deemed to be appeals from District Judges; and

(b) if preferred from the decrees or orders of Deputy Commissioners or Judicial Assistant Commissioners, be deemed to be appeals from Subordinate Judges.

13. For the purposes of rule 6, all decrees and orders passed before the date on which these rules come into force shall be deemed—

- (a) if passed by a Commissioner, to have been passed by a District Judge; and
- (b) if passed by a Deputy Commissioner or Judicial Assistant Commissioner, to have been passed by a Subordinate Judge.

No. 236 I.-J.—In supersession of all rules and regulations heretofore issued, regarding the criminal jurisdiction of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, the Governor General in Council is hereby pleased to direct that the following rule shall come into force in the said territories, with effect on and from the 15th day of September 1879:—

The Judicial Commissioner shall exercise the powers of a High Court under the Code of Criminal Procedure; and the Chief Commissioner may also direct that the criminal jurisdiction of any Sessions Judge shall be transferred to the Judicial Commissioner, either wholly or in respect of a particular case, or class of cases, and either for a specified time or until further orders.

The Chief Commissioner may also at any time direct that any jurisdiction so transferred to the Judicial Commissioner may revert to the Sessions Judge.

The 29th August 1879.

No. 239 I.-J.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the Hyderabad Assigned Districts with regard to the arrest of persons registered in British India under the Criminal Tribes Act (XXVII of 1871) and found in these Districts:—

1. Any person registered under the provisions of the Criminal Tribes Act (XXVII of 1871) who is found in any part of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts without such pass as may be required by the rules under the said Act, or in a place, or at a time, not permitted by the conditions of his pass, or who escapes from a reformatory settlement in British India and is found in any part of the said Districts, may be arrested without warrant by any policeman or village watchman, and taken before a Magistrate who, on proof of the facts, shall order him to be removed to the district in British India in which he ought to have resided, or to the reformatory settlement from which he has escaped (as the case may be), there to be dealt with according to the rules under the said Act for the time being in force.

2. The rules for the time being in force for the transmission of prisoners shall apply to all persons removed under these rules, provided that an order from the Resident at Hyderabad or from the Inspector-General of Prisons shall not be necessary for the removal of such persons.

3. It shall be the duty of every village-headman and village-watchman in a village, and of every owner or occupier of land, to give the earliest information in his power at the nearest police station of the arrival at such village or on such land (as the case may be) of any person who may reasonably be suspected of belonging to any tribe, class, or gang which has been declared criminal under the said Act.

4. Any village-headman, village-watchman, owner or occupier of land, who shall fail to comply with the requirements of rule 3, shall be deemed

to have committed an offence under the first part of Section 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

POLITICAL.

The 26th August 1879.

No. 1269 G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1118G.-P., dated 5th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. George Ruckert as Acting Consul for Denmark at Akyab, during the absence of Mr. J. O. Hay, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 1271 G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1120G.-P., dated 5th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. George Ruckert as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway at Akyab, during the absence of Mr. J. O. Hay, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 1273 G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1122G.-P., dated 5th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. George Ruckert as Acting Consul for the Netherlands at Akyab, during the absence of Mr. J. O. Hay, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

GENERAL.

The 29th August 1879.

No. 1687 G.-G.—The services of Mr. W. R. H. Merk, c.s., employed on Special Political Duty under the Foreign Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 30th August 1879.

No. 2538.—On the 20th August 1879, the following officers received charge of the following offices:—

Mr. J. Westland, of the Offices of Comptroller General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

Mr. C. R. C. Kiernander, of the Office of Accountant General, Bengal.

Mr. E. S. Byrne, of the Offices of Accountant General and Commissioner of the Department of Issue of Government Paper Currency, Bombay.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 29th August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 805.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 28th January 1878, the names of the undermentioned officers are placed on the Indian Gradation List, as specified:—

Major-General G. Jackson, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Generals, In consequence of the retirement from the service of Lieutenant-General Sir G. W. G. Green, Bengal Staff Corps, on the 11th June 1879.
Major C. E. Bates, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Colonels, Captain H. F. Showers, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Majors,

No. 806.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Major Henry McDonell DeWendt Douglas,—
29th August 1879.

No. 807.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Francis Tweddell, General List, Infantry,—27th August 1879.

No. 808.—UNATTACHED OFFICERS—

The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major from the date specified, under the provisions of Clause IV of G. G. O. No. 196 of the 7th March 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain (Brevet Major) John Chalmers, Bengal Unattached List,—23rd December 1878.

No. 809.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Deputy Surgeon-General, with temporary rank, J. E. Tuson, M.D., to have permanent rank from the 20th August 1879, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General R. Cockburn, whose tour of service has expired.

No. 810.—MILITARY SECRETARIAT—

The following temporary appointment and promotion are made in the Department of the Military Secretariat of the Government of India:—

Captain A. C. Toker, Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating Additional Assistant Secretary, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Secretary, *vice* Major F. J. N. Mackenzie.

Captain Sir C. H. Leslie, Bart., Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 37th (The

Meerut) Regiment of Native Infantry, to officiate as Additional Assistant Secretary.

No. 811.—MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT—

Captain H. H. P. Cowper, Military Accountant, 2nd Class, 1st Grade, to officiate as Military Accountant, 1st Class, 2nd Grade.

Captain G. W. Sawyer, Officiating Military Accountant, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd Class, 1st Grade.

Lieutenant W. R. LeG. Anderson, Officiating Military Accountant, 3rd Class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

Major F. W. Major, Assistant Military Accountant on probation, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd Class.

From 2nd August 1879, vice Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Martin, Military Accountant, 1st Class, 1st Grade, proceeded on furlough, and until further orders.

No. 812.—LONDON GAZETTE—

The following extracts are published for general information:—

*“London Gazette,” dated the 1st July 1879,
pages 4209 and 4210.*

*War Office, Pall Mall, 1st July, 1879.
BREVET.*

The second Christian name of Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel J. B. Knocker, Madras Staff Corps, who was promoted to the honorary rank of Major-General, on retirement, in the Gazette of 18th February, 1879, is Bedingfield, and not Beddingfield as therein stated.

The undermentioned promotion to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Army in succession to Lieutenant-General Sir George Wade Guy Green, K.C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, retired from the service:—

To be Major-General.

Colonel John Field, C.B., Bombay Infantry, Aide-de-Camp to Her Majesty. Dated 11th June, 1879.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following Promotions and Alteration of Rank among the Officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Forces:—

BREVET.

To be Colonels.

Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Reynolds Stephen James Prendergast, Madras Cavalry. Dated 20th March, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Peter Sykes, Bombay Cavalry. Dated 3rd April, 1879.

SUBSTANTIVE PROMOTIONS.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) John Hudson. Dated 22nd April, 1879.

To be Majors.

Captain Alexander Baber Douglas. Dated 20th April, 1879.

Captain Thomas Fraser Bruce. Dated 20th April, 1879.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Charles Marsh Keighley. Dated 3rd April, 1879.

BENGAL ARMY.

INFANTRY.

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick George Scot. Dated 6th April, 1879.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major William Stephen Alexander Lockhart. Dated 6th April, 1879.

To be Majors.

Captain (Brevet Major) Neville Fraser Parker. Dated 9th April, 1879.

Captain (Brevet Major) Charles Nesbit Hodgson. Dated 20th April, 1879.

ERRATA.

In the London Gazette of the 12th November, 1878, the date of promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. C. Daunt, V.C., Bengal Staff Corps, should have been given as 20th July, 1878, and not 1873.

The name of the undermentioned Officer should be as follows, and not as given in the London Gazette named:—

London Gazette, 19th February, 1878—Captain David Stanley Cunningham, Bengal Staff Corps.

*“London Gazette,” dated the 8th July, 1879,
pages 4340 and 4341.*

BREVET.

Deputy-Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Charles McMillan, Bombay Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 19th December, 1878.

The following promotions to take place in succession to Lieutenant-General Sir George Wade Guy Green, K.C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, who retired from the Service on the 11th June, 1879:—

Brevet Colonel Edward William Boudier, from Lieutenant-Colonel, Madras Staff Corps, to be Major-General. Dated 11th June, 1879.

* * * * *

The undermentioned Officers to be Colonels:— Lieutenant-Colonel Albert Henry Bamfield, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 20th March, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel Barrington Frederick Heysham, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 3rd April, 1879.

India Office, 8th July, 1879.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the retirement of the undermentioned Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:—

Lieutenant-General Sir George Wade Guy Green, K.C.B., of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 11th June, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sir Frederick Richard Pollock, K.C.S.I., of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 31st May, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Charles Francis Grant Lamb, of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 11th June, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Dawson, of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 12th June, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Frederick John Davies, of the Bengal Army. Dated 10th June, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel George Towers Hilliard, of the Madras Staff Corps. Dated 26th April, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Charles Sheridan Blackwood Walton, of the Madras Staff Corps. Dated 15th May, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Alexander Ruxton McMahon, of the Madras Staff Corps. Dated 31st May, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Lewis Matthew Davies, of the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 31st May 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel John Pigott Nixon, of the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 11th June, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel William James Morris, of the Madras Army. Dated 1st June, 1879.

Major Robert Durie Osborn, of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 1st May, 1879.

Major Francis Henry Conolly, of the Half-Pay List, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 20th May, 1879.

Surgeon-Major George Frederick Hughes Brown, of the Bombay Army. Dated 19th May, 1879.

Surgeon-Major John Raby, of the Bombay Army. Dated 18th June, 1879.

BREVET.
The undermentioned Officers are granted a step of honorary rank on retirement:—

To be General.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Wade Guy Green, K.C.B., of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 11th June, 1879.

To be Major-Generals.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sir Frederick Richard Pollock, K.C.S.I., of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 31st May, 1879.

No. 816.—SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—
The following promotions are made in the Subordinate Medical Department:—

Rank.	Name.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to
1st Class Apothecary ...	R. Freeland ...	Senior Apothecary	1st February 1879.	Senior Apothecary Joseph Vyall, retired.
1st " " ...	E. Vyall ...	Ditto ...	22nd June 1879.	Senior Apothecary J. Law, deceased.
1st " Assistant Apothecary.	G. F. Fox ...	2nd Class Apothecary.	26th February 1879.	Apothecary W. H. Must, retired.
1st " Assistant Apothecary.	E. L'Estrange ...	Ditto ...	30th May 1879.	Apothecary T. Evans, retired.
Passed Hospital Apprentice	John Nazareth ...	2nd Class Assistant Apothecary.	26th February 1879.	Assistant Apothecary G. F. Fox, promoted.
" " "	John Dolby ...	Ditto ...	30th May 1879.	Assistant Apothecary E. L'Estrange, promoted.
" " "	S. B. Hughes ...	Ditto ...	25th June 1879.	Assistant Apothecary N. Daniell, dismissed.
" " "	J. B. Wallace ...	Ditto ...	26th June 1879.	Assistant Apothecary J. Lynch, deceased.

No. 817.—The undermentioned passed medical pupils are promoted to the grade of 3rd Class Hospital Assistant, to complete the sanctioned establishment:—

Khadam Hoosain.
Muckdoom Buksh.
Kataroo Ram.
Mohomed Beg.
Mirza Ahid Hossein.
Shaick Mahomed Easim.
Shere Baz.
Ram Bhag.

No. 818.—In G. G. O. No. 672 of 1879, for “Huwnath,” read *Hurnauth*.

EQUIPMENT.

No. 819.—The following Clause of Army Circulars, dated 1st July 1879, is made applicable to India, and published for general information:—

Clause 157, Equipment Regulations.

I. Regular Forces.

Girdles, Lancer Regiments.

1. The supply of Girdles to Lancer Regiments as “necessaries” will be discontinued. These articles will, in future, be classed and issued as “Equipment.”

2. The necessary arrangements consequent upon this regulation will be carried out according to special instructions to officers concerned.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 820.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major R. Atkins, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 15th Bengal (Cureton's Mooltanee) Cavalry,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major B. E. Gowan, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 4th Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—(p. a.) for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major G. G. Young, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st Class, Officiating Commissioner and Superintendent, Delhi Division, Punjab,—(p. a.) for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain S. Murray, Royal Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, 2nd Class, in charge Fort William Arsenal,—(p. a.) for four months, under G. G. O. No. 813 of 1876.

Captain C. J. Walter, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 8th Regiment of Native Infantry,—(p. a.) for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain R. H. F. Rennick, Bengal Staff Corps, —(m. c.) for one year, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain J. E. P. Mosley, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 3rd Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—(p. a.) for one year 93 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant M. Martin, Royal Engineers, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab Military Works Branch, Public Works Department,—(m. c.) for 121 days, under Rule IX, note (1) of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 821.—The following extract from List No. 31, dated the 1st August 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Surgeon-Major L. Cameron.

Granted extension of leave.

Major D. T. H. Sampson, Staff Corps,—three months, medical certificate.

Captain J. W. Ridgeway, Infantry,—one month, medical certificate.

No. 822.—ARRIVALS—

Captain H. H. Rankin, General List, Infantry, —Bombay, 12th August 1879.

Veterinary Surgeon W. Boyd, Assistant Superintendent, Horse Breeding Operations,—Bombay, 19th August 1879.

No. 823.—DEPARTURES—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) G. A. Brown, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Hindustan*, 11th July 1879, from Bombay.

Major J. Upperton, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 445 of 1879,—*Hindustan*, 11th July 1879, from Bombay.

Major R. C. Money, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 695 of 1879,—*Mirzapore*, 25th July 1879, from Bombay.

Captain (Brevet Major) G. N. Channer, v.c., Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Travancore*, 4th July 1879, from Bombay.

Captain J. Hill, Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 724 of 1879,—*Mirzapore*, 25th July 1879, from Bombay.

Captain L. J. H. Grey, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 599 of 1879,—*Merkara*, 3rd July 1879, from Calcutta.

Captain R. F. Taylor, Madras General List, Infantry, G. G. O. No. 643 of 1879,—*Mira*, 18th July 1879, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant C. C. Lindsay, Royal Artillery, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Hindustan*, 11th July 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant A. Burlton-Bennet, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 724 of 1879,—*Mirzapore*, 25th July 1879, from Bombay.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No. 824.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 1076 of the 29th December 1864, paragraph 3, it is notified that six months has been fixed as the limit of time after which the salary of a Station Staff Officer will be reduced or altogether withheld when the strength of a garrison is temporarily diminished.

This order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 825.—The undermentioned officer in civil employ is permitted to retire from the service on a pension of £456-5-0 per annum, with an additional annuity of £331-9-0, from the 31st August 1879, under the terms of the Secretary of State's despatch in the Home Department, No. 81, dated the 13th July 1876, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

The pension and annuity are payable in England:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) John Moore Graham, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade, Assam.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 826.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 947 of 1878, the services of Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Perkins, C.B., R.E., are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 827.—The services of Captain D. C. Hennessy, General List, Infantry, Wing Officer, 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 828.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 991 of 1875, the services of Lieutenant M. Martin, R.E., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 829.—The services of Lieutenant R. H. Jennings, R.E., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 830.—The services of Surgeon K. M. Downie, M.D., Medical Officer, 16th (The Lucknow) Regiment of Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 25th August 1879.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department from 12th to 25th August 1879:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Army Medical Department	Surgeon-Major J. H. Wright...	20th June 1879.	Attock ...	No will found	...
Indian Medical Department	Surgeon J. E. Walsh, M.D. ...	23rd July 1879.	Kandahar ...	Not known.	...
59th Foot ...	Captain D. T. Chisholm ...	30th July 1879.	Ditto ...	Ditto	...
59th " ...	Major L. A. Powys ...	6th August 1879.	Ditto ...	Ditto	...
62nd " ...	2nd Lieutenant G. Lake ...	16th August 1879.	Morar ...	Ditto	...

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 12th to 25th August 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>British Military Service.</i>					Rs. A. P.		
Frederick DeCaux (a) ...	Surgeon...	Army Medical Department.	19th May 1879.	Intestate	933 13 7	...	25th October 1879.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
Frank Miles Barclay ...	Lieutenant	Bengal Staff Corps.	1st April 1879.	No will found.	554 4 1	...	Ditto.

(a) — *Next-of-kin.*—Father, William DeCaux, Bracondale, Norwich, England.

H. A. SAWYER, *Captain,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 29th August 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 55.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments to the I.G.S. *Patrick Stewart*, on special duty, Persian Gulf Telegraph Department:—

Mr. E. Bishop, 1st Grade Officer, to be Commander.

Mr. J. Martin, 2nd Grade Officer, to be 1st Grade Officer.

Mr. C. C. Hearsey, 3rd Grade Officer, to be 2nd Grade Officer.

Mr. S. L. Carr, 4th Grade Officer, to be 3rd Grade Officer.

Mr. A. Miller to be 1st Class Engineer.

Mr. D. Rustomjee to be 2nd Class Engineer.

Mr. P. Brown to be 3rd Class Engineer.

No. 56.—Mr. J. S. Barrett, 1st Grade Officer, in charge I. G. hulk *Semiramis*, to be in charge of the I. G. turret-vessels *Abyssinia* and *Magdala*, during the absence on leave in Europe of Navigating Lieutenant P. V. James.

No. 57.—Mr. J. L. Arratoon, 3rd Class Engineer, I.G.S. *Jaboona*, to be 3rd Class Engineer, I.G.S. *Irrawaddy*.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 29th August 1879.

No. 336.—Mr. C. M. Davies, Class III of the State Railway Revenue Establishment, is transferred from the Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways to the Rajputana State Railway.

No. 337.—Mr. F. N. Gutersloh, Class II of the State Railway Revenue Establishment, is transferred from the Punjab Northern State Railway to the Holkar and Sindia-Neemuch State Railways.

No. 338.—Mr. J. A. Greenwood, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Western System of State Railways, having passed the prescribed examination, is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, with effect from the 8th January 1879.

No. 339.—*Erratum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 329, dated the 18th instant, for “Western System of State Railways” read “Indus Valley State Railway.”

ALEX. FRASER, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Nº 36.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 30th August 1879.

No. 1601.—The following additions are made to the Rules under the "Indian Arms Act, 1878," published on the 6th March 1879:—

Rule 6A.—In the case of arms, other than cannon or rifles not excepted as in Rule 5, ammunition, or military stores imported under license into a British port and exported thence to another British port named in Rule 6 or in Rule 6B, the necessary licenses for such re-export and import may be granted on payment of a fee of one rupee (each) instead of ten rupees. Such licenses shall be in Forms III and IV appended to these Rules.

Rule 6B.—Licenses to import by sea from Rangoon into the ports of Akyab, Moulmein, Sandoway, Kyaukphyoo, Tavoy, and Mergui

may be granted by the Magistrates of the Districts in which those ports are respectively situated, in respect of arms other than cannon or rifles not excepted by Rule 5, ammunition, or military stores. The fee payable in respect of each such license shall be one rupee, and the license shall be in Form III appended to these Rules.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 508.—*Appointment.*—Mr. C. Donovan, c.s., Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Muzaffarnagar in the North-Western Provinces, to be Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade, in Assam, *vice* Colonel J. M. Graham.

No. 510.—*Appointments.*—Mr. O. G. R. McWilliam, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Grade, in Assam, to be Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade, *vice* Colonel J. F. Sherer, with effect from the date of his retirement from the service:

Mr. G. H. Damant, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Grade, *vice* Mr. McWilliam:

Captain H. J. Peet, Assistant Commissioner, 1st Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade, *vice* Mr. Damant.

SURVEYS.

The 2nd September 1879.

No. 382.—Mr. F. R. Mallet, F.G.S., Assistant of the 2nd Grade in the Geological Survey of India, is granted two days' subsidiary leave preparatory to his departure on the leave sanctioned in Notification No. 302, dated the 25th July last.

No. 384.—Mr. F. Fedden, A.R.S.M., F.G.S., Assistant of the 2nd Grade in the Geological Survey of India, is appointed to officiate in the 1st Grade from the date of Mr. Blanford's departure on the furlough granted to him in Notification No. 305, dated the 25th July last, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 2nd September 1879.

No. 978.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 5 of Act XIV of 1874 (The Scheduled Districts Act), His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to extend Act I of 1877 (The Specific Relief Act) to the Jhansi Division, comprising the Districts of Jhansi, Jaloun, and Lullutpur.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 290.—The Reverend J. S. Sandys, Senior Chaplain, Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Thayetmyo, with effect from 30th July 1879, until further orders.

PATENTS.

The 30th August 1879.

No. 55.—Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department at the Presidency, to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 11 of 1879.—William John Brewer, Engineer, of Bombay, for a new system of reflectors applicable to street, hanging, wall, table, billiard, railway signal, ships, and every kind of lamp consuming either gas or any description of oil.

No. 33 of 1879.—Charles M. Davis, Mechanical Engineer, and Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent of the Holkar and Nimach State Railway, residing at Khandwa, Central Provinces, India, for driving and causing to revolve the circular rotatory khas khas discs

or tatties already used on certain Indian railways in the windows of the carriages during the prevalence of the hot winds for cooling the temperature of the atmosphere in the carriages.

No. 34 of 1879.—William Jackson, Engineer, 23, Cotton Street, Aberdeen, Scotland, for improvements in machinery for preparing tea.

No. 42 of 1879.—Henry Thomas Stanes, John Gibson Watson and John George Cowan, all of London, England, for improvements in refrigerating or freezing machinery, or apparatus for the manufacture of ice and for other purposes.

No. 44 of 1879.—Francis Effingham Pinto, of Brooklyn, New York, and Simon Benton Hunt, of the City and State of New York, both in the United States of America, for improvements in, and relating to, freezing and refrigerating apparatus.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 3rd September 1879.

No. 2421.-J.—With reference to Notification No. 1301.-J., dated the 9th June 1879, extending Madras Act VIII of 1878 (the Madras Coffee-stealing Prevention Act, 1878) to Mysore, and in exercise of the power conferred by Section 2 of the said Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall take effect on and from the 15th day of September 1879, in the parts of the districts hereinafter mentioned:—

Mysore District,—The taluks of Chamrajnagar, Gundalpet, Periapatam, Heggadadevankote.

Hassan District,—The taluks of Arkalgud, Narsipur, Manjerabad, Belur, Hassan.

Kadur District,—The taluks of Mudgiri, Koppa, Lukwalli, Tarikere, Chikmagalur.

Shimoga District,—The taluks of Kavalidurg and Nagar.

The 4th September 1879.

No. 2461.-J.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to extend Act No. XXVI of 1870 (The Prisons Act, 1870) to the Territories of Mysore, with effect from the 1st October 1879, and subject to the following modifications, *viz.* :—

(a). Sections 1 and 2, and in Section 13 the words 'Magistrate of the District or' shall be omitted.

(b). In the preamble, for the words 'North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, Oudh, the Central Provinces, and British Burma,' the words 'Territories of Mysore' shall be substituted.

(c). In Section 6, for the first paragraph, the words 'an Inspector General of Prisons shall be appointed by the Governor General in Council' shall be substituted.

(d). In Sections 4 and 6, for the words 'under such Government,' the words 'of Mysore,'

in the second paragraph of Section 6, for the word 'each,' the word 'the,' and for the words 'Local Government,' wherever they occur, the words 'Chief Commissioner of Mysore' shall be substituted.

POLITICAL.

The 2nd September 1879.

No. 1276 G.-P.—In recognition of the high rank and reputation enjoyed by Lachmesser Singh, of Darbhanga, and the good services rendered by his family, the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confer upon him the title of "Maharaja," as a personal distinction.

The 4th September 1879.

No. 1283 G.-P.—The following notification, which appeared in the *London Gazette* of the 29th July 1879, is re-published for general information:—

War Office, July 19, 1879.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Major Pierre Louis Napoleon Cavagnari, c.s.i., to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the 2nd Class, or Knight Commander of the Most Hon'ble Order of the Bath; and Alfred Comyns Lyall, Esq., to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companion of the said Most Hon'ble Order.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 1285 G.-P.—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. W. F. Halliday as Acting Consular Agent for the United States of America at Akyab during the absence of Mr. W. H. Griffin.

GENERAL.

The 4th September 1879.

No. 1705 G.-G.—The following extract from Regimental Orders, dated 26th July 1879, issued by the Commandant, Mhairwara Battalion, is confirmed:—

Lieutenant J. A. Bell, 44th Foot, Officiating Wing Officer and Quartermaster, is appointed Officiating Adjutant in addition to his other duties, with effect from 27th July 1879.

No. 1710 G.-G.—Mr. R. I. Bruce, Officiating Political Assistant, 1st Class, and 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Beluchistan, is granted furlough to Europe on medical certificate for one year, under Sections 21 and 34 and Schedule A of the Civil Leave Code, with thirty days' subsidiary leave, with effect from the 1st November 1879, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 1715 G.-G.—*Leave.*—Sirdar Mahamad Hyat Khan, c.s.i., employed on Special Political Duty under the Foreign Department, is granted three months' privilege leave from the 24th July 1879.

Sirdar Mahamad Hyat Khan's services are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab from the 24th October 1879.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th September 1879.

No. 408.-I.—The following notification, which appeared in the *London Gazette* of the 29th July 1879, is re-published for general information:—

India Office, July 29, 1879.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the First, Second, and Third Classes of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India:—

To be an Honorary Knight Grand Commander.

His Highness Mir Khodadad Khan of Khelat.

To be an Extra Knight Grand Commander.

General Sir Frederick Paul Haines, G.C.B., C.I.E., Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Forces in the East Indies.

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

His Highness Hira Singh, Raja of Nabha.

To be Knights Commanders.

Robert Eyles Egerton, Esq., C.S.I., C.I.E., Bengal Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

Lieutenant-Colonel Owen Tudor Burne, C.S.I., C.I.E., Secretary in the Political and Secret Department of the India Office.

Colonel George Pomeroy Colley, C.B., C.M.G., 2nd Regiment, Private Secretary to the Viceroy and Governor General of India.

Major Robert Groves Sandeman, C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps, Agent to the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Biluchistan.

The Nawab Gholam Hussun Khan, Alazai, Khan Bahadur, C.S.I.

To be Companions.

Robert Anstruther Dalzell, Esq., Madras Civil Service, Member of the Council of the Secretary of State for India.

James Braithwaite Peile, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay.

Major Oliver Beauchamp Coventry St. John, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers.

The Maharaja Jotendro Mohun Tagore, Additional Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor General of India for making Laws and Regulations.

Sirdar Bikrama Singh of Kuppurtalla.

Maharaj Pertab Singh, of Jodhpur.

Sahibzada Obed Ulla Khan, of Tonk.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Garrow Waterfield, Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner of Peshawar.

Lepel Henry Griffin, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Browne, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers.

A. C. LYALL,

*Secretary to the Most Exalted
Order of the Star of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th September 1879.

No. 2665.—*Money in the Public Treasuries, and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches, on the last day of July 1879, with the corresponding figures on the same date in 1878 and 1877 :—*

	Rs.
1877	... 14,27,99,470
1878	... 14,75,19,970
1879	... 16,99,09,000

No. 2666.—*Remittances to the Home Treasury, 1879-80 :—*

	Rs.	Average rate.	Loss compared with outturn at an exchange of 2s. the rupee.
	s. d.		Rs.
Estimate for 1879-80	15,000,000	1 7	3,95,20,000
In August 1879	994,128	1 7 88	20,58,720
For the first five months	5,403,916	1 7 62	1,20,54,361

No. 2667.—*Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimates for 1879-80.*

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			SIX SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND FIVE MONTHS' PASS DUTY ON OPIUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.			
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
Bengal	Rs. 52,00,000	Rs. 56,77,438	Rs. 4,77,438	Rs. 3,12,00,000	Rs. 3,42,80,038	Rs. 30,80,038	Rs. ...
Bombay	... 16,33,000	27,43,000	11,10,000	1,11,51,000	1,10,96,100	...	54,900
TOTAL	... 68,33,000	84,20,438	15,87,438	4,23,51,000	4,53,76,138	30,25,138	...

No. 2668.—*Erratum.*—In Resolution in the Department of Finance, No. 2079, dated 31st July 1879 (Part I of the *Gazette of India*, 2nd August 1879, page 521), paragraph 5 (1), for “The pension of his rank” read “The pension to which he is entitled by length of service under existing regulations.”

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 5th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 831.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant Alexander Edward Pelham Burn, 68th Foot, Officiating Wing Officer, Mhair-warra Battalion,—22nd July 1878.

No. 832.—The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Major (Brevet Colonel) Hugh Henry Gough, C. B., v.c.,—4th September 1879.

No. 833.—The undermentioned officers of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 20 years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the dates specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Captain Edward Gordon Lillingston,—30th August 1879.

Captain (Brevet Major) George Nicolas Chan-ner, v.c.,—4th September 1879.

No. 834.—The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, including 6 years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Captain Duncan George Pitcher, Bengal Staff Corps,—3rd September 1879.

No. 835.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officers, having completed 20 years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Captain Herbert Henry Paterson } Cowper, General List, Cavalry, 4th Septem-
Captain Christopher George } ber 1879.
Cautley, General List, Cavalry,

No. 836.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Deputy Surgeon-General H. B. Hassard, Army Medical Department, is brought on the Administrative Staff of the British Medical Service in Bengal from the date of his arrival in the Bengal Presidency, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General T. E. White, C.B., transferred to the Home Establishment.

Deputy Surgeon-General Hassard is appointed as a temporary arrangement to the Medical Superintendence of the Peshawar Circle, with effect from the date on which he may have assumed charge of the duties of the office,

vice Officiating Deputy Surgeon-General J. L. Jameson, transferred, with the same temporary rank, to the Lahore Circle.

No. 837.—

Surgeon-Major J. H. Porter, Army Medical Department, to officiate, with temporary rank, as Deputy Surgeon-General, British Medical Service, Allahabad Circle, with effect from the date on which he may take up the duties of the office, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General J. Hendley, proceeded home on sick leave.

No. 838.—MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT—

Captain C. Egan, appointed on probation to the Military Accounts Department by G. G. O. No. 807 of 1878, is confirmed in his appointment as Assistant Military Accountant, with effect from the 13th August 1879.

No. 839.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

Captain F. Galloway, R.A., Officiating Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, to be Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, *vice* Captain S. Murray, R.A., promoted.

Lieutenant G. G. Monck-Mason, R.A., to be Commissary of Ordnance, 3rd Class, *vice* Captain R. Bazett, R.A., whose tour of service has expired.

No. 840.—The following Warrant Officer on probation is confirmed in his present grade, from the 20th January 1879:—

Sub-Conductor Patrick Wyer.

No. 841.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery.

Lieutenant W. H. Frith, R.A., 1st Subaltern, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Captain H. F. Smyth.

No. 4 (Hazara) Mountain Battery.

Captain H. F. Smyth, R.A., Commandant, No. 5 Garrison Battery, and Officiating Commandant, No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery, to be Commandant, *vice* Captain E. J. deLautour, R.A., resigned.

No. 842.—No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery—

Lieutenant F. H. T. Birch, R.A., to officiate as 3rd Subaltern, *vice* Lieutenant R. A. C. King.

No. 5 Garrison Battery.

Lieutenant R. A. C. King, R.A., 3rd Subaltern, No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Captain W. H. F. Sorell, R.A., resigned.

No. 843.—3rd Punjab Cavalry—

Major W. C. Anderson, Squadron Commander and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Major A. Vivian, on furlough.

Major J. D. Macpherson, Squadron Officer and Officiating Squadron Commander, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Major Anderson, Officiating Commandant.

No. 844.—HYDERABAD CONTINGENT—

No. 2 Field Battery.

Lieutenant A. H. P. Turner, R.A., to be Officiating Subaltern, *vice* Lieutenant G. R. Moore, R.A., transferred to No. 4 Battery.

No. 4 Field Battery.

Lieutenant G. R. Moore, R.A., Subaltern, No. 2 Battery, to be Subaltern, *vice* Lieutenant S. G. F. Selfe, R.A., Officiating as Commandant, No. 2 Battery.

No. 845.—SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

The undermentioned candidates are provisionally admitted into the service as Native medical pupils, with effect from the dates noted against their respective names, subject to passing a successful examination on entering a medical school at the commencement of their second year of service:—

General number.	Names.	Date of passing the preliminary examination.
	<i>Without English qualification.</i>	
1364	Davi Chand	15th April 1879.
1365	Ram Dass	Ditto.
1366	Shaik Kader Buksh	Ditto.
1367	Muthra Das	Ditto.
1368	Isar Das	Ditto.
1369	Enayat Mohammad Khan	15th May 1879.
1370	Ahmed Buksh	Ditto.
1371	Goordut Singh	Ditto.
1372	Bisheshur Nath Sookul	Ditto.
1373	Ishtiyak Husain	Ditto.
1374	Neamut Ally	Ditto.
1375	Gujraj Singh	Ditto.

DISMISSALS AND REMOVALS.

No. 846.—The undermentioned Native medical pupils, admitted by G. G. Os. No. 1046 of 1875 and No. 841 of 1876, are dismissed the service:—

Agra Medical School.

Ram Dyal, No. 922 Najib Ooddeen, No. 957 Kumrooddeen, No. 982 Buldeo Pershad, No. 985 } From the date on which they ceased to attend the school.

Nagpore Medical School.

Muhammad Usman, No. 1149.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

Addendum.

No. 847.—To paragraph 12 of the despatch from Lieutenant-General Sir S. J. Browne, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., v.c., No. 833, dated the 17th March 1879 (published in G. G. O. No. 610 of 1879), after the words "51st Foot and 81st Foot," add the words *and from the 6th Bengal Native Infantry.*

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 848.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Samuel James Browne, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., v.c., Bengal Staff Corps,—

(p. a.) for two years, under the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. J. Boswell, Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant, 2nd (or Hill) Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major B. Lovett, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department,—(p. a.) for one year and 26 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain A. R. Badeock, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class,—(m. c.) for one year, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain C. A. Mercer, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 4th Goorkha Regiment,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Captain E. S. Neave, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 18th Bengal Cavalry,—(m. c.) for two years, under Rule XIV, clause (2), of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant H. N. Jervois, R.A., 1st Subaltern, No. 1 Mountain Battery, Punjab Frontier Force,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 849.—In G. G. O. No. 758 of 1879, granting Captain J. T. Wright, R.E., furlough out of India, for "Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary 3rd Grade," read *Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.*

No. 850.—The following extract from List No. 32, dated the 8th August 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Major E. Temple, Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. B. Parsons, Staff Corps.

Granted extension of leave.

Captain J. H. C. G. Lassalle, General List, Infantry,—three months, urgent private affairs.

Captain J. Colledge, Staff Corps,—six months, medical certificate.

No. 851.—The following Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

MILITARY.

No. 206.

INDIA OFFICE;

London, 31st July 1879.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

MY LORD,

Para. 1. I have received and considered in Council your Military letter No. 130 of the 24th April last, on the question of the grant of passages to officers ordered out for special duty, or on account of the exigencies of the service, and of the pay to be issued for the period of the voyage to India and the voyage home, in the event of the officers returning to this country to avail themselves of the residue of their furlough.

2. Your Government observe that you would merely allow officers a free passage out, but not

a return passage home, furlough pay only being granted during both periods, but with the privilege of counting those periods as service for pension, and as exclusive of the residue of furlough due. You would also impose no limit to the time within which an officer might take the balance of his furlough after the termination of the duty for which he was re-called.

3. I accept the views of your Government as thus expressed.

I have the honor to be,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient, humble Servant,

(Signed) CRANBROOK.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No. 852.—In modification of G. G. O. No. 180, dated 8th February 1870, it is notified that a battery sergeant-major or battery quartermaster sergeant of Royal Artillery, or company sergeant-major of Royal Engineers, is not entitled to the pay provided for those ranks unless he is borne on the strength of his battery or company and mustered as such. When not so mustered, he will be paid as a sergeant, and in such case the difference of pay between that of sergeant and that of the above ranks will be issued to the non-commissioned officer actually performing the higher duty.

The battery sergeant-major, battery quartermaster sergeant, or company sergeant-major, will, however, retain the pay of his rank when—

- (a) on furlough,
- (b) in hospital,
- (c) going through a course of training for the appointment of riding-master (battery sergeant-major and battery quartermaster sergeant only),

but not when sent to a convalescent dépôt for medical or other reasons.

This order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

PENSIONS.

No. 853.—Sergeant Thomas Duke, European Invalid Battalion, is transferred to the Pension Establishment, on a pension of two shillings per diem, or rupees thirty a month, from date of discharge, payable in India.

No. 854.—The undermentioned out-pensioners of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea are permitted to draw their pension in India from the date they cease to receive regimental pay:—

Corporal Dawson Seaman, late 2nd Battalion, 22nd Foot,—one shilling and two pence per diem.

Martin Blake, late 1st Battalion, 6th Foot,—one shilling per diem.

Daniel Scully, late 2nd Battalion, 16th Foot,—one shilling per diem.

REWARDS.

No. 855.—ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA—

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native

officer to the 2nd Class of the Order of British India, with effect from the date specified:—

MADRAS.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

Subadar Gregory, "Queen's Own" Sappers and Miners, *vice* Subadar Abdool Rhymon, "Bahadur," deceased,—10th February 1879.

The following adjustments of rank are made:—
Subadar-Major Rungasawmy, "Bahadur," 25th Regiment, Native Infantry, to rank as "Bahadur" from 21st December 1878, *vice* pensioned Subadar Mahomed Esoph, "Bahadur," 5th Regiment, Native Infantry, deceased.

Subadar Mahomed Yacoob, "Bahadur," 23rd Regiment, or Wallajahbad Light Infantry, to rank as "Bahadur" from the 26th December 1878, *vice* Subadar Rungiah, "Bahadur," promoted.

SPECIAL.

No. 856.—DONATION BATTA—

With a view to obviate any doubt as to the intention of Government General Order No. 804 of 1879, granting donation batta, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the order applies only to such troops as having crossed the frontier before the 26th of May (including those in reserve in Beluchistan), were under the command of the General Officers commanding the several columns engaged in the campaign.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 857.—The undermentioned warrant officers of the Subordinate Medical Department, having passed the prescribed examination, are qualified for advancement as below:—

First Class Assistant Apothecary T. Chamberlain, to the increased pay of a 1st Class Assistant Apothecary, with effect from the 15th July 1879.

First Class Assistant Apothecary C. B. Boodrie, to the increased pay of a 1st Class Assistant Apothecary, with effect from the 15th July 1879.

First Class Assistant Apothecary D. A. Elkins, to the increased pay of a 1st Class Assistant Apothecary, with effect from the 15th July 1879.

First Class Assistant Apothecary P. McKey, to the increased pay of a 1st Class Assistant Apothecary, with effect from the 1st May 1879.

TRANSPORT.

No. 858.—The following additions are made to the scale of chargers for Army and Departmental Staff Officers for which they are entitled under certain circumstances to free conveyance by rail and by sea, published in G. G. O. No. 661 of 7th July 1868:—

Below "Deputy Assistant Commissary General" insert *Sub-Assistant Commissary General*.

In the column "Allowed on field service," insert 1 against the entry "All other Departmental Commissioned Staff Officers, each."

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 859.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 464 of 1879, the services of Captain W. H. F. Sorell,

R.A., are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 860.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 947 of 1878, the services of Captain W. S. S. Bisset, R.E., are replaced at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 861.—The services of Lieutenant C. W. Young, 81st Foot, Officiating Wing Officer, 5th Punjab Infantry, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 862.—With reference to Home Department Notification No. 375, dated 23rd October 1878, the services of the Reverend J. W. Adams, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, Chaplain, Head-Quarters Camp, Koorm Field Force, are replaced at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 1st September 1879.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 5th September 1879.

DISMISSALS AND REMOVALS.

No. 58.—The services of Mr. S. L. Carr, 3rd Grade Officer, I.G.S. *Amberwitch*, are dispensed with.

Note.—That portion of G. G. O. No. 55 regarding Mr. Carr, is hereby cancelled.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 59.—Mr. G. H. N. Ingle, Clerk, I.G.S. *Enterprise*, to be Clerk, I.G.S. *Hugh Rose*.

Mr. W. L. Lamborne, Clerk, I.G.S. *Hugh Rose*, to be Clerk, I.G.S. *Enterprise*.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 29th August 1879.

No. 340.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Tucker, R.E., Superintending Engineer, Presidency Command, Military Works, is placed, temporarily, in charge of the Oudh Command, in addition to his own charge.

The 2nd September 1879.

No. 342.—The services of Major E. T. Thackeray, v.c., R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, attached to the Military Works Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 4th September 1879.

No. 343.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel H. T. Forbes, s.c., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Military

Department from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties in the Public Works Department.

No. 344.—The services of Lieutenant M. Martin, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch, temporarily attached to the Punjab, Provincial Establishment, now on furlough, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 345.—The services of Lieutenant J. W. Thurburn, R.E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank, Military Works Branch, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 346.—With reference to notification No. 314, dated 6th August 1879, the retirement

of the following officers has effect from the dates opposite their names:—

Mr. J. Collet,—1st August 1879.

„ C. Cheyne,—16th August 1879.

TELEGRAPH.

The 2nd September 1879.

No. 341.—Mr. W. P. Johnston, Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd Grade, with effect from 1st August 1879, during the absence of Mr. L. Schwendler, Electrician, on special duty, or until further orders.

ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



1st Section

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 37.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT NO. 37.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 11th September 1879.

No. 517.—*Appointments.*—Moreshwur Rao, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, in the Central Provinces, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, with effect from the 7th ultimo, *vice* Madho Rao Ram Chundra, transferred to the Baroda State:

Rai Bhogchand is confirmed in the appointment of Extra Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, *vice* Moreshwur Rao.

The 12th September 1879.

No. 525.—The services of Mr. A. Wingate, of the Bombay Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 529.—Mr. J. D. Ward is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service, with effect from the 27th July last.

MEDICAL.

The 9th September 1879.

No. 457.—The services of Surgeon C. W. Owen, in medical charge of the Secretariat Establishments of the Government of India at Simla, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

C. BERNARD,
Off. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 12th September 1879.

No. 2511.-J.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to repeal Acts XXI of 1856 and XXIII of 1860 in the territories of Mysore, and to extend Act No. X of 1871 (The Excise Act, 1871) to the said territories, with effect from the 1st October 1879, subject to the following modifications, *viz.* :—

(a.) Sections 1, 2, 4, 10, 55, 83, 84, 87 and 88 shall be omitted.

(b.) In section 3, the definition of 'Chief Revenue Authority'; in section 21, the last paragraph; in section 23 the words 'with the sanction of the Local Government'; and in section 66 *i.e.* (b) the words 'or' in British Burma, five tolas' shall be omitted.

(c.) In the preamble, for the words 'Northern India, British Burma and Coorg' the words 'the territories of Mysore' shall be substituted.

(d.) And throughout the Act for the words 'Chief Revenue Authority' and the words 'Local Government' the words 'Chief Commissioner of Mysore,' for the word 'authority' the words 'Chief Commissioner' and for the words 'British India' the words 'the territories of Mysore' shall be substituted.

No. 254I.-J.—With reference to Section 3 of Act XXII of 1864 (an Act to make provision for the administration of Military Cantonments), the Governor General in Council is pleased, in exercise of the power conferred by Section 37 of Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), to invest Major A. L. Playfair with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class within the limits of the Cantonment of Morar.

No. 255I.-J.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 6 (c) of Act XIV of 1874 (the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the

No. 258I.-J.—Whereas His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur and His Highness the Rao of Sirohi have granted to the British Government full jurisdiction within those portions of land forming the Western Rajputana State Railway, including the land occupied as stations, out-buildings, and for other purposes connected with the railway, which lie within the territories of Marwar and Sirohi respectively;—in exercise of such jurisdiction, and of the powers conferred by Sections 4 and 5 of Act XI of 1872 (The Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1872), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following Notification:—

1. (a) the Political Agent for the time being in Marwar shall exercise the powers described in Section 36 of Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), and the powers of a Magistrate of the first class as described in the same Act within such portions of the aforesaid lands as are situated within the limits of the Marwar Political Agency; and

(b) the Superintendent for the time being in Sirohi shall exercise the powers described in Section 36 of Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), and the powers of a Magistrate of the first class as described in the same Act within such portions of the aforesaid lands as are situated within the limits of the State of Sirohi:

Provided that in any case in which the complainant (if any) and all the accused persons are not British subjects, it shall be in the discretion of the said Political Agent and said Superintendent respectively to decline to exercise the powers hereby conferred on them.

2. The Commissioner of Ajmere and the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana shall respectively exercise the powers of a Court of Sessions and High Court as described in Act X of 1872 in respect of all offences over which jurisdiction is exercised by the Political Agent in Marwar and Superintendent in Sirohi respectively within the whole of the aforesaid lands.

3. The administration of the police within the aforesaid lands shall be delegated to the person for the time being holding the office of Superintendent of Rajputana State Railway Police, to be designated the Superintendent of Western Rajputana State Railway Police, who shall exercise the same police powers as may be exercised by a District Superintendent of Police under any law for the time being in force in British territory, in subordination to the Political Agent in Marwar and the Superintendent in Sirohi, within the portions of the aforesaid lands situated within the Political Agency of Marwar and the State of Sirohi respectively.

4. The Superintendent of the Western Rajputana State Railway Police for the time being shall (except in the cases mentioned in the proviso to clause 1 of this Notification) exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the second class as described in Act X of 1872 within the aforesaid lands, in subordination to the Political Agent in Marwar and the Superintendent in Sirohi, within the portions of the aforesaid lands situated within the States of Marwar and Sirohi respectively.

POLITICAL.

The 12th September 1879.

No. 1292G.-P.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. Miguel Rosario de Quadros as Consul for Portugal at Bombay.

GENERAL.

The 5th September 1879.

No. 1718G.-G.—Surgeon-Major F. W. A. DeFabeck, Medical Officer of the Deoli Irregular Force, is granted three months' leave in India on medical certificate, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 9th September 1879.

No. 1738 G.-G.—The following extract from Brigade orders, dated 19th August 1879, issued by the Commandant, Central India Horse, is confirmed:—

2nd Regiment, Central India Horse.

Lieutenant N. F. F. Chamberlain, 2nd Squadron Officer, having rejoined from field service, to officiate as 3rd Squadron Commander, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 15th August, during the absence of Captain J. Colledge, or until further orders.

No. 1746 G.-G.—The following extract from regimental orders, dated 27th July 1879, issued by the Commandant, Mhairwarra Battalion, is confirmed:—

Lieutenant A. E. P. Burn, 68th Foot, and Lieutenant W. T. Fairbrother, 11th Foot, having reported their departure, are struck off the Regiment from the 27th July 1879.

The 11th September 1879.

No. A-84.—Mr. H. M. Durand, Officiating Political Agent, 3rd Class, and Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, has been placed temporarily on special political duty with the British Force under Major-General Sir F. S. Roberts, K.C.B., v.c., with effect from the forenoon of the 9th September.

The 12th September 1879.

No. 1754 G.-G.—Major W. S. Peat, Officiating 2nd Squadron Commander, 1st Regiment, Light Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 3rd Class, and posted to Neemuch as Comptroller Magistrate, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th August 1879, *vice* Captain Dalrymple on privilege leave.

No. 1756 G.-G.—Captain the Hon'ble G. C. Napier is granted three months' privilege leave, with effect from the 1st August 1879.

No. 1773 G.-G.—The following appointments are made in the Biluchistan Agency, with effect from the date of assuming charge:—

Captain E. S. Reynolds, Officiating Political Agent, 2nd Class, and 2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 1st Class, and posted as 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, *vice* Mr. Bruce, proceeding on furlough.

Captain H. Wylie, Political Agent, 3rd Class, and 3rd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 2nd Class, and posted as 2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, *vice* Captain Reynolds.

Captain W. H. C. Wyllie, Officiating Political Assistant, 3rd Class, and Assistant Commissioner, Mhairwarra, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 3rd Class, and posted as 3rd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, *vice* Captain H. Wylie.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 12th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 863.—INDIAN ARMY.

The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Charles Edward Douglas Branson, General List, Infantry,—8th September 1879.

No. 864.—BREVET.

The undermentioned officer of the Staff Corps, having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, is promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, Clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Thomas Heathcote, Bombay Staff Corps,—7th September 1879.

No. 865.—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Major G. Hatchell, 4th Battalion, 60th Rifles, Officiating Assistant Adjutant General, to be an Assistant Adjutant General on the Establishment, *vice* Colonel J. Hills, C.B., v.c., R.A., who has vacated on promotion.

No. 866.—Captain F. W. Robinson, 85th Foot, to be an Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, with effect from the 4th March 1879, *vice* Captain J. M. Mure, 34th Foot, deceased.

No. 867.—In G. G. O. No. 778 of 1879, for Brevet Major R. Morris, "General List, Cavalry," read Brevet Major R. Morris, *late* 1st European Light Cavalry.

No. 868.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Temporary.

Major N. F. Parker, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to officiate as Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. A. T. Judge, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Captain A. T. S. A. Rind, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

With effect from 3rd August 1879, *vice* Captain A. R. Badcock, Officiating Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, proceeded on furlough, or until further orders.

No. 869.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major A. J. Payne, M.D., Superintendant of the European and Native Insane Asylums at Bhowanipore and Dullunda, to be a Deputy Surgeon-General, with temporary rank, during the absence on leave of Deputy Surgeon-General J. Irving, M.D.

The services of Deputy Surgeon-General, with temporary rank, A. J. Payne, M.D., are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Home, Revenue, and Agricultural Department.

No. 870.—The temporary rank of Surgeon-General is conferred upon Deputy Surgeon-General A. J. Payne, M.D., for such time as he may be employed under the Government of Bengal, the rank to be local within the limits of the Province.

No. 871.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT—

Lieutenant-Colonel T. Nicholl, R.A., is re-appointed to be Superintendent of the Foundry and Shell Factory, Cossipore, for a period of three years, with effect from the 18th September 1879.

No. 872.—LONDON GAZETTE—

The following extracts are published for general information:—

“London Gazette,” dated the 9th May, 1879, page 3260.

India Office, 8th May, 1879.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following admissions to Her Majesty’s Indian Staff Corps, made by the Government in India:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Henry Percy Poingdestre Leigh, R.A. Dated 4th January, 1871.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Wylde Macdonald, 51st Foot. Dated 28th February, 1874.

Lieutenant Frederick Hawkins, 1st Battalion, 8th Foot. Dated 21st September, 1874.

Also of the re-admission to the Staff Corps from the Half-Pay List of the undermentioned officer:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Captain Edmund Pipon Ommannay. Dated 18th February, 1879.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers of Her Majesty’s Indian Military Forces:—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Thomas Gordon Coles, of the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 15th April, 1879.

Major Owen Ivan Chalmers, of the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 4th February, 1879.

Major Hugh David Cathecart, of the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 27th March, 1879.

Surgeon-Major Charles Palmer, M.D., of the Bengal Army. Dated 31st March, 1879.

Surgeon William Harvey, of the Bengal Army. Dated 6th April, 1879.

Brevet.

The undermentioned officers are granted a step of honorary rank on retirement:—

To be Major-General.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Thomas Gordon Coles, of the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 15th April, 1879.

To be Deputy Surgeons-General.

Surgeon-Major Joseph Christian Corbyn, of the Bengal Army. Dated 1st January, 1879.

Surgeon-Major Charles Thomas Paské, of the Bengal Army. Dated 1st January, 1879.

“London Gazette,” dated the 25th July, 1879, page 4648.

India Office, July 24, 1879.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Military Services, made by the Governments in India:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Henry Affleck Graves. Dated 30th April, 1879.

Lieutenant Lewis Dening. Dated 11th May, 1879.

Lieutenant Leopold James Henry Grey. Dated 15th May, 1879.

BENGAL ARMY.

CAVALRY.

To be Majors.

Captain (Brevet Major) Edward George Godolphin Hastings. Dated 20th May, 1879.

Captain (Brevet Major) Robert Melvill Jennings. Dated 20th May, 1879.

INFANTRY.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major Wellesley Campbell. Dated 28th April 1879.

Major Arthur Noel Phillips. Dated 1st May, 1879.

To be Majors.

Captain (Brevet Major) Arthur Noel Phillips, late 19th Native Infantry. Dated 28th April, 1879.

Captain (Brevet Major) Frank Hale Berwick Marsh. Dated 20th May, 1879.

“London Gazette,” dated the 29th July, 1879, pages 4697 and 4698.

War Office, July 19, 1879.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Major Pierre Louis Napoleon Cavagnari, C.S.I., to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Second Class, or Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath; and * * *

War Office, July 25, 1879.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:—

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—

Lieutenant-General Donald Martin Stewart, C.B.

Lieutenant-General Sir Samuel James Browne, K.C.S.I., C.B., V.C.

Colonel and Local Major-General Peter Stark Lumsden, C.B., C.S.I.

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—

Colonel Charles Metcalfe Macgregor, C.S.I., C.I.E., Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Henry Porter Malcolmson, Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Howell Jenkins, Bengal Staff Corps.

India Office, July 29, 1879.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the First, Second, and Third Classes of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India:—

Major Robert Groves Sandeman, C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps, Agent to the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Biluchistan.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Garrow Waterfield, Bengal Staff Corps, Commissioner of Pesawur.

India Office, July 28, 1879.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following admission to Her Majesty's Indian Staff Corps, made by the Government in India:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant.

Lieutenant Alexander MacWhirter Renny, Royal Artillery. Dated 11th September, 1873.

No. 873—NATIVE ARMY—

1st Bengal Cavalry.

Jemadar Kootub Khan, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Nujeeb Beg, deceased; Duffadar Mooseh Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kootub Khan, promoted,—6th July 1879.

2nd Bengal Cavalry.

Ressaidar Gokul Singh, to be Ressaldar, *vice* Meer Nuzeer Hoossein, invalidated; Jemadar Ally Mohomed Khan, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Gokul Singh, promoted; Jemadar Noorool Hussun Khan, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Zamin Shah Khan, invalidated; Jemadar Sheik Islam Ally, to be Ressaidar, *vice* Oomrao Singh, invalidated; Kote Duffadar Nizam Ally Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ally Mohomed Khan, promoted; Kote Duffadar Mohomed Ruza Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Noorool Hussun Khan, promoted; Kote Duffadar Golam Mohomed Khan, to be Jemadar, *vice* Sheik Islam Ally, promoted; Duffadar Narain Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Golam Moortuza Khan, invalidated,—1st May 1879.

16th Bengal Cavalry.

Ressaidar Nazir Khan, to be Woordie Major, *vice* Fattehyab Khan, promoted,—1st October 1878.

14th (The Ferozepore) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Kabul Singh, to be Subadar, *vice* Nehal Singh, invalidated; Jemadar Huzoorah Singh, to be Subadar, *vice* Nehal Singh, invalidated; Havildar Ruttun Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Matab Singh, invalidated; Havildar Roogha Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kaun Singh, invalidated; Havildar Jowalla Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kabul Singh, promoted; Havildar Kissen Singh, to be Jemadar, *vice* Huzoorah Singh, promoted,—1st May 1879.

18th (The Alipore) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Aluff Khan, to be Subadar, *vice* Meer Chahut Hoosein, invalidated,—1st May 1879.

38th (The Agra) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Dhunneeram, to be Subadar, *vice* Boota Sing, deceased,—9th January 1878.

Jemadar Girdharee, to be Subadar, *vice* Muckoram, deceased,—10th January 1879.

Jemadar Oojagur Sing, to be Subadar, *vice* Charles Martin, deceased,—14th February 1879.

Havildar Koondun Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Dhunneeram, promoted,—9th January 1878.

Havildar Kalka Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Sewumber Rowt, deceased,—26th January 1878.

Havildar Lowton Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Girdharee, promoted,—10th January 1879.

Havildar Nain Sing, to be Jemadar, *vice* Oojagur Sing, promoted,—14th February 1879.

45th (Rattray's Sikhs) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jemadar Boota Singh, to be Subadar, *vice* Ootum Singh, deceased; Color Havildar Balla, to be Jemadar, *vice* Boota Singh, promoted,—24th July 1879.

4th Goorkha Regiment.

Jemadar Chamoo Goorung, to be Subadar, *vice* Urjoon Bisht, deceased,—21st May 1879.

Jemadar Koolputtee Goorung, to be Subadar, *vice* Kubbeeraj Goorung, deceased,—11th June 1879.

Havildar Bhopal Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Chamoo Goorung, promoted,—21st May 1879.

Havildar Toolaram Thappa, to be Jemadar, *vice* Koolputtee Goorung, promoted,—11th June 1879.

No. 874.—The following direct appointments of Native gentlemen are made, with effect from dates of joining:—

1st Bengal Cavalry.

Ibrahim Khan, to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Raheem Buksh Khan, deceased.

18th Bengal Cavalry.

Kesur Singh, to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Durbara Singh, resigned.

Hakim Singh, to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Totah Ram, transferred to the 8th Bengal Cavalry.

18th (The Alipore) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Munna Khan, to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Aluff Khan, promoted.

No. 875.—SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

The undermentioned Native Medical Pupils, having passed their final examinations, are promoted to the grade of passed Medical Pupil, from the dates specified against their names, and their services are placed at the disposal of the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department:—

Temple Medical School.

* Shaikh Wajeed Ahmad,—from 31st March 1879.

* Without English qualification.

Agra Medical School.

* Abdool Samud }
 * Serajool Hossein } From 14th August 1879.
 • Without English qualification.

No. 876.—The undermentioned Native Medical Pupil, having passed his final examination, is promoted to the grade of passed Medical Pupil, from the date specified against his name, and his services are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces:—

Nagpore Medical School.

Abdul Majid Khan,—from 1st July 1879.

EQUIPMENT TABLES.

No. 877.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 55 of 1878, the following addition is to be made in the "Equipment Table of a heavy field battery":—

<i>At page 28, stores allowed annually.</i>	For cleaning iron work of harness and saddlery. (To be obtained locally by commanding officers and charged for in contingent bills.)
<i>Under head—</i>	
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>	
<i>Enter—Bricks, bath, 54</i>	

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 878.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Lieutenant-General C. A. Barwell, c.b., Bengal Staff Corps, Chief Commissioner of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, and Superintendent of Port Blair and the Nicobars,—(p. a.) for one year and 57 days, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) T. Lamb, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade, Officiating 1st Grade, Assam,—(p. a.) for one year, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Major H. R. Thuillier, Royal Engineers, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Grade, Survey of India,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868, embarking on or after the 12th October 1879.

Lieutenant A. DeV. Alexander, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 4th Bengal Cavalry,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

Deputy Surgeon-General J. Irving, m.d., with temporary rank of Surgeon-General, Bengal,—(m. c.) for 182 days, the period up to

13th December 1879 under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 872 of 1876, and the remaining portion under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon-Major J. B. White, Medical Officer, 43rd (Assam) Regiment of Native (Light) Infantry,—(m. c.) for two years, one year and 268 days under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period under Rule XIV, Clause (2) of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 879.

Lieutenant W. P. Newall, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 2nd (Prince of Wales' Own) Goorkha Regiment (The Sirmoor Rifles), is allowed furlough in and out of India,—(p. a.) for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868, with effect from the date he leaves his station.

No. 880.—The following extract from List No. 33, dated 15th August 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Major E. Temple, Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. E. B. Parsons, Staff Corps.

Surgeon-Major P. Cullen.

“ “ E. A. Birch.

“ “ T. G. Skardon.

Honorary Lieutenant C. Owens, Commissariat Department.

Assistant Apothecary D. Duffy.

Granted extension of leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. C. Lambert, Staff Corps,—three months, medical certificate.

Death.

Captain R. B. Lockwood, General List, Cavalry, —9th June 1879.

PENSIONS.

No. 881.—Sergeant-Major John Campbell, 1st Regiment, Bengal Infantry, is transferred to the pension establishment, on a pension of (2s. 6d.) two shillings and six pence per diem, or Rs. (37-4-4) thirty-seven annas four and pies four a month, from date of discharge, payable in India.

No. 882.—Michael McGuire, late 40th Foot, an out-pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, is permitted to draw his pension in India, *viz.*, nine pence per diem, from the date he ceases to receive regimental pay.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 883.—In continuation of G. G. O. No. 796, dated the 22nd August 1879, the undermentioned officers are permitted to retire from the service from the dates specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 1 of the 1st January 1879, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

No.	Rank and Names.	Corps.	Ordinary pension.	Annuity.	Capitalized value of annuity.	Date of retirement.	Where to be paid.
15	Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Alexander McKenzie.	Bengal Staff Corps.	£ s. d. 456 5 0	£ s. d. 324 4 0	.....	13th September 1879.	England.
16	Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) Robert Reid Chambers.	Ditto ...	£ s. d. 456 5 0	£ s. d. 368 19 0	.....	16th September 1879.	England.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 884.—The services of Major E. T. Thackeray, v.c., R.E., are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 885.—The services of Captain W. G. Nicholson, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Branch, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for field service.

No. 886.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 559 of 1879, the services of Lieutenant J. W. Thurburn, R.E., are at his own request replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 887.—The services of Lieutenant H. H. Barnett, R.E., are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 888.—The services of Surgeon C. W. Owen, in medical charge of the Secretariat Establishments of the Government of India at Simla, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 889.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 399 of 1879, the services of Surgeon J. Anderson, Officiating Civil, Gonda, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th September 1879.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department from 26th August to 8th September 1879:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.		Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
4th Battalion Rifle Brigade	Captain J. J. Preston	...	1st May 1879	Safed Sung, Afghanistan.	Intestate.	
Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Apothecary B. E. D. Yates.		9th August 1879.	Allahabad ...	Not known.	
Ditto	... Passed Hospital Apprentice W. Ketton.		22nd August 1879.	Cheriala, near Abbottabad.	Ditto.	

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 26th August to 8th September 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
Frank Miles Barclay	... Lieutenant	Bengal Staff Corps.	1st April 1879.	No will found.	Rs. A. P. 226 8 0	...	...

H. A. SAWYER, *Captain,*
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 12th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 60.—Mr. John Cowlishaw to be a 3rd Class Engineer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, on probation, and is attached to the I. G. Hulk *Koel*.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 61.—Mr. D. L. Barr, Engineer in charge of the I.G.S. *Leopard*, is granted 15 months' leave to Europe on medical certificate, under Sec-

tion IV, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The 11th September 1879.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 62.—Mr. H. J. Pryce, 1st Officer, in charge I. G. Hulk *Koel*, to be 1st Officer, in charge I.G.S. *Constance*, temporarily.

Mr. F. W. Allen, 1st Officer, in charge I.G.S. *Constance*, to be 1st Officer, in charge I. G. Hulk *Koel*, temporarily.

H. K. BURNE, *Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 10th September 1879.

No. 348.—The services of Captain W. G. Nicholson, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, Military Works Branch, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department for field service.

The 11th September 1879.

No. 350.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following temporary promotions among the Superintending Engineers under the Local Administrations, with effect from the dates specified :—

To Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Williams, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, Assam, from 7th March 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Johnson, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade, Mysore, from 16th May 1879.

To Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Major J. P. Steel, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, Rajputana, from 14th May 1879.

No. 351.—The following arrangements are ordered in consequence of the retirement of certain officers of the Superior Accounts Establishment :—

Captain E. A. Trevor, R.E., Examiner of Accounts, Northern Bengal State Railway, to be Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Hyderabad.

Mr. R. N. Burn, Assistant Auditor of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, is appointed to the charge of the Accounts of the Northern Bengal State Railway, in his present rank of Deputy Examiner, as a *temporary* arrangement.

Major J. Grierson, Examiner of Accounts, Western Rajputana Railway, to be Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Central Provinces.

The office of Examiner of Accounts, Western Rajputana Railway, is abolished as a special charge, and the Accounts of that Railway are placed under the Examiner of Accounts, Rajputana State Railway.

Mr. W. F. Barrow, Assistant Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Madras, is *temporarily* appointed to the charge of the Public Works Accounts in Central India, as Officiating Deputy Examiner.

Lieutenant H. D. Love, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Madras, is transferred to the Accounts Branch, in the rank of Assistant Examiner, 1st Grade, and is posted to Madras.

The 12th September 1879.

No. 352.—With reference to Public Works Department Resolution No. 1218-1250E.-R., dated 28th August 1879, Major-General J. S. Trevor, Director of State Railways, and Officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, Railway Branch, is appointed Director General of Railways, and will continue to officiate as Deputy Secretary.

No. 353.—The following officers are permitted to resign the service of Government under the provisions of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079 of 31st July 1879, with effect from the dates specified :—

Bengal Irrigation Branch.

Mr. F. G. Brooks, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade (temporary rank), 3rd September 1879.

Mr. E. A. Parsick, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, 3rd September 1879.

Mr. C. W. Hope, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, 28th August 1879.

State Railways.

Mr. W. W. Shanks, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, 1st September 1879.

No. 354.—The undermentioned officers are posted to the Sukkur-Dadur Railway :—

From the Western System of State Railways.

Mr. C. V. MacIvor, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. Jas. Tait, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. G. Moyle, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

From the Indus Valley State Railway.

Mr. J. R. Bell, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, temporary rank, to be Superintendent of Works.

Mr. H. L. Monk, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Mr. P. Duncan, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. A. S. Knolles, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. McInerny, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, to act as Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in Class III of the Revenue Establishment.

Mr. L. DesMazures, Sub-Storekeeper, to act as Storekeeper, 2nd Grade.

The Sukkur-Dadur Railway will form part of the charge of the Engineer-in-Chief, Indus Valley State Railway, who, for the purposes of the former Railway, will act under the orders of the Government of Bombay.

**ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.**



19th
1st Section
23/9/29

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 38.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 38.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 18th September 1879.

No. 536.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Mr. Loftus Richard Tottenham, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 16th July last.

The 19th September 1879.

No. 540.—Consequent on the retirement of Colonel E. J. Spilsbury, Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade, in British Burma, Mr. G. J. S. Hodgkinson, c.s., is appointed to be Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade, *vice* Colonel Spilsbury, with effect from the date of his retirement, but will continue to officiate as Commissioner of the Arakan Division.

The following temporary promotions are made in the British Burma Commission for the period during which Mr. Hodgkinson may officiate as Commissioner of the Arakan Division:—

Major G. A. Stroyer, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 1st Grade.

Major H. R. Spearman, Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade.

Mr. C. J. F. S. Forbes, Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Grade.

Mr. A. O. Brown, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, 4th Grade.

Lieutenant C. H. E. Adamson, Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, 1st Grade.

Mr. F. W. Fox, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, 4th Grade, to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Grade.

These arrangements will take effect from the date of Colonel E. J. Spilsbury's retirement.

MEDICAL.

The 16th September 1879.

No. 473.—The services of Deputy Surgeon-General A. J. Payne, M.D., are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

JUDICIAL.

The 19th September 1879.

No. 1058.—It is hereby notified that in exercise of the power vested in him by Section 10, Act VI of 1871, as modified by Act VIII of 1874, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to

cancel so much of the Home Department (Judicial) Notification No. 683, dated the 13th May 1875, as confers the powers of a Subordinate Judge *ex-officio* on the undermentioned sub-divisional officers:—

In the District of Goalpara.—The officer in charge of the Sub-division of Dhubri.

In the District of Darrang.—The officer in charge of the Sub-division of Mangaldai.

In the District of Sibsagar.—The officer in charge of the Sub-division of Jorehat.

In the District of Lakhimpur.—The officer in charge of the Sub-division of North Lakhimpur.

No. 1059.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10, Act VI of 1871, as modified by Act VIII of 1874, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to invest Mr. J. J. S. Driberg, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Mangaldai, with the powers of a Subordinate Judge.

No. 1061.—Mr. C. E. Fox, Barrister-at-law, is appointed to officiate as Government Advocate, British Burma, with effect from the 22nd August last, during the absence of Mr. C. F. Egerton Allen, or until further orders.

PORT BLAIR.

The 17th September 1879.

No. 196.—Surgeon J. Reid, M.D., Second Medical Officer at Port Blair and the Nicobars, is appointed to officiate as Senior Medical Officer, with effect from the 9th February last, the date of death of Surgeon-Major J. Dougall.

No. 197.—Surgeon E. S. Brander, M.B., Third Medical Officer, is appointed to officiate as Second Medical Officer, *vice* Surgeon Reid, promoted.

No. 198.—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Rajendro Chundra Mittra, to be Third Medical Officer at Port Blair and the Nicobars, with effect from the date on which he joins his appointment.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 19th September 1879.

No. 1295 G.-P.—The following Notification which appeared in the *London Gazette* of the 12th August 1879, is republished for general information:—

FOREIGN OFFICE,

July 18th, 1879.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Major Samuel Barrett Miles to be Her Majesty's Consul-General at Bagdad.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Captain Charles Bean Euan Smith, c.s.i., to be Her Majesty's Consul at Muscat, and Patrick James Craigie Robertson, Esquire, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Bussorah.

GENERAL.

The 16th September 1879.

No. A.-141.—Lieutenant N. F. F. Chamberlain, 2nd Squadron Officer and Officiating 3rd Squadron Commander, 2nd Regiment, Central India Horse, is appointed temporarily on special political duty under Major-General Sir F. S. Roberts, K.C.B., v.c., Commanding the Kuram Field Force, with effect from the forenoon of the 8th September 1879.

No. 1783 G.-G.—The following Regimental Order, dated 15th August 1879, issued by the Commandant, Bhopal Battalion, is confirmed:—

Consequent on the departure of Colonel H. Forbes, Commandant, Bhopal Battalion, on leave preparatory to furlough, Captain G. R. Peart, 2nd in Command, will officiate until further orders as Commandant in addition to his other duties, from the date of taking charge.

The 17th September 1879.

No. 1802 G.-G.—Major C. A. Baylay, Officiating Political Agent, 2nd Class, and Political Agent, Haraotee, is appointed to hold charge of the office of Political Agent, Kota, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Major Powlett, proceeding on privilege leave.

The 18th September 1879.

No. A.-237.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. Tweedie, Officiating Political Agent at Gwalior, is attached temporarily, on special political duty, to the Staff of Major-General R. O. Bright, c.b., in command of the British troops moving toward Jalalabad through the Khaibar Pass, with effect from the date of taking charge.

The 19th September 1879.

No. A.-285.—Surgeon-Major H. W. Bellew, c.s.i., Sanitary Commissioner, Punjab, is attached temporarily, on special political duty, to the staff of Major-General Sir F. S. Roberts, K.C.B., v.c., Commanding the Kuram Field Force, with effect from the date of taking charge.

No. 1811 G.-G.—The services of Surgeon-Major W. H. Colvill, Civil Surgeon, Bagdad, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

No. 1814 G.-G.—Mr. A. H. T. Martindale, c.s., Senior Attaché, Foreign Department, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent of the 3rd Class and Assistant Secretary in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 9th September 1879, *vice* Mr. H. M. Durand, on Special Political Duty.

Lieutenant H. L. Ramsay, Junior Attaché in the Foreign Department, to officiate as Senior Attaché, *vice* Mr. Martindale.

No. 1817 G.-G.—The following promotions in the graded list of political officers are made with effect from the dates mentioned:—

Mr. Ney Elias, Officiating British Joint Commissioner at Leh, and Supernumerary Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as Political Agent, 3rd Class, *vice* Captain Maitland, on special duty at Chirkari, 29th July 1879.

Captain A. C. Talbot, Political Assistant, 3rd Class, and Officiating Political Agent, 3rd Class, to be Political Assistant, 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*, *vice* Captain Maitland, but to continue to officiate as Political Agent, 3rd Class, 29th July 1879.

Mr. P. J. C. Robertson, Officiating Political Assistant, 2nd Class, to officiate as Political Assistant, 1st Class, 14th February 1879.

Mr. R. Phayre, c.s., Officiating Political Assistant, 2nd Class, to officiate as Political Assistant, 1st Class, 14th February 1879.

No. 1822 G.-G.—Captain F. A. Wilson, Supernumerary Political Agent, 3rd Class, is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, 2nd Class, and posted as 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Central India, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th September 1879:

No. 2816.—The Governor General in Council has raised by fifty rupees a chest the duty upon opium exported by sea from Bombay.

No. 2895.—Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of issue of Paper Currency on the 31st August 1879, published as required by Section 23 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1871:—

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of notes in circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
				Rs.
Calcutta	6,60,47,575	48,23,471	39,99,378	88,22,849
Madras	1,21,88,730	1,00,06,010	8,60,000	1,08,66,010
Bombay	2,64,58,115	1,62,64,566	18,78,569	1,81,43,135
Allahabad	48,92,545	67,19,825	...	67,19,825
Lahore	68,04,055	64,91,885	...	64,91,885
Calicut	19,38,000	17,54,290	35,000	17,89,290
Coconada	9,01,295	46,43,940	75,000	47,18,940
Nagpore	28,11,315	35,44,565	...	35,44,565
Kurrachee	26,59,850	35,44,215	78,800	36,23,015
Akola	26,74,305	26,89,015	...	26,89,015
TOTAL	12,74,05,785	6,04,81,782	69,26,747	6,74,08,529
Invested in Government securities under Section 17 of the Act				5,99,97,256
GRAND TOTAL				12,74,05,785

No. 2896.—In continuation of Notification No. 3097, dated 15th December 1871, the Governor General in Council hereby authorises the transfer of Notes or Stock of any Loan, the interest on which is Four per cent., into either the Four Per Cent. Loan of 1842-43 or the Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan of 1st May 1865.

On payment of the usual renewal or consolidation fees, transfers may also be made from one of these Loans to the other; but no interest shall be paid in anticipation of the due date upon notes so transferred.

Upon the surrender of Notes and Stock of the three and a half per cent. Loan of 1853, together with an equal amount of Notes or Stock of either portion of the Transfer Loan, 1879, Notes or Stock of either of the said Four per cent. Loans of 1842-43 and 1865 for an amount equal to the

Accordingly, it is hereby notified that, till further orders, the transit through British India of opium, the export of which from Bombay is allowed, and its export by sea from that port, will be subject to the following duty upon each chest weighing net 140½ lbs. avoirdupois weight, namely:—

	Rs.
If weighed at Ajmir	725
If weighed elsewhere	700

As soon as is consistent with existing engagements, an excise at the rate of not less than Rs. 700 a chest must be levied upon the consumption of opium in British India and Berar.

The transit through British India, of opium intended for consumption in any Native State, will be permitted only upon satisfactory evidence that an excise at the rate of not less than Rs. 700 a chest is levied upon such consumption.

The 20th September 1879.

No. 2869.—The services of Mr. R. J. Whitten, Salt Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

No. 2895.—Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of issue of Paper Currency on the 31st August 1879, published as required by Section 23 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1871:—

aggregate amount of the Notes or Stock thus surrendered will be issued in exchange therefor, together with interest in anticipation of the next due instalment.

No. 2863.—The Governor General in Council has determined that the resolution in the Financial Department, No. 3399, dated the 27th September 1877, prohibiting the grant of travelling allowance in the form of mileage for fractions of a mile, applies to travelling allowance for journeys by railway as well as for other journeys, but that under that Resolution mileage should be disallowed only for any fraction in the total of a bill.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 19th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 890.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Charles Adolphus deKantzow,—14th September 1879.

No. 891.—The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps, having completed 20 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain George John Skinner,—16th September 1879.

No. 892.—The undermentioned officers having completed 12 years' service, including 4 years in the Staff Corps, are promoted to the rank of Captain, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant James Alexander Lawrence Montgomery, Bengal Staff Corps,—14th September 1879.

Lieutenant Arthur Parry Thornton, Bengal Staff Corps,—14th September 1879.

No. 893.—PERSONAL STAFF—

The Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Major A. C. W. Crookshank, Bengal Staff Corps, Officiating Commandant, 32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Native Infantry (Pioneers), to officiate as Military Secretary, during the absence of Colonel T. D. Baker, C.B., on field service, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge.

No. 894.—The Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Lieutenant C. W. Muir, Bengal Staff Corps, Adjutant, Governor General's Body Guard, Officiating Aide-de-Camp, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from 1st August 1879, *vice* Captain W. Loch, appointed Principal of the Mayo College, Ajmere.

Lieutenant D'A. W. Thuillier, Bengal Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 17th Bengal Cavalry, Officiating Adjutant, Governor General's Body Guard, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 1st August 1879, *vice* Lieutenant C. W. Muir, seconded.

No. 895.—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Major J. Goldie, 6th Dragoon Guards, Assistant Adjutant General, to officiate as 1st Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. S. Scott, Bengal Staff Corps, to officiate as Assistant Adjutant General.

No. 896.—In G. G. O. No. 462 of 1879, after "Captain G. R. J. Shakespear, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, to officiate as Assistant Adjutant General," add the words *in addition to his other duties*.

No. 897.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT—

Lieutenant-Colonel C. S. Lane Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to be Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class. Colonel J. B. Cox, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Major C. O'Donel, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

Lieutenant G. L. Eliot, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Lieutenant E. Palmer, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 3rd Class, and Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

With effect from 25th August 1879, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. Graham, Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, retired.

No. 898.—

RANK AND NAME,	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to whom.
PERMANENT.			
Sergeant and Officiating Sub-Conductor John Blake.	Sub-Conductor.	8th March 1879.	<i>Vice</i> Sub-Conductor T. Radford, pensioned.
Sergeant and Officiating Sub-Conductor Christopher Charters.	Ditto ...	11th June 1879.	<i>Vice</i> Sub-Conductor J. Hannon, deceased.
TEMPORARY.			
Sergeant John Blake ...	Officiating Sub-Conductor.	31st January 1879.	On return from furlough.
Sergeant John Robinson, <i>alias</i> John Winn.	Ditto ...	17th March 1879.	Sub-Conductor G. M. Grant, proceeded on furlough.
Sub-Conductor Alfred Broom Cross.	Officiating Conductor.		
Sergeant Joseph Henry Brown.	Officiating Sub-Conductor.	25th March 1879.	Conductor W. Powell, proceeded on furlough.
Sergeant Henry George Martin.	Officiating Sub-Conductor.	11th June 1879.	Officiating Sub-Conductor Charters, confirmed in that grade.

No. 899.—ORDNANCE MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT—

Lieutenant W. A. Urquhart, R.A., to officiate as an Assistant Superintendent of Factories, during the absence of Lieutenant H. P. Willoughby, R.A., on furlough.

No. 900.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

(Queen's Own) Corps of Guides.

Lieutenant H. W. Hughes, Wing Officer, to be Squadron Officer, *vice* Lieutenant W. R. P. Hamilton, deceased.

Lieutenant R. B. Adams, 1st Battalion, 12th Foot, Officiating Squadron Officer, on probation, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Hughes.

No. 901.—SPECIAL—

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, as a special and temporary arrangement:—

To be Chief of the Staff of the Army in India.
Major-General Sir P. S. Lumsden, K.C.B., C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps (Aide-de-Camp to the Queen), Adjutant General in India.

No. 902—LONDON GAZETTE—

The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 18th July, 1879, page 4531.

India Office, 17th July, 1879.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following list of admissions to Her Majesty's Indian Staff Corps, made by the Government in India:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant George Pycroft, 1st Battalion, 25th Foot, dated 12th November 1873.

Lieutenant Alexander Gore Breffney Ternan, 51st Foot, dated 13th June 1874.

Lieutenant John Patrick Walter Spankie, 2nd Battalion, 22nd Foot, dated 9th August 1874.

No. 903.—NATIVE ARMY—

38th (The Agra) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Subadar Doorjun Sing, to be Subadar Major, *vice* Charles Martin, deceased, 14th February, 1879.

44th (Sylhet) Regiment of Native Infantry.

Subadar Nurbeer Sai, to be Subadar Major, *vice* Khurru Sing Rana, "Sirdar Bahadar," invalided; Jemadar Kalloo Thapa, to be Subadar, *vice* Khurru Sing Rana, "Sirdar Bahadur," invalided; Jemadar Heema Chund, to be Subadar, *vice* Dhurm Sing, invalided; Color Havildar Buddree Sing Alley, to be Jemadar, *vice* Kalloo Thapa, promoted; Color Havildar Pran Sai, to be Jemadar, *vice* Heema Chund, promoted,—7th August 1879.

No. 904.—Jemadar Bhola Singh, appointed on probation to the 11th (Prince of Wales' Own) Bengal Lancers, in G. G. O. No. 598 of 1877, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 16th July 1877.

EQUIPMENT.

No. 905.—The following Clause of Army Circulars, dated 1st April 1879, is made applicable to India, as regards British Cavalry Regiments, and published for general information:—

CLAUSE 74.—EQUIPMENT REGULATIONS.

I.—REGULAR FORCES.

Appointments for Cavalry Pioneers.

1. The appointments for Pioneers in regiments of Cavalry will comprise the following articles, which will be issued in the proportion of one set for each squadron, and will be distributed and carried as indicated in the following table:—

Articles.	N. C. O.	By whom carried.				Total of each set.
		1	2	3	4	
TOOLS.						
Augers, screw, bull-nosed, 2-inch	...	1	...	...	...	1
Axes, hand, 2 lbs., handled	...	...	...	1	...	1
Files, saw, 3-square, hand, 5-inch	...	...	...	...	...	1
Handles, auger	...	1	...	...	1	1
file, small	...	...	...	...	1	1
Picks, light, handled	...	...	...	...	1	1
Pincers, end cutting, or nippers	...	1	...	...	...	1
Rules, 2-feet, four-fold, collarmakers	...	...	...	...	1	1
Saws, hand, framing, 18-inch	...	...	...	...	1	1
Sets, handsaw	...	...	...	...	1	1
Shovels, light, handled	...	...	...	...	1	1
Spanners, McMahon, 9-inch	...	...	1	1	...	1
CASES.						
Leather, brown	for hand axe, with pocket for 18 nails	...	...	1	...	1
	holsters { near, for auger and detonators	1	...	...	1	1
	{ off, for gunpowder and auger handled	1	...	...	...	1
	with { for pick	1	...	...	...	1
	straps { for shovel	1	...	...	...	1
	for saw and file; with two pockets, one for saw	...	...	1	...	1
	set and rule, and one for pincers with straps	...	1	...	...	1
	for shovel	...	...	...	...	1
	Bag, indiarubber, for gunpowder	1	...	...	1	1
	Boxes, metal, for vesuvian matches (carried in the pouch)	1	...	...	...	1
MATERIAL.						
Detonators, No. 8, each with two feet of Bickford's fuze attached	8	...	...	...	...	8
Discs, gunpowder	22	...	...	...	...	22
Lashings, white rope, 1-in., 15-feet	1	1	1	1	2	5
Nails, iron, wrought, 4-in., No. 47	...	...	...	18	...	18
Wire, iron, soft, No. 22 W. G. yards	20	...	...	...	...	20

2. Detonators with cylinders and service guncotton discs will not be issued in time of peace.
3. The two privates of the 1st, 3rd, 5th and 7th troops will carry the tools arranged for Nos. 1 and 3 Pioneers, and the two privates of the 2nd, 4th, 6th and 8th troops those for Nos. 2 and 4 Pioneers. Each squadron will then be properly equipped.
4. Issues of appointments for Pioneers will not be made to the Household Cavalry.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 906.—The following extract from List No. 34, dated 2nd August 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Surgeon P. A. Weir.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. Trevor, v.c., R.E.

Captain L. J. H. Grey, Staff Corps.

Major W. J. W. Muir, Staff Corps.

Lieutenant H. P. Willoughby, R.A.

Surgeon A. B. Seaman.

Granted extension of leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. C. Daunt, v.c., Staff Corps,—three months, private affairs.

Lieutenant E. J. G. Lewis, Staff Corps,—one month, private affairs.

Captain R. Bartholomew, General List, Cavalry,—three months, private affairs.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. Trevor, v.c., R.E.,—one week, private affairs.

No. 907.—Staff Veterinary Surgeon G. Kettlewell, Army Remount Department, in veterinary charge of Reserve Remount Dépôts, Saharanpore, is granted leave in India for one month on private affairs, under Rule XXV of the Regulations of 1868, with effect from the 14th August 1879.

No. 908.—The undermentioned Warrant officer is granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Sub-Conductor W. Hill, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch, Public Works Department,—(m. c.) for one year, under the Regulations of 1868, with effect from the 2nd April 1879, the date of his embarkation from Bombay per *Malabar*.

No. 909.—ARRIVALS—

Surgeon B. O'Brien, M.D.,—Fort William, 28th August 1879.

No. 910.—DEPARTURES—

Lieutenant-General Sir S. J. Browne K.C.B., K.C.S.I., v.c., Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 818 of 1879,—*Venetia*, 12th September 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Martin, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 642 of 1879, 1st August 1879, from Madras.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No. 911.—The following Notification by the Financial Department, republished for general information, is applicable to the three presidencies:—

No. 1497, dated 28th March 1879.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Financial Department.

Officers in the various departments of the public service, travelling on duty by railway, are generally allowed 1st, 2nd, intermediate, or 3rd class railway fare, single or double, or mileage, according to the traveller's position in the public service.

When an officer travels in an inferior class to that in which he is entitled to accommodation, it is not open to him to draw mileage or railway fare in his proper class, unless his actual expenses for himself, family, servants and luggage, for the railway journey amounted to not less than the amount of regulated mileage or fare for his class.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is, accordingly, pleased to direct that every officer drawing railway mileage or fare shall attach to his bills one or other of the following two certificates at his option, *viz.*, either—

1. “I certify that I travelled on this journey by the first class (or, as the case may be, first or second class);”

or

2. “I certify that I paid not less than the amount here charged in railway fares for myself, my family, my servants and my personal luggage.”

REWARDS.

No. 912.—ORDER OF MERIT—

In G. G. O. No. 533 of 1879, for “*Sowar Yakub Singh*,” read *Sowar Yakut Singh*.

No. 913.—The services of Captain E. W. H. Crofton, 2nd Battalion, 60th Rifles, Adjutant of the Agra and Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for field service.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 914.—The services of Lieutenant G. K. Scott-Moncrieff, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 13th September 1879.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 9th to 13th September 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>British Military Service.</i>							
A. R. Ancrum (a) ...	Lieutenant	Royal Engineers.	7th July 1879.	Intestate	Rs. A. P. 1,598 13 10	...	13th November 1879.
J. J. Preston (b) ...	Captain ...	4th Battalion, Rifle Brigade.	1st May 1879.	"	4,286 1 11	...	Ditto.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
J. Dougall ...	Surgeon-Major.	Madras Medical Department.	9th February 1879.	Testate ...	18 2 9	...	...

(a)—*Next-of-kin*—Father, W. R. Ancrum, St. Leonard's Court, Gloucester.(b)—*Next-of-kin*—Father, the Hon'ble Thomas Preston, 6, Queensbury Place, South Kensington, London.H. A. SAWYER, Captain,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 19th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 63.—Mr. Daniel Patrick Driscoll, to be a 3rd Class Engineer, Her Majesty's Indian Marine, on probation, and is posted to the I.G. Hulk *Koel*.

No. 64.—Mr. Frank Thornbury, to be a 3rd Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, on probation, and is posted to the I.G. Hulk *Semiramis*.

2. Mr. George Hamilton Pigott, to be a 4th Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, on probation, and is posted to the I.G. Hulk *Semiramis*.

3. Mr. Henry Brereton Hooper, to be a 4th Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, on probation, and is posted to the I.G. Hulk *Koel*.

No. 65.—Mr. H. J. Black, 4th Grade Officer, and acting 3rd Officer, I.G.S. *Dalhousie*, is confirmed in his appointment of 3rd Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, with effect from date of appointment, subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Government.

Mr. F. Stileman, 4th Grade Officer, attached to the I.G.S. *Dagmar*, to be 3rd Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, with effect from the 12th September 1879, subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Government.

Mr. W. H. Crozier, 4th Grade Officer, I.G.S. *Tenasserim*, to be 3rd Grade Officer in Her Majesty's Indian Marine, with effect from the 13th September 1879, subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Government.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 13th September 1879.

No. 355.—The service of Lieutenant G. K. Scott-Moncrieff, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Punjab Irrigation, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department for field service.

No. 356.—Mr. G. M. Drury is confirmed in his appointment in Class III of the State Railway Revenue Establishment, Bengal, with effect from 1st January 1879.

No. 357.—The following appointments and promotions are made in the Traffic Branch of the Revenue Establishment of State Railways in Bengal, with effect from the dates specified, and subject to the approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State:—

Mr. W. M. Johnstone, promoted from Class IV to Class III with effect from 1st January 1879.

Mr. G. S. Leonard, appointed to Class IV with effect from 1st November 1878.

Mr. A. W. U. Pope, appointed to Class IV with effect from 1st July 1879.

Mr. W. C. Boyce, appointed to Class IV.

The 15th September 1879.

No. 358.—The services of Colonel J. J. Dansey, s.c., Barrack Master, 2nd Class, Military Works Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 359.—Lieutenant C. R. Hoskyn, R.E., Deputy Examiner of Accounts, Indus Valley State Railway, is appointed to the charge of the Accounts of the Sukkur-Dadur Railway.

The 16th September 1879.

No. 360.—Mr. J. H. Wilson, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Central Provinces, is temporarily transferred to the Military Works Branch.

The 17th September 1879.

No. 361.—Captain W. A. J. Wallace, R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade (temporary rank), now officiating as Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, is appointed Engineer-in-Chief and Manager of the Northern Bengal Railway.

No. 362.—Mr. T. Moss, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, British Burma, is appointed Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal, *vice* Mr. Boyce, retired.

Mr. W. A. Billings, Examiner, 2nd Class, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, is appointed to officiate as Examiner, Public Works Accounts, British Burma, until further orders.

No. 363.—Erratum.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 353 of 12th September 1879, permitting Mr. E. A. Parsick, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, to resign his appointment from "3rd September 1879," read from "afternoon of 4th September 1879."

The 18th September 1879.

No. 364.—Mr. P. de Laval Lennox, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, retired from the service on 15th December 1876.

No. 365.—The services of Lieutenant E. W. Creswell, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Irrigation Branch, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

No. 366.—With reference to the Bombay Government Notification No. 80 of 8th September 1879, Mr. G. S. Morley, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is permanently transferred from Bombay to the Punjab General Branch.

The 19th September 1879.

No. 367.—The undermentioned officers are transferred from Bengal Railway Branch to the Jacobabad, Dadur and Quetta Railway Survey:—

Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Lindsay, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade, as Engineer-in-Chief.

Mr. M. J. Chabrel, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. R. S. J. Routh, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. W. C. Hutchinson, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lindsay will act under the orders of the Government of Bombay.

No. 368.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department for field service:—

Captain J. Dundas, v.c., R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, temporarily attached to the Public Works Department Secretariat, Government of India.

Lieutenant E. S. E. Childers, R.E., Temporary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch.

Lieutenant A. H. Kenney, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade (temporary rank), Central Provinces.

No. 369.—The services of Colonel J. J. Hume, s.c., Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties by Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Tucker, R.E.

No. 370.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignations of the undermentioned officers under the terms of Resolution of the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079, dated 31st July 1879, with effect from the dates on which they may be relieved of their duties, which will be notified in the Local Gazettes:—

Bengal Provincial.

Isaac, T. S., Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Watson, A. F., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Vivian, G. W., Ditto, 3rd Grade.

Handley, H. J., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

Denonath Sen, Do, do.

Radhica Narian Ghose, Do, do., temporary rank.

Bengal Irrigation.

Fahie, W. J., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Provincial.

Lawder, A. W., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, temporary rank.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Irrigation.

Anderson, C. C., Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade.

Philpott, O., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.

McKinney, H. G., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

Punjab Provincial.

Anderson, J. P. C., Superintending Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Blair, C., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Leupolt, C. B., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Narain Doss, Ditto, 4th do.

Issen Chunder Sircar, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.

Tresham, J. J., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Tulloh, R. H., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mohendronath Bose, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Punjab Irrigation.

Nielly, A., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

State Railways.

Cochrane, J. H., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Graham, H. C., Ditto, 1st do., temporary rank.

Doyle, J. P., Ditto, 2nd do.

Avern, F. M., Ditto, 2nd do.

Hunt, W., Ditto, 2nd do., temporary rank.

Hosking, W. C., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.
 Winder, R., Ditto, 4th do.
 Corbett, J. H., Ditto, 4th do.
 Raminessar Nath, Ditto, 4th do.
 O'Rafferty, C. P., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.
 Bruff, P. J., Locomotive Superintendent, Rangoon and Irrawaddy Valley State Railway.

Central Provinces.

Crawford, H., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank.

British Burma.

Dunn, W. H., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Central India.

Umbica Churn Chowdhry, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

Hyderabad.

Pope, J. F., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Dobbs, R. S., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

No. 371.—Captain W. J. Engledue, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, temporary rank, is appointed to officiate as Manager of the Dhond and Manmad and the Berar Railways until further orders.

No. 372.—Lieutenant F. T. Maxwell, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as Manager of His Highness the Nizam's Railway in Class II. of the Railway Revenue Establishment until further orders.

No. 373.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 471 of 6th November 1878, Captain G. F. L. Marshall, R.E., Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is confirmed in that appointment.

ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

N^o. 39.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II. —Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Dept., Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Supdt. of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.	PART V. —Bills introduced into the Council of the Governor General for making Laws and Regulations, or published under Rule 22:— Preliminary Report of Select Committee and Religious Societies Bill, 1879.
PART III. —Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.	SUPPLEMENT No. 39.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th September, 1879.

No. 21.—Bábu Dwárka Nath Banerjee, Pleader, High Court, Allahabad, and Junior Government Pleader, received charge of the office of Officiating Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Allahabad, from Mr. G. T. Spankie, in the afternoon of the 2nd instant.

D. FITZPATRICK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—REVENUE.

Simla, the 25th September 1879.

No. 471.—The following Notification by the Chief Commissioner of Assam, dated the 14th ultimo, is hereby published for general information:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of Act XIV of 1874 (the Scheduled Districts Act), the Chief Commissioner is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to extend Act IV of 1876 (an Act to

authorize Revenue Agents to practise in certain Munsiffs' Courts) to the District of Sylhet.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 26th September 1879.

No. 309.—Leave of absence for three months, on medical certificate, is granted to the Reverend A. N. W. Spens, Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, with effect from the 29th August 1879.

FORESTS.

The 22nd September 1879.

No. 766F.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Forest Department:—

Mr. R. S. Dodsworth, Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and at present on leave, is promoted to the 3rd Grade of Deputy Conservators, with effect from the 29th May 1879.

Mr. E. P. Dansey, officiating as an Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from the 29th May 1879.

Mr. C. E. Fendall, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, and officiating as an Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 3rd Grade in the Punjab, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from the 29th May 1879.

Mr. A. Stewart, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, and officiating as an Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 3rd Grade in Berar, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from the 15th June 1879.

Mr. A. Campbell, officiating as a Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 29th May 1879.

Mr. D. P. Copeland, officiating as a Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests in Assam, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 15th June 1879.

Mr. W. H. Reynolds, Assistant Conservator of Forests of the 1st Grade, and Deputy Superintendent of Forest Surveys, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 3rd Grade, with effect from the 29th May 1879.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 19th September 1879.

No. 1298G.-P.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. P. Doutré as Consular Agent for France at Coconada.

The 26th September 1879.

No. 1305G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1144G.-P., dated 28th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. Charles Albertone as Acting Consul for Belgium at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. Hernandez, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

No. 1308G.-P.—With reference to Notification No. 1147G.-P., dated 28th May 1879, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. Charles Albertone as Acting Vice-Consul for France at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. Hernandez, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

GENERAL.

The 26th September 1879.

No. A.434.—The undermentioned officers are attached temporarily, on special political duty, to the staff of Major-General R. O. Bright, C.B., in chief command of the British troops in the Khaibar, with effect from the date of taking charge:—

Captain L. H. E. Tucker, District Superintendent of Police, Peshawur.

Captain F. C. Burton, 1st Bengal Cavalry.

No. 1855G.-G.—The services of Surgeon J. E. C. Ferris, in medical charge of the Mandalay Residency, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date of this Notification.

No. 1861G.-G.—The services of Mr. H. C. Fanshawe, on special duty in Kashmir, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties.

No. 1864G.-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 2867G., dated 23rd October 1878, Captain W. Loch is confirmed in the appointment of Principal of the Mayo College at Ajmere, with effect from the 1st August 1879.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th September 1879.

No. 2835.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

Read again—

Financial Resolution No. 954, dated 21st February 1879, by which it was decided that a Statement of the unclaimed balances outstanding in the Books of the late Government Agency should be once more published for general information, and that the balances remaining unclaimed within six months from date of notice should be credited to Government.

RESOLUTION.—The six months within which claims for the outstanding balances were to be preferred have elapsed; but it seems that exhaustive enquiries have not yet been made as to possible Military claimants. The Governor General in Council accordingly directs that claims shall be received for a further period of six months.

ORDERED, that this Resolution be communicated to the Military Department* and to the Comptroller General.

Ordered also, that the following Notification be published in the *Gazette of India* :—

Notification.

No. 955.

The following Statement of Accounts outstanding in the Books of the late Government Agency, showing the names of the parties by whom the several accounts were opened, and the deposits in Government securities and cash remaining at credit of each, is published for general information.

Parties having claims to the balance of any of the said accounts, should apply, within six months from this date, at the office of the Comptroller General, and produce proof in support of their claims.

The balance of each account to which no claim is preferred within six months, will be carried to the credit of Government.

Balance of Government Promissory Notes and Cash deposited with the Government Agency, and remaining unclaimed on the 28th September 1878.

DEPOSITS AT CREDIT OF THE ACCOUNT.			
TITLE OF ACCOUNT.		DEPOSITS AT CREDIT OF THE ACCOUNT.	
Number of account.	Date on which opened.	Under whose Instructions opened,	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Government securities to nominal value of	Cash.
13	1837	Adams, Major-General Sir J. W. (Major B. Becher and Captain G. D. Stoddart, Executors to the estate of General Sir J. W. Adams for the pension of Torah Ally Khan) ...	5,000 0 0
717	1852	Agular, Reverend J. B. D. ...	500 0 0
424	1837	Ahmed Khan ...	1,000 0 0
422	1834	Anstruther, Captain A. J. ...	1,000 0 0
3026	1856	Beaumont, Henry, Color-Sergeant, 32nd Foot, No. 1899 ...	75 0 0
3027	...	Blateford, Margaret (Minor), by the Commanding Officer, 2nd in Command and Adjutant of the 32nd Foot ...	112 8 0
808	1851	Bohland, Captain W. H. ...	500 0 0
570	1844	Boyd, Captain F. T. ...	500 0 0
491	1839	Bredy, Sergeant J. ...	2,600 0 0
2434	1849	Butler, Farrier-Sergeant, 5th Troop, 1st Battalion, Horse Artillery ...	500 0 0
295	1853	Campbell, Esq., J. M. ...	600 0 0
427	1847	Coles, Mr. W. ...	500 0 0
1407	1846	Coles, W., Sub-Commandor, Executor of George Orton for S. Orton ...	9,000 0 0
177	1846	Conventry, Lieut.-Colonel C. ...	500 0 0
3024	1856	Crooks, William, Sergeant-Major, 32nd Foot, Regimental No. 1689 ...	500 0 0
2431	1849	Crossby, Robert ...	500 0 0
2430	1849	Crossby, Samuel ...	500 0 0
1837	1837	Cuddalore, Mr. J. ...	500 0 0
2436	1849	Cullinan, J., Private, Her Majesty's 9th Lancers ...	500 0 0
820	1849	Deen Mahomed, Soobadar-Major ...	500 0 0
828	1853	Dittmer, F. ...	500 0 0
819	1849	Douglas, H., and Ellis, H. L. ...	500 0 0
834	1842	Evans, Mr. E. ...	500 0 0
758	1843	Elphinstone, Colonel James Drummond Buller ...	500 0 0
1409	1836	Fagan, Lieutenant G. H., on account of the officer cantoned at Barrackpore ...	500 0 0
440	1843	Fagan, Lieutenant G. H. ...	500 0 0
446	1853	Fordyce, F. ...	500 0 0
2458	1850	Glynn, Patrick, Private, 94th Foot ...	500 0 0
1268	1842	Glynn, James, Staff Sergeant ...	500 0 0
873	1849	Gresham, George, Sergeant ...	500 0 0
1397	1833	Harrington, T. L. (Cornet) ...	500 0 0
2620	1854	Haydon, Richard, Sergeant, H. M.'s 8th Regiment, No. 1374 ...	1,200 0 0
1088	1833	Holmes, Reverend F. ...	500 0 0
1405	1848	Holmes, Mrs. C. ...	500 0 0
1038	1851	Hough, George ...	500 0 0
1396	1851	Hudson, Miss G. A. ...	500 0 0
1371	1843	Irvine, John, Sarah, Samuel, Ellen, and Elizabeth ...	500 0 0
1367	1851	King, Mrs. Mary ...	500 0 0
1380	1852	Kingston, Major George ...	500 0 0
1379	1839	Leighton, H. R., Secretary, Tontine of India, for and on account of Maria Eskeina Gordon ...	500 0 0

2174	1839	Leighton, Esq., H. J., Secretary, Tentine of India, for and on account of Sarah Elizabeth Seymour	Ditto	Captain R. Lowe, through Messrs. Mackintosh and Co.
1566	1831	Lowe, Major R.	ditto	3,500 0 0
1734	1839	Macgregor, Esq., Alexander	ditto	238 9 1
1796	1839	Mackay, Lieutenant-Colonel D., by J. H. Leighton, Secretary, Tentine of India	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	69 13 1
1802	1827	Mackenzie, Captain J.	ditto	189 8 1
1824	1843	Mahon, Patrick	ditto	2,548 2 8
1793	1831	Majoribanks, Charles, Esq.	ditto	3,200 0 0
1807	1830	Meik, M.D., James and Durant, Colonel James	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	600 0 0
2551	1839	Michael, Mr. R.	ditto	6,600 0 0
1829	1849	Murphy, W. M., Esq.	ditto	596 14 4
1618	1838	Nawab Moonooreed Dowlah Ahmed Ally Khan, Bahadur	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	25,000 0 0
1568	1839	Newton, Lieutenant H. A., by H. J. Leighton, Secretary, Tentine of India	ditto	997 8 0
1838	1844	Nicolson, Miss Charlotte, and Bebee Munoojaun	ditto	500 0 0
1519	1836	North, Mrs. Mary	ditto	69 13 2
837	1848	Okeiller, Captain D.	ditto	500 0 0
1392	1842	Orr, J., Private, Staff Sergeant	ditto	500 0 0
2429	1849	Orr, John, Private, 2nd Battalion, European Regiment	ditto	9 15 7
3029	1856	Pender, Peter, Farrier-Sergeant, 1st Battalion, Artillery, Regimental No. 341	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	768 4 10
1457	1844	Pinto, J. J., Esq.	ditto	359 0 11
1461	1848	Purcell, Mrs. M.	ditto	189 8 1
457	1852	Ridgway, J. D.	ditto	361 0 6
451	1845	Rowan, Mr. H. F.	ditto	627 10 9
410	1847	Russel, Sir Henry, Bart.	ditto	130 15 10
2164	1854	Scott, Mr. R., of Surveyor General's Office, Allahabad	ditto	64 15 1
2634	1855	Sharp, Richard, Sergeant, Her Majesty's 8th Regiment, No. 1804	ditto	18 12 0
1875	1856	Sherman, C. H.	ditto	85 3 2
1846	1846	Sib Chunder Chatterjee	ditto	500 0 0
2172	1852	Simpson, Mrs. L.	ditto	500 0 0
2154	1852	Sinclair, W.	ditto	3,200 0 0
2166	1838	Sreenatty Dossee, mother of Lunatic Cally Prosono Ghose	ditto	5,200 0 0
267	1821	Sreenath Mullick	ditto	500 0 0
2153	1851	Squire, John, Color-Sergeant, Her Majesty's 61st Regiment, No. 2853	Collector of Nuddea	500 0 0
3031	1856	Stewart, Robert, Sergeant, 2nd Company, 1st Battalion, Artillery	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	700 0 0
2442	1850	Thornton, Mr. H. F.	ditto	1 13 10
2180	1848	Tollock, Major J., 43rd Regiment, in trust for the late Mrs. Blackenhaze and children	ditto	28 2 0
490	1830	Toole, Mr. Lawrence	ditto	10 0 0
2181	1845	Turnbull, Alexander, Lieutenant, 8th Regiment	ditto	9 15 7
2112	1852	Kooke Levy	ditto	11 15 6
773	1833	Ure, Robert, Gray, R., Lowe, R. and Ker, J., Messrs., trustees for the marriage settlement of Mr. and Mrs. Eglington	Secretary, Government Savings Bank	399 1 1
2483	1854	Vincent, Mrs. Phoebe Letitia Cecilia	ditto	1,600 0 0
1208	1835	Walker, Lieutenant Thomas	ditto	600 0 0
2740	1854	Walmsley, Esq., J.	ditto	109 10 10
1440	1848	Walsh, Mr. W.	ditto	900 0 0
2438	1849	Walsh, W., Sergeant-Major, Sylhet Light Infantry	ditto	2,000 0 0
1496	1845	Williamson, W., Ensign	ditto	21,500 0 0
			ditto	500 0 0
			ditto	65 0 0
			ditto	500 0 0
			ditto	500 0 0
			ditto	9 15 7
			TOTAL	1,32,700 0 0
				15,667 1 2

Imperial Library.

R. R.

Application for book to be consulted in the Reading Room.

Author.	Title.	No. in Catalogue or other particulars.

Date _____ *Signature* _____

Address _____

I. L. 9,
MARP—S7—III-3-137—6-1-32—50,000.

The 27th September 1879.

No. 3033.—I.—Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver during the calendar year 1879.

	GOLD.			SILVER.			TOTAL.		
	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In the month of August	... 7,50,672	31,463	7,19,209	50,21,452	10,72,590	39,48,862	57,72,124	11,04,053	46,68,071
First eight months	... 98,27,790	1,19,76,061	21,48,271	6,28,15,754	1,64,37,754	4,63,78,000	7,26,43,544	2,84,13,815	4,42,29,720

II.—Silver received and coined in the Mints during the calendar year 1879.

	COINS AND BULLION RECEIVED (ASSAY VALUE).			COINED AND EXAMINED.		
	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In the month of August	12,609	38,31,399	38,44,098
First eight months	1,25,43,026	5,32,49,583	6,57,92,600
				1,31,25,711	5,37,93,160	6,69,18,871

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 26th September 1879.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 915.—With reference to paragraph 5 of despatch from the Secretary of State, published in G. G. O. No. 304 of 1869, the undermentioned officer comes on the establishment of paid Aides-de-Camp to Her Majesty, with effect from the date specified:—

Colonel Sir C. H. Brownlow, K.C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, from the 11th June 1879, vice Colonel J. Field, C.B., promoted to Major-General.

No. 916.—STAFF CORPS—

The undermentioned officer, having completed twenty years' service, including six years in the Staff Corps, is promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of the 16th January 1861, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Reginald Justus Wimberley,—20th September 1879.

No. 917.—INDIAN ARMY—

The undermentioned officers, having completed twenty years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain Frank William Chatterton, General List, Infantry,—20th September 1879.

Captain Duncan John Stewart, General List, Infantry,—20th September 1879.

Captain John Richard McKenzie Homfray, General List, Infantry,—20th September 1879.

No. 918.—BREVET—

The undermentioned officer of the Staff Corps, having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, is promoted to the rank of Colonel by Brevet, from the date specified, under the operation of the Royal Warrant, dated 16th January 1861, Clause 2, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Harry Hammon Lyster, v.c., Bengal Staff Corps,—20th September 1879.

No. 919.—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT—

Captain H. M. Carter, 62nd Regiment, to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, vice Captain F. W. Robinson, 85th Foot, resigned, and in succession to Captain J. M. Mure, 34th Foot, deceased.

No. 920.—BRIGADE—

Colonel the Hon'ble D. M. Fraser, C.B., Royal Horse Artillery, to officiate as Inspector General of Artillery for India, during the absence of Brigadier-General C. J. Arbuthnot, C.B., R.A., on field service.

No. 921.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT—

Colonel H. A. Taylor, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to be Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

Captain W. G. Smith, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class (now on furlough), to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Captain E. M. L. Marriott, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class (now on furlough), to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

Major H. J. Barton, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Lieutenant G. Wingate, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 3rd Class (now on furlough), to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

No. 922—

Major J. Barnard Smith, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to officiate as Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Major C. O'Donel, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to officiate as Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

Captain C. E. Hallett, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Captain H. V. Hunt, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class.

No. 923.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Surgeon-Major F. W. Moore, Army Medical Department, to officiate, with temporary rank, as Deputy Surgeon-General, British Medical Service, Peshawur Circle, with effect from the date on which he assumed the duties, *vice* Deputy Surgeon-General H. B. Hassard, proceeded on field service.

No. 924.—MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT—

Captain C. Egan, Officiating Military Accountant, 3rd Class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd Class, 2nd Grade.

Captain J. S. F. Mackenzie, Assistant Military Accountant, on probation, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd Class.

With effect from 14th September 1879, *vice* Colonel A. Mackenzie, Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, retired, *vide* G. G.O. No. 883, dated 12th September 1879.

No. 925.—PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE—

(*Queen's Own*) *Corps of Guides*.

Captain R. C. Hutchinson, Squadron Commander, to officiate as Commandant of Cavalry, *vice* Major G. Stewart, on furlough.

Captain A. G. Hammond, Wing Commander, to officiate as Squadron Commander, *vice* Captain R. C. Hutchinson.

Captain F. D. Battye, Wing Officer and Adjutant, to officiate as Wing Commander, *vice* Captain A. G. Hammond.

Lieutenant H. W. Hughes, Squadron Officer to officiate as Adjutant, *vice* Captain F. D. Battye.

No. 926.—NATIVE ARMY—

(*Queen's Own*) *Corps of Guides*.

Jemadar Ahmad Gul, to be Subadar, *vice* Ghasita, invalided, —7th September 1879.

Kote Havildar Samundar, to be Jemadar, *vice* Ahmad Gul, promoted, —7th September 1879.

FURLough AND LEAVE.

No. 927.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Captain H. F. Woodcock, General List, Infantry, Assistant Military Accountant, —(m. c.) for 2 years—1 year 5 days under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period under Rule XIV, clause (2), of the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon A. Hemsted, —(m. c.) for 1 year, under the ruling on Rule VI of the Regulations of 1875, with effect from the date of embarkation.

No. 928.—The undermentioned officer is granted special leave for 15 months, under the Resolution in the Public Works Department, No. 1605-27 E.G., dated the 3rd September 1879 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) E. Davidson, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade, Public Works Department, and Officiating Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lucknow.

No. 929.—The undermentioned officer is granted special leave for two years, under the Resolution in the Public Works Department, No. 1605-27 E.G., dated 3rd September 1879 :—

Colonel F. W. Peile, Royal Engineers, Chief Engineer, 1st Class, Public Works Department, and Director of State Railways, Western System.

No. 930.—

Sub-Conductor R. J. Dennett, Commissariat Department, is allowed furlough in India, —(m. c.) for 2 years, under Rule VI of the Regulations of 1875 (G. G. O. No. 1110 of 1876), with effect from the date he quits his station.

No. 931.—The following extract from List No. 35, dated 29th August 1879, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Permitted to return to duty.

Captain F. A. Wilson, Staff Corps.

Captain Thomas Howard, R.E.

Lieutenant E. J. G. Lewis, Staff Corps.

Granted extension of leave.

Captain C. C. Barlow, R.E.,—six months, private affairs.

Sub-Conductor D. Fraser, Commissariat Department,—six months, medical certificate.

Major G. S. Hills, R.E.,—three months, medical certificate.

Captain F. A. Wilson, Staff Corps,—two weeks, private affairs.

Captain C. E. Shepherd, Staff Corps,—six months, medical certificate.

Retirements.

Deputy Surgeon-General R. Cockburn,—20th August 1879.

No. 932.—ARRIVALS

Captain T. J. Bailey, Bengal Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 1st Regiment of Native Infantry,—Fort William, 13th September 1879.

No. 933.—DEPARTURES

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) A. Pond, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Pekin*, 4th September 1879, from Calcutta.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) H. Forbes, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 758 of 1879,—*Australia*, 22nd August 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant-Colonel M. G. Smith, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 724 of 1879,—*Surat*, 15th August 1879, from Bombay.

Major A. Vivian, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Surat*, 15th August 1879, from Bombay.

Major T. F. Bruce, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 787 of 1879,—*Nepaul*, 8th August 1879, from Bombay.

Major C. C. Scott-Moncrieff, Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 724 of 1879,—*Australia*, 22nd August 1879, from Bombay.

Captain A. T. Davis, General List, Infantry, G. G. O. No. 674 of 1879,—*Dorunda*, 31st August 1879, from Calcutta.

Captain R. Bazett, Royal Artillery, G. G. O. No. 546 of 1879,—*Manilla*, 1st August 1879, from Bombay.

Captain J. A. McNeale, General List, Infantry, G. G. O. No. 599 of 1879,—*Manilla*, 1st August 1879, from Bombay.

Captain R. H. F. Rennick, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 820 of 1879,—*Australia*, 22nd August 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant L. S. Peyton, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 787 of 1879,—*Nepaul*, 8th August 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant G. E. Money, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 787 of 1879,—*Geelong*, 1st August 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant A. R. Porter, Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 644 of 1879,—*Australia*, 22nd August 1879, from Bombay.

Lieutenant M. Martin, Royal Engineers, G. G. O. No. 820 of 1879,—*Tanjore*, 15th August 1879, from Bombay.

First Class Assistant Apothecary C. Archer G. G. O. No. 787 of 1879,—*Geelong*, 1st August 1879, from Bombay.

NAMES AND DESIGNATIONS.

No. 934—It is notified for general information that the designation of No. 1 Punjab Mountain Battery will in future be No. 1 (*Kohát*) Mountain Battery, and that of No. 2 Punjab Mountain Battery, No. 2 (*Deraját*) Mountain Battery.

PENSIONS.

No. 935—The undermentioned out-pensioner having been permitted to reside and draw his stipend in the Bengal Presidency, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—

Quartermaster Sergeant Nathaniel W. Bancroft, a pensioner from the Royal Horse Artillery,—*rate of pension*, 2s. 3d. per diem, paid up to 30th September 1879.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 936—In supersession of the scale laid down in G. G. O. No. 550 of 1868, the distribution of the Subordinate Medical Department for duty with British troops will be regulated by the following table:—

	Apothecary.	Assistant Apothecary.	Passed hospital apprentice.	Unpassed hospital apprentice.	Hospital assistant.
Regiment of cavalry or infantry or first class hill dépôt	1	1	1	1	1*
Division of Royal artillery†	1	...	1	1	1
Battery of Royal artillery or second class hill dépôt or company of Royal engineers	...	...	1	...	1‡

* For cavalry regiments only.

† Not exceeding seven in the Bengal command, three in Madras, and three in Bombay.

‡ For a detached battery of horse, field, heavy or mountain artillery.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 937—The services of the following officers are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for field service:—

Captain J. Dundas, v.c., R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Lieutenant E. S. E. Childers, R.E., Temporary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Branch.

Lieutenant A. H. Kenney, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

No. 938—The services of Captain G. F. O. Boughey, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, and Assistant Secretary to the Government, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief for field service.

No. 939—The services of Lieutenant E. W. Creswell, R.E., are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 940—The services of Surgeon S. Brereton, Indian Medical Service, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 22nd September 1879.

Under Clause 26 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department from 14th to 22nd September 1879:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
10th Hussars	... Lieutenant F. H. Harford ...	3rd March 1879.	Near Jellalabad.	Intestate.	

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates from 14th to 22nd September 1879.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
<i>British Military Service.</i>							
E. Allfrey (a)	Lieutenant	1st Battalion, 17th Foot.	13th May 1879.	Not known	130 10 2	...	...
G. M. Yaldwyn (b)	Ditto	2nd Battalion, 6th Foot.	12th June 1879.	Intestate	816 8 4	...	22nd November 1879.
A. R. Ancrum	Ditto	Royal Engineers.	17th July 1879.	Ditto ...	843 4 0	...	...
F. C. Clarke	Captain	Royal Artillery.	6th June 1879	Not known	1,525 4 6	...	22nd November 1879.
<i>Indian Military Service.</i>							
H. B. Rogers	Hospital Apprentice.	Subordinate Medical Department.	26th May 1879.	No will found.	72 15 10	...	Ditto.

(a)—*Next-of-kin*—Father, Henry Allfrey, Esq., Hunningford, Alveston, Stratford on Avon. Administrator General, Bengal, administering.

(b)—*Widow*—Mrs. Ellen Yaldwyn, care of Oriental Bank, Threadneedle Street, London.

H. A. SAWYER, Captain,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 26th September 1879.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

No. 66.—Mr. W. H. Crozier, 3rd Grade Officer, L.G.S. *Tenasserim*, to be 3rd Grade Officer, I.G.S. *Patrick Stewart*.

H. K. BURNE, Colonel,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Buildings and Roads Branch, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department for field service.

No. 375.—Mr. W. G. L. Cotton, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, Bengal, Irrigation Branch, is temporarily attached to the Public Works Department Secretariat during the absence of Captain J. Dundas, R.E., on field service, or until further orders.

The 25th September 1879.

No. 377.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 511, dated the 30th November 1877, the services of Lieutenant-Colonel C. S. Thomason, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 3rd Grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Provincial Branch, with effect from 1st October 1879.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 20th September 1879.

No. 374.—The services of Captain G. F. O. Boughey, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, and Assistant Secretary to the Government of

The 26th September 1879.

No. 378.—Mr. W. C. Hosking, Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, was transferred from the Punjab Northern to the Indus Valley State Railway.

No. 379.—Mr. J. C. Ledger, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, is, on return from leave, transferred to the Bhopal State Railway Survey.

No. 380.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignations of the under-mentioned officers under the terms of Resolution of the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 2079, dated the 31st July 1879, with effect from the dates on which they may be relieved of their duties, which will be notified in the local Gazettes:—

Bengal, Provincial.

Bond, F., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Gopal Chunder Mookerjee, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

McKennie, R.C., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

Bengal, Irrigation.

Kally Coomar Coondoo, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Irrigation.

Dubus, A., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Thatcher, W., „ „ „ 3rd „

Brown, P. H., Assistant Engineer, 1st „

Scott, T. W. „ „ „ 2nd „

Kanti Chunder Banerjee, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Punjab, Provincial.

Lyons, J. H., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Dupuis, G. H., „ „ „ 4th „

Punjab, Irrigation.

Vyse, G. W., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade.

No. 383.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Engineer Establishment attached to the Military Works Branch of the Public Works Department, with effect from 12th June 1879:—

Names.	Present Grade.	Grade to which promoted.	REMARKS.
Captain W. P. Tomkins, R.E. ...	Tempy. Executive Engineer, 1st.	Executive Engineer, 1st ...	Vice Colonel Dawson, S.C., retired.
Mr. G. W. Dodsworth ...	„ Executive Engineer, 2nd.	„ „ 2nd	
Captain W. G. Nicholson, R.E. ...	„ Executive Engineer, 3rd.	„ „ 3rd	
Captain J. E. Broadbent, R.E. ...	„ Executive Engineer, 4th.	„ „ 4th	
Lieutenant A. Hildebrand, R.E. ...	Assistant Engineer, 2nd.	Assistant Engineer, 1st	
Captain W. H. Pierson, R.E. ...	Executive Engineer, 2nd.	Tempy. Executive Engineer, 1st.	Vice officers confirmed above.
Captain J. T. Wright, R.E. ...	Executive Engineer, 3rd.	„ Executive Engineer, 2nd.	
Captain J. E. Broadbent, R.E. ...	Executive Engineer, 4th.	„ Executive Engineer, 3rd.	
Captain A. E. Ward, S.C. ...	Assistant Engineer, 1st.	„ Executive Engineer, 4th.	

British Burmah.

Oates, E. W., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

Hyderabad.

Reade, S. A., LL.D., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade.

Assam.

James, J., Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

State Railways.

Handcock, W. F. F., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade.

Steel, J., Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, temporary rank.

Byrne, E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Accounts Branch.

Trotter, R. H., Examiner, 2nd Class, 1st Grade, Central Provinces.

Harding, J. H., Examiner, 2nd Class, 1st Grade, Officiating Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bombay.

Robinson, J., Examiner, 2nd Class, 3rd Grade, Central India.

Higgins, A., Accountant, 1st Grade, and Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade, temporary rank, Public Works Accounts, Punjab.

Claxton, E., Deputy Examiner, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

No. 381.—Lieutenant F. B. G. D'Aguilar, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade (temporary rank), Military Works Branch, temporarily employed under the Agent, Governor General, Biluchistan, is confirmed in that grade, with effect from 17th January 1879.

No. 382.—*Erratum.*—The promotions made in Public Works Department Notification No. 287 of 11th July 1879, vice Mr. Eckstein, retired, are cancelled.

No. 384.—Major P. Lambert, R.E., Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for two months, under Chapter VII, Section 44 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may be relieved of his duties.

Captain H. S. F. Haynes, R.E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade (temporary rank), attached to the Office of the Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Calcutta, is appointed, as a temporary arrangement, to officiate as Examiner, during the absence on leave of Major Lambert, or until further orders.

No. 385.—Mr. W. F. Barrow, Assistant Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Madras, is transferred to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

This cancels that portion of Public Works Department Notification No. 351, dated 11th September 1879, transferring Mr. Barrow, temporarily, to Central India.

TELEGRAPH.

The 24th September 1879.

No. 376.—Mr. S. P. W. V. Luke, Assistant Superintendent, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent, 3rd Grade, with effect from 1st September 1879, during the absence of Mr. J. C. Douglas on privilege leave, or until further orders.

ALEX. FRASER, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

1st Section



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

N^o 40.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 1st October 1879.

No. 1814.—With reference to, and in modification of, the rules issued under "The Indian Arms Act, 1878," and published with Home Department Notification No. 518, dated the 6th March 1879, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that, so far as the district of Ajmer-Mérwára is concerned, the licenses referred to in Rules 1, 5, and 12 shall, in future, be granted under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

The 2nd October 1879.

No. 1818.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the inclusion of District Judges in Oudh, who are not Covenanted Civilians, in the second class of the graded list of civil offices not reserved for members of the Covenanted Civil Service, supple-

mentary to the Warrant of Precedence, which was published under Home Department Notification No. 2032, dated the 1st November 1877. District Judges in Oudh, therefore, who are not Covenanted Civilians, will henceforth take rank with officers entered as No. 72 in the Warrant of Precedence for India.

JUDICIAL.

The 1st October 1879.

No. 1141.—Under Section 5 of Act XVII of 1877, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. W. Smyth, of the Bengal Civil Service, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab, during the absence on furlough of the Hon'ble T. H. Thornton, D.C.L., C.S.I., or until further orders.

The 2nd October 1879.

No. 1145.—The Hon'ble W. Ainslie, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough for one year, with effect from the 20th October 1879, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

The 3rd October 1879.

No. 1150.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to extend so much of each enactment mentioned in Schedules I and II hereto annexed as is in force in those parts of the Presidency of Fort St. George which are not included in any Scheduled District to those portions of the Godavari District mentioned in the third column of the said Schedules.

SCHEDULE I.

Number and year of Regulation or Act.	S U B J E C T.	Portions of Godavari District to which extended.
ACT OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.		
I of 1877, Sections 2 and 9 ...	Possession of Immoveable property ...	Taluks of Bhadrachalam and Rakapilli and the country of Rampa.

SCHEDULE II.

Number and year of Regulation or Act.	S U B J E C T.	Portions of the Godavari District to which extended.
A.—ACT OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.		
XXIV of 1859 ...	Police ...	Taluks of Bhadrachalam and Rakapilli.
B.—MADRAS REGULATIONS.		
III of 1802 ...	Procedure of Civil Courts ...	
V of 1804 ...	Court of Wards ...	
II of 1806 ...	Collectors and Karnams ...	
IV of 1816 ...	Village Munsifs ...	
V of 1816 ...	Village Panchayats ...	
XI of 1816 ...	Duties of Heads of Villages: Maintenance of Peace by Magistrates.	
XII of 1816 ...	Reference of Claims to Land and Produce to Panchayats.	
VII of 1817 ...	Maintenance of Bridges, Choultries, &c.: Escheats.	
II of 1819 ...	State Prisoners ...	
IV of 1821 ...	Petty Thefts ...	
VII of 1828 ...	Powers of Subordinate and Assistant Collectors: Control of Collectors.	
VI of 1831 ...	Hereditary Village Officers ...	
X of 1831 ...	Prohibition of Sale of Minors' Estates for Arrears of Revenue.	
C.—MADRAS COUNCIL ACTS.		
II of 1864 ...	Recovery of Arrears of Revenue ...	
V of 1865 ...	(Amending Act XXIV of 1859) ...	
VI of 1865 ...	Official Seals ...	
VIII of 1865 ...	Recovery of Rent ...	
II of 1866 ...	Cattle disease ...	
III of 1869 ...	Empowering Revenue Officers to summon Witnesses.	
I of 1870 ...	Canal Tolls and Ferries ...	
II of 1871 ...	Explaining Madras Act VIII of 1865, Section 11, Clause 4.	
I of 1872 ...	Police: to amend Section 48, Act XXIV of 1859.	
IV of 1878 ...	To amend Madras Act I of 1870 ...	

Taluks of Bhadrachalam and Rakapilli.

Taluks of Bhadrachalam and Rakapilli.

No. 1151.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 3 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to declare that so much of each enactment mentioned in Schedules I and II hereto annexed, as is in force in those parts of the Presidency of Fort St. George which are not included in any Scheduled District, is in force likewise in the portions of the Godavari District mentioned in the third column of the said Schedules.

2. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the operation of any enactment in force in the above portions of the Godavari District and not mentioned in the said Schedules.

SCHEDULE I.

Number and year of Regulation or Act.	S U B J E C T.	Portion of the Godavari District in which declared to be in force.
ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.		
XIX of 1841	Curators in Cases of Succession	
XVIII of 1850	Protection of Judicial Officers	
XXXVI of 1858	Lunatic Asylums	
XXVII of 1860	Collection of Debts on Succession	
IX of 1861	Minors	
XV of 1869	Evidence of Prisoners	
		Taluks of Bhadrachalam and Rakapilli and the country of Rampa.

SCHEDULE II.

Number and year of Regulation or Act.	S U B J E C T.	Portion of the Godavari District in which declared to be in force.
A.—MADRAS REGULATIONS.		
III of 1802	Procedure of Civil Courts	
V of 1804	Court of Wards	
II of 1806	Collectors and Karnams	
IV of 1816	Village Munsifs	
V of 1816	Village Panchayats	
XI of 1816	Duties of Heads of Villages: Maintenance of Peace by Magistrates.	
XII of 1816	Reference of Claims to Land and Produce to Panchayats.	
VII of 1817	Maintenance of Bridges, Choultries, &c.: Escheats.	Country of Rampa.
II of 1819	State Prisoners	
IV of 1821	Petty Thefts	
VII of 1828	Powers of Subordinate and Assistant Collectors: Control of Collectors.	
VI of 1831	Hereditary Village Officers	
X of 1831	Prohibition of Sale of Minors' Estates for Arrears of Revenue.	
B.—MADRAS COUNCIL ACTS.		
II of 1864	Recovery of Arrears of Revenue	
VI of 1865	Official Seals	
VIII of 1865	Recovery of Rent	
III of 1869	Empowering Revenue Officers to summon Witnesses.	
I of 1870	Canal Tolls and Ferries	
II of 1871	Explaining Madras Act VIII of 1865, Section 11, Clause 4.	Country of Rampa.
I of 1872	Police	
IV of 1878	To amend Madras Act I of 1870	

No. 1152.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 3 of Act XIV of 1874 (the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874), and in supersession of Home Department Notification No. 1111, dated the 22nd August 1878 (Judicial), the Chief Commissioner of Assam is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to declare that the enactments mentioned in the Schedules hereto

annexed, are in force in the district of Sylhet, in the Chief Commissionership of Assam, to the extent mentioned in the third column to the said Schedules respectively.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the operation of any enactment in force in the district of Sylhet and not mentioned in the said Schedules.

S C H E D U L E I.

Acts of the Governor General in Council.

Number and year of Act.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
XXVI, 1836	Governor General's Camp Police.	
IV, 1837	Power to acquire land.	
XXV, 1838	Wills executed before 1st January 1866.	
XXIX, 1839	Dower when marriage was contracted before 1st January 1866.	
XXX, "	Inheritance where descent took place before 1st January 1866.	
XXXII, "	Interest.	
VI, 1840	Bills of exchange.	
X, 1841	Registration of ships.	
XI, "	Military Courts of Requests.	
XIX, "	Curators in cases of successions.	
IX, 1842	Lease and release.	
XII, "	Military bazars.	
V, 1843	Slavery.	
XX, 1847	Copyright.	
V, 1850	Coasting trade.	
XI, "	Navigation laws.	
XII, "	Default of public accountants.	
XVIII, "	Protection of judicial officers.	
XIX, "	Binding of apprentices.	
XXI, "	Non-forfeiture of rights by loss of caste.	
XXXIV, "	State prisoners.	
XXXVII, "	Inquiries into the behaviour of public servants.	
XXX, 1852	Naturalization of aliens.	
XXXIII, "	Enforcement of Judgments of Charter Courts and Military Courts of Requests.	
II, 1853	Burdens on land.	
XXXI, 1854	Barring entails, conveyances by married women.	
XI, 1855	Mesne profits and improvements.	
XII, "	Executors and administrators.	
XIII, "	Compensation for loss occasioned by death caused by actionable wrong.	
XXIII, "	Administration of mortgaged estates in cases of descents occurring, or devises made, before the 1st January 1866.	
XXIV, "	Penal servitude.	
XXVIII, "	Interest.	
IX, 1856	Bills of lading.	
XI, "	Desertion by European soldiers.	
XV, "	Marriage of Hindu widows.	
XI, 1857	Offences against the State.	
XXV, "	Forfeiture by mutineers.	
III, 1858	State prisoners.	
XXXV, "	Estates of lunatics not subject to jurisdiction of Supreme Courts.	
XXXVI, "	Lunatic Asylums.	
I, 1859	Merchant seamen.	
III,	Cantonment Joint Magistrates.	
IX, "	Sections 16, 17, 18, and 20. Forfeitures.	
XV, "	Patents.	
XXI, 1860	Registration of Societies.	
XXVII, "	Collection of debts on successions.	
IX, 1861	Minors.	
III, 1862	Government seal.	
XVI, 1863	Excise duty payable on spirits used in arts and manufactures.	
XXIII, "	Claims to waste lands.	

So much of these enactments as was in force on the 1st January 1875 in those parts of Bengal not included in any Scheduled district, and has not been repealed by any enactment extending to the Chief Commissionership of Assam.

Number and year of Act.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
XXXI, 1863 ...	<i>Gazette of India.</i>	
III, 1864 ...	Foreigners.	
VI, " ...	Whipping.	
III, 1865 ...	Common carriers.	
XI, " ...	Mofussil Courts of Small Causes.	
XV, " ...	Marriage and Divorce among Parsees.	
XXI, " ...	Intestate succession among Parsees.	
V, 1866 ...	Bills of exchange, commercial law.	
X, " ...	Companies.	
XXI, " ...	Dissolution of marriages of native converts.	
XXVIII, " ...	Trustees' and mortgagees' powers.	
XXV, 1867 ...	Printing presses, &c.	
XV, 1869 ...	Evidence of Prisoners.	
I, 1870 ...	Quarantine.	

SCHEDULE II.

A.—*Bengal Regulations.*

Number and year of Regulation.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
I, 1793 ...	Declaration of Permanent Settlement.	
II, " ...	Duties of Collectors and their Subordinates.	
VIII, " ...	Powers of Board of Revenue.	
XI, " ...	Rules for decennial settlement.	
XIX, " ...	Native laws of Inheritance to revenue-paying lands.	
XXXVII, " ...	Title to lands exempt from revenue.	
XXXVIII, " ...	Title to lands exempt from revenue under Badshahi grants.	
XLVIII, " ...	Prohibition of loans by covenanted officers to landholders.	
III, 1794 ...	Quinquennial Register of revenue-paying lands.	
XV, 1797 ...	Collection of land revenue. Embezzlement by tahsildars.	
I, 1798 ...	Revenue record-fees.	
V, 1799 ...	Conditional sales of land.	
VIII, 1800 ...	Wills and intestacies of Natives.	
I, 1801 ...	Pergunnah land registers. Mutations.	
X, 1804 ...	Collection of land revenue sales for arrears of revenue.	
XI, 1806 ...	Courts martial.	
XVII, " ...	Passage of troops.	
XIX, 1810 ...	Mortgages and conditional sales.	
XX, " ...	Religious endowments and escheats.	
XI, 1811 ...	Military Bazars.	
V, 1812 ...	Butwara frauds.	
XI, " ...	Collection of land revenue.	
XIX, 1814 ...	Foreign emigrants.	
XX, 1817 ...	Butwaras.	
III, 1818 ...	Village watchmen and police.	
II, 1819 ...	State prisoners.	
IV, 1821 ...	Resumption.	
III, 1822 ...	Assistant Collectors.	
XI, " ...	Board of Revenue.	
VI, 1823 ...	Sales of land for arrears of revenue. Liability of Government.	
VII, " ...	Indigo.	
VI, 1825 ...	Loans by Covenanted Civil Servants.	
IX, " ...	Supplies to troops.	
XI, " ...	Extending Regulation VII, 1822, and amending settlement and resumption laws.	
XIII, " ...	Alluvion and diluvion.	
	Settlement of resumed la-khiraj land.	

Number and year of Regulation.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
XIV, 1825 ...	Authority to confirm la-khiraj tenures.	
XX, " ...	Military Courts of Requests and Courts Martial.	
III, 1827 ...	Extortion by ministerial officers.	
V, " ...	Attachment of estates by Civil Courts.	
III, 1828 ...	Special Resumption Commissioners.	
IV, " ...	Settlement.	
I, 1829 ...	Commissioners.	
XVII, " ...	Sati.	
V, 1830 ...	Indigo.	
IX, 1833 ...	Deputy Collectors.	So much of these enactments as was in force on the 1st January 1875 in those parts of Bengal not included in any Scheduled district, and has not been repealed by any enactment extending to the Chief Commissionership of Assam.

B.—*Acts of the Governor General in Council.*

Number and year of Act.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
X, 1836 ...	Indigo Contracts.	
XX, " ...	Butwaras.	
XXI, " ...	Creating Zilas.	
XI, 1838 ...	Remuneration of Amins.	
XII, 1841 ...	Sales of land for revenue arrears.	
IX, 1847 ...	Assessment of new lands.	
XX, 1848 ...	Attendance before Collectors.	
XLIV, 1850 ...	Board of Revenue.	
XIX, 1853 ...	Evidence.	
XII, 1856 ...	Civil Court Amins.	
XXI, 1856 ...	Abkari.	
XIII, 1857 ...	Opium.	
XXXI, 1858 ...	Alluvion.	
XL, " ...	Minors.	
XI, 1859 ...	Sales of land for arrears of revenue.	
XXIII, 1860 ...	Abkari.	
VI, 1871 ...	Civil Courts.	So much of these enactments as was in force on the 1st January 1875 in those parts of Bengal not included in any Scheduled district, and has not been repealed by any enactment extending to the Chief Commissionership of Assam.

C.—*Bengal Council Acts.*

Number and year of Act.	Subject.	Extent to which in force.
III, 1862 ...	Amending Act XI, 1859.	
VII, " ...	Repealing Section 30, Regulation II, 1819.	
VIII, " ...	Zemindari Dâk.	
VII, 1864 ...	Salt.	
VIII, 1865 ...	Sale of transferable under-tenures.	
III, 1868 ...	Amending Regulation VII, 1822.	
IV, " ...	Amending Act IX, 1847.	
VII, " ...	Amending Act XI, 1859.	
V, 1869 ...	Courts of Session.	
IV, 1870 ...	Court of Wards.	
I, 1873 ...	Salt.	
III, " ...	Amending Act XXI of 1856.	So much of these enactments as was in force on the 1st January 1875 in those parts of Bengal not included in any Scheduled district, and has not been repealed by any enactment extending to the Chief Commissionership of Assam.
I, 1874 ...		
VI, 1873 ...	Embankments.	

POLICE.

The 30th September 1879.

No. 301.—Mr. T. F. Fforde, District Superintendent of Police, 5th Grade, in British Burma, to be District Superintendent of Police, 4th Grade, *vice* Mr. R. Redpath, deceased :

Lieutenant F. W. Snell, Assistant Superintendent of Police, to be District Superintendent of Police, 5th Grade, *vice* Mr. Fforde :

Moung Shwe Kyee is confirmed in the appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Police, *vice* Lieutenant Snell.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 177, dated the 16th June last.

PORT BLAIR.

The 3rd October 1879.

No. 207.—Assistant Surgeon Rajendro Chundra Mittra assumed charge of his duties as third medical officer at Port Blair and the Nicobars on the forenoon of the 4th ultimo.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 3rd October 1879.

No. 313.—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has appointed the Reverend Robert John Langford, M.A., and the Reverend Theophilus John Rawson, M.A., to be Junior Chaplains on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, to fill the vacancies caused by the death of the Reverend W. J. Hunt and of the Reverend E. G. Davis.

Mr. Langford's appointment will take effect from the 22nd September 1879.

No. 314.—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has granted a further extension of leave on medical certificate for three months to the Reverend B. Sharp, B.A., Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment.

No. 316.—Reverend K. E. Barrow, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 6th instant, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

PATENTS.

The 30th September 1879.

No. 68.—Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act XV of 1859, in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department. Copies have been sent to one of the Secretaries to each of the Governments of Bengal, Fort St. George, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces. A copy of every specification is open, at all reasonable hours, at the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department at the Presidency, to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 15 of 1879.—Richard Olpherts, of Ardee, Ireland, Esquire, for improvements in the manufacture, pressing and cutting of indigo, and in the apparatus employed therein.

No. 20 of 1879.—Karl Moeller, of Kupferhammer, near Brackwede, Westphalia, in the German Empire, for a new or improved construction of floating weir.

No. 37 of 1879.—Harrison Aydon, of Whitton, near Hounslow, in the County of Middlesex, England, Civil Engineer, for improvements in manufacturing ice, and cooling air for ventilation, and other purposes in producing anhydrous liquid ammonia, either from crude material or from a saturated solution of N. H. 3, and apparatus for these purposes.

No. 38 of 1879.—Archibald McDougall McRae, of Bubnowlie Indigo Factory, Gorakhpur, for a convertible agricultural implement to be used either as a cultivator, harrow or drill.

No. 41 of 1879.—William Stewart Cather, C.E., tea planter of Borkolah, Mungledye, Tea Company, Limited, Assam; for a battery for firing tea.

No. 48 of 1879.—Joshua Siddeley and John Siddeley, coppersmiths, and Frederick Noel Mackay, Engineer, all of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, England, for improvements in the manufacture of ice, and production of cold, and in apparatus and appliances therefor.

No. 49 of 1879.—George Smith, of Kent Lodge, Lewisham, High road, Kent, Gentleman, for improvements in machines for shelling, cleaning and polishing rice, and other grains and seeds.

No. 50 of 1879.—Enoch Hird, of Bolton, in the County of Lancaster, England, cotton-doubler, for improvements in the construction of apparatus for spinning, twisting and doubling cotton or other fibrous materials.

No. 51 of 1879.—Andrew Lyle, Foreman Engineer's Work-shop, and Permanent-way Inspector, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, residing at Poona, Bombay Presidency, India, for compensating the expansion and contraction of Railway Semaphore signal and other wires called signal wire compensator.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India,

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 3rd October 1879.

No. 1314 G.-P.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. L. deSt. Hilaire as Consular Agent for France at Chittagong.

GENERAL.

The 2nd October 1879.

No. A.-573.—Lieutenant H. L. Ramsay, Bengal Staff Corps, is appointed temporarily Political Assistant on the Staff of Major-General Sir F. S. Roberts, K.C.B., V.C., Commanding the Kuram Field Force, with effect from the 29th September.

The 26th September 1879.

No. 1869 G.-G.—The services of Captain O'Moore Creagh, Adjutant of the Mhairwarra Battalion, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

The 1st October 1879.

No. 1886 G.-G.—The services of Major F. H. T. Gordon Cumming, Officiating 2nd-in-Command of the Meywar Bheel Corps, and 2nd Assistant to the Political Agent, Meywar, are placed at the

disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties.

The 3rd October 1879.

No. 1909 G.-G.—Lieutenant T. Hope is appointed to be Junior Attaché in the Foreign Department, and to officiate as Senior Attaché, with effect from the 30th September 1879, *vice* Lieutenant Ramsay.

No. 1913 G.-G.—In supersession of Foreign Department Notification No. 1179G., dated 28th May 1879, it is hereby notified that Lieutenant-Colonel J. Browne, R.E., ceased to be employed on special political duty on the 16th May 1879, and reverted on that date to his substantive appointment in the Public Works Department in Biluchistan.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. deBourbel, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Grade, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, has been appointed to officiate in charge of the Public Works in Biluchistan, with effect from the afternoon of the 27th February 1879, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Browne.

No. 1916 G.-G.—Major T. Cadell, v.c., is appointed to officiate as Commandant of the Erinpura Irregular Force and Political Agent for the States of Jodhpur, Jesalmer, and Serohi.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. K. M. Walter, on furlough, is posted as Political Agent at Oodeypore, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Captain D. W. K. Barr, Officiating Political Agent, 2nd Class, and Political Agent, Jodhpur, is posted as First Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, *vice* Mr. Fitzgerald.

Mr. J. R. Fitzgerald, c.s., Officiating Political Agent, 3rd Class, is posted as Assistant to the Resident and Assistant to the General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity in Hyderabad.

Lieutenant M. J. Meade, Officiating Political Assistant, 3rd Class, is transferred to Indore as Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Central India.

No. 1924 G.-G.—*Appointments.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. F. Kincaid, on furlough, to be Political Agent, Bhopawar, and Commandant, Malwa Bheel Corps.

Colonel W. C. Lester, Officiating Political Agent, Bhopawar, to be Cantonment Magistrate at Mhow.

Major E. Temple, on furlough, to be Cantonment Magistrate at Nasirabad.

Major H. M. B. Burlton, to be Assistant Cantonment Magistrate at Morar.

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th October 1879.

No. 3135.—*Money in the Public Treasuries, and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches, on the last day of August 1879, with the corresponding figures on the same date in 1878 and 1877:*

			Rs.
1877	...	...	11,25,58,668
1878	...	...	12,98,67,590
1879	...	...	15,62,44,910

No. 3136.—*Remittances to the Home Treasury, 1879-80:*

	£	Rs.	Average rate.	Loss compared with outturn at an exchange of 2s. the rupee.
Estimated for the whole year.	15,000,000	18,95,20,000	1 7	3,95,20,000
In September 1879 ...	1,144,682	1,38,58,538	1 7'83	24,11,718
To end of September 1879.	6,548,598	7,99,52,050	1 7'66	1,44,66,079

No. 3137.—*Gross Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimates for the year 1879-80.*

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			SEVEN SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND SIX MONTHS' PASS DUTY ON OPIUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.		
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.
Bengal	Rs. 52,00,000	Rs. 55,69,282	Rs. 3,69,282	Rs. 3,64,00,000	Rs. 3,98,49,320	Rs. 34,49,320
Bombay	20,21,000	24,68,850	4,47,850	1,31,71,000	1,35,64,950	3,93,950
TOTAL ...	72,21,000	80,38,132	8,17,132	4,95,71,000	5,34,14,270	38,43,270

No. 3124.—Mr. Edward Gay, M.A., received charge of the Offices of Accountant General and Commissioner of the Department of Issue of Government Paper Currency, Bombay, on the 25th September 1879.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.